

Name: _____

Group members: _____

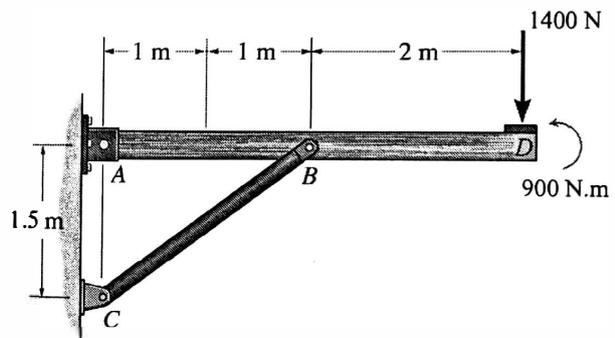
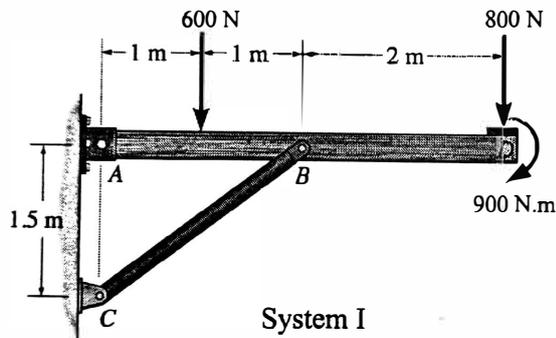
TAM 210/211 - Worksheet 6

Objectives:

- Obtain resultant forces and moments for equivalent systems.
- Evaluate distributed loadings intensities.

Equivalent systems

1) The overhanging beam is supported by a pin at A and the strut BC. Show that the loading conditions below are equivalent by replacing the loadings by a single resultant force and a moment at A.



$$\sum F_R = -600\hat{j} - 800\hat{j} = (-1400\hat{j})\text{ N}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_R &= -900\hat{k} - 600(1)\hat{k} - 800(4)\hat{k} \\ &= (-4700\hat{k})\text{ N}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{M}_{RA} &= d(-1400)\hat{k} = -4700\hat{k} \\ \Rightarrow d &= 3.36\text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

$$F_R = -1400\hat{j}\text{ N @ } d = 3.36\text{ m}$$

$$M_R = (-4700\hat{k})\text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\sum F_R = -1400\hat{j}\text{ N}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_R &= -1400(4) + 900 \\ &= -4700\text{ N}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_{RA} \Rightarrow d(-1400) &= -4700\hat{k} \\ d &= 3.36\text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

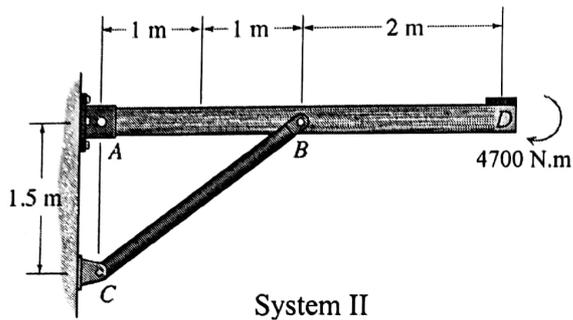
$$F_R = -1400\hat{j}\text{ N @ } d = 3.36\text{ m}$$

$$M_R = (-4700)\hat{k}\text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

1

As both F_R & M_R are equal, the systems are equivalent.

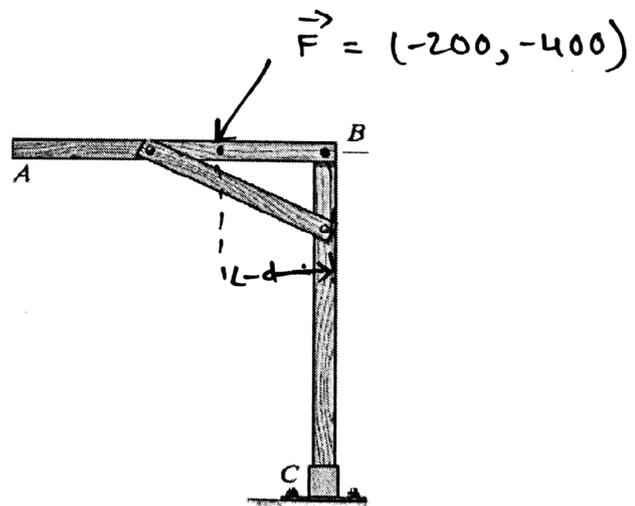
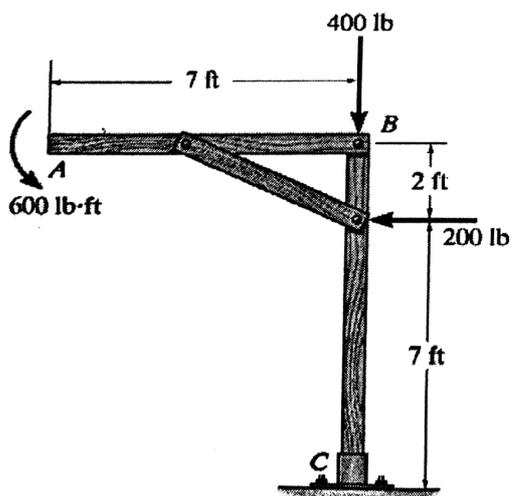
2) Is the loading condition in System II equivalent to the ones above? Explain.



NO

Reason: though moment about A is the same for both the case F_R is not.

3) Replace the force system acting on the left frame below by a single resultant force acting on member AB. Sketch your equivalent system on the right frame.



$$F_R = \langle -200, 400 \rangle \text{ lb}$$

$$M_R = 600 + (200)(7) = 2000 \text{ lb-ft}$$

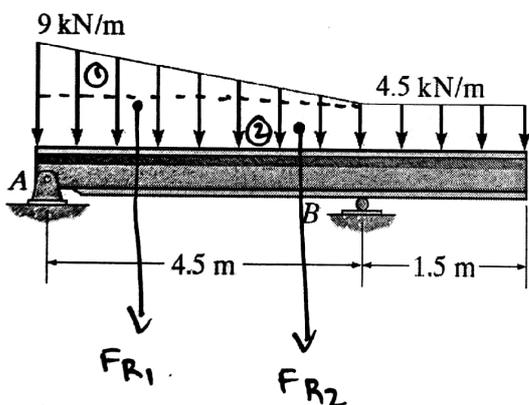
$$M_C = 200(7) + 400(d) = 2000 \text{ lb-ft}$$

$$d = 0.5 \text{ ft}$$

Work space for Problem 3.

Reduction of distributed loads

4) Determine the resultant force and specify where it acts on the beam measured from end A.



$$\vec{F}_R = \vec{F}_{R1} + \vec{F}_{R2} = -\frac{1}{2}(4.5)(4.5) - 6(4.5) = -37.125 \hat{j} \text{ kN}$$

$$\vec{M}_A = -F_{R1}\left(\frac{4.5}{3}\right) - F_{R2}\left(\frac{6}{2}\right) = -10.125(1.5) - 27(3)$$

$$\vec{M}_A = -96.1875 \text{ kN-m} = d(F_R) = d(-37.125)$$

$$\Rightarrow d = 2.59 \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{F}_R = -37.125 \hat{j} \text{ kN} \quad @ \quad d = 2.59 \text{ m}$$

$d \equiv$ distance from (A).