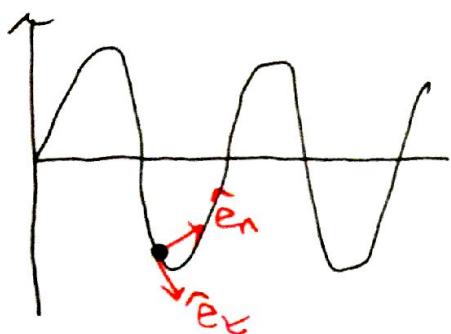


8 MAY 2015

Prairie Learn 8-14 - "easy way"



$$m = 6 \text{ kg}$$

$$y(x) = 2 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}x\right)$$

$$x = 3, \text{ speed } v = 2, \dot{v} = 5$$

moving to RIGHT

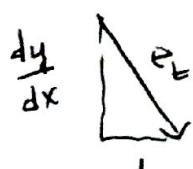
Find force of wire on the particle:

Method of Assumed Motion)

$$\text{position } \vec{r}(x) = x(t) \hat{i} + y(t) \hat{j}$$

$$= x \hat{i} + 2 \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}x\right) \hat{j}$$

tang / norm coordinates :  
at current position



$$\hat{e}_t = \hat{i} + 2 \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cos\left(\frac{3}{2}x\right) \hat{j}$$

$$= \left( \hat{i} + 3 \cos\left(\frac{9}{2}\right) \hat{j} \right) / \sqrt{1 + 9 \cos^2\left(\frac{9}{2}\right)}$$

$$\hat{e}_n = (-3 \cos\left(\frac{9}{2}\right) \hat{i} + \hat{j}) / \sqrt{1 + 9 \cos^2\left(\frac{9}{2}\right)}$$

$$\vec{v} = v \hat{e}_t = \dot{s} \hat{e}_t \quad \dot{s} = 2 \text{ (given)}$$

$$\vec{a} = \ddot{s} \hat{e}_t + \frac{\dot{s}^2}{\rho} \hat{e}_n \quad \ddot{s} = \dot{v} = 5 \text{ (given)}$$

still need  $\rho = \text{radius of curvature of path}$

$$\rho = \left| \frac{\left(1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2\right)^{3/2}}{\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)} \right|$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= 3 \cos\left(\frac{3}{2}x\right) = 3 \cos\left(\frac{9}{2}\right) \\ \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} &= -\frac{9}{2} \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}x\right) = -\frac{9}{2} \sin\left(\frac{9}{2}\right)\end{aligned}$$

↓  
at  $x = 3$

$$\Rightarrow \rho = 0.3765 \text{ meters}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Thus } \vec{a} &= \ddot{s} \hat{e}_t + \frac{\dot{s}^2}{\rho} \hat{e}_n \\ &= \ddot{s} \left( \frac{\hat{i} + 3 \cos\left(\frac{9}{2}\right) \hat{j}}{1.18318} \right) + \frac{\dot{s}^2}{\rho} \left( \frac{-3 \cos\left(\frac{9}{2}\right) \hat{i} + \hat{j}}{1.18318} \right) \\ &= \frac{\hat{i}}{1.18318} \left[ \ddot{s} - \frac{3 \dot{s}^2}{\rho} \cos\left(\frac{9}{2}\right) \right] + \frac{\hat{j}}{1.18318} \left[ 3 \ddot{s} \cos\left(\frac{9}{2}\right) + \frac{\dot{s}^2}{\rho} \right] \\ &= (11.7179 \hat{i} + 7.46116 \hat{j}) / (1.18318)\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Total Force on Particle } \vec{F} = \vec{F}_g + \vec{F}_w$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{F} &= m \vec{a} \\ \vec{F}_g + \vec{F}_w &= 6(11.7179 \hat{i} + 7.46116 \hat{j}) / (1.18318) \\ -6(9.8 \hat{j}) + \vec{F}_w &= [6(11.7179 \hat{i}) + 6(7.46116 \hat{j})] / 1.18318 \\ \boxed{\vec{F}_w &= 59.4225 \hat{i} + 96.6361 \hat{j}}\end{aligned}$$