

A photograph of a rocket launch in a desert landscape. A tall, silver, lattice-structured launch tower stands in the center. A rocket is being launched from the tower, with a large plume of white smoke and a bright orange flame at the base. To the left of the tower, there is a red windsock on a pole. In the foreground, there are some blue and white containers and a person standing near the base of the tower. The background shows a vast, flat desert plain with sparse vegetation, and in the distance, a range of mountains with a prominent snow-capped peak under a clear blue sky.

Positioning System

Team 5 - ECE 445

5 May 2025



Abstract

Problem

- Need a way to measure position in extreme environments
- Illinois Space Society attempting to be one of the first student teams to reach space

Solution

- Ground based radio network pings roaming object
- Perform trilateration with 3 unique 1D distances
"Like GPS without the satellites"

Advantages

- Less reliance on GPS (*Potentially none*)
- Novel redundant tracking solution
- High theoretical tracking speeds (*Mach 5*)



Applications

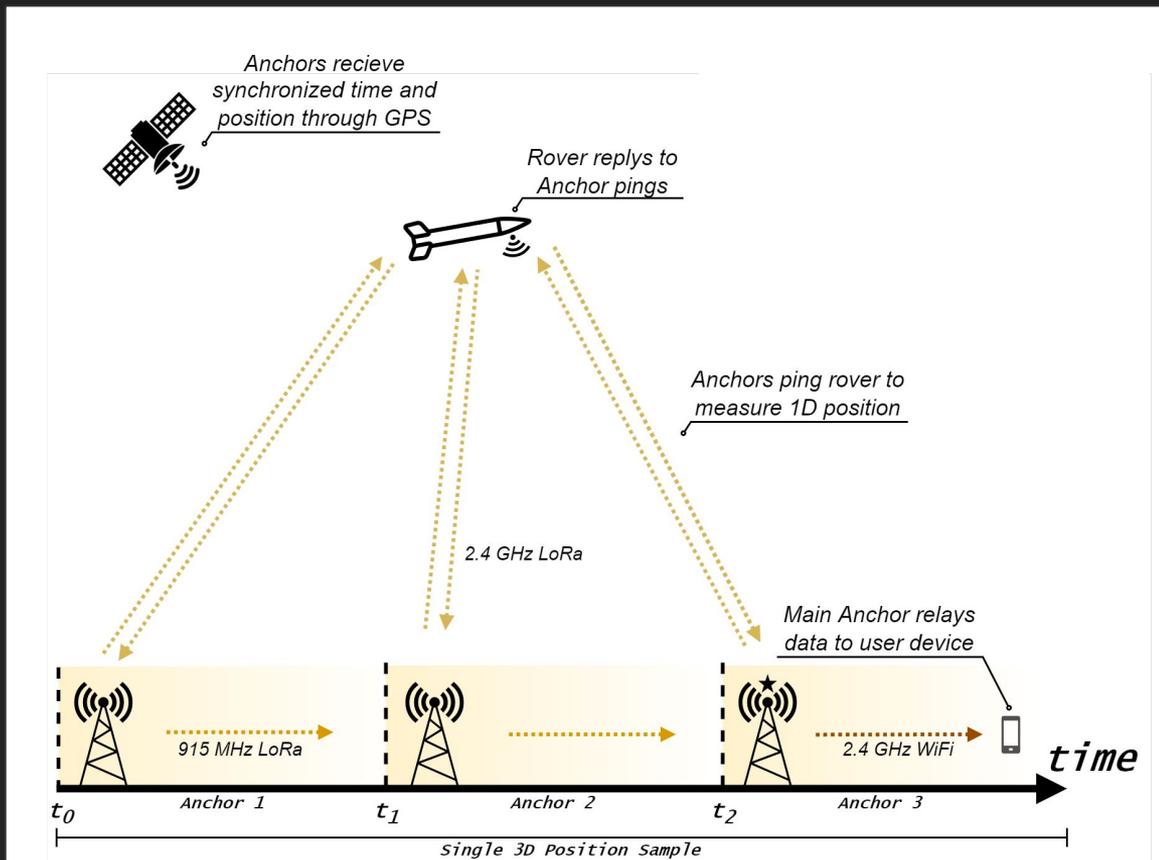
- Warehouse automation
- Drones and autonomous vehicles
- Sports ball tracking
- Aerospace



Concept Of Operations

High Level Requirement Summary

- I. Perform trilateration of a Rover
- II. Communicate between two Anchors
- III. Publish data to a local WiFi webpage



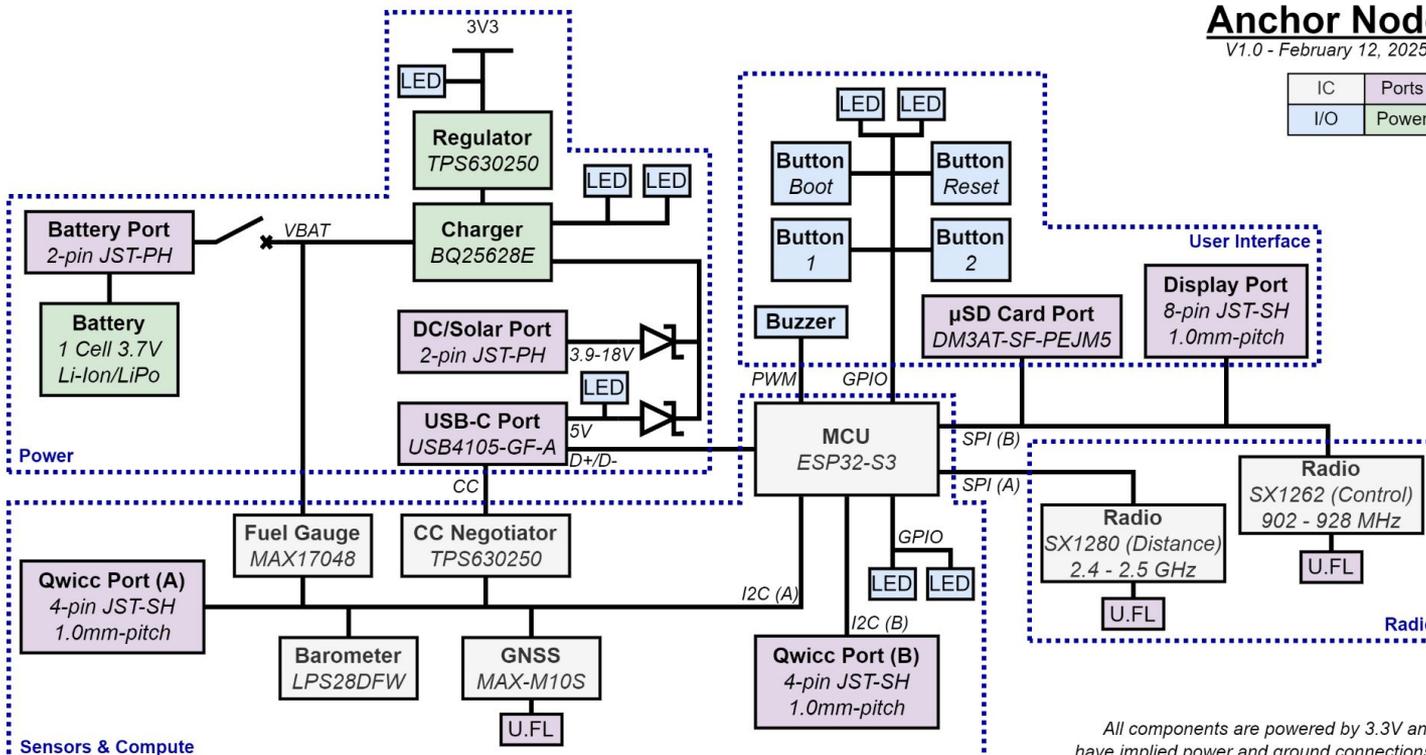


Block Diagram: Anchor

Anchor Node

V1.0 - February 12, 2025

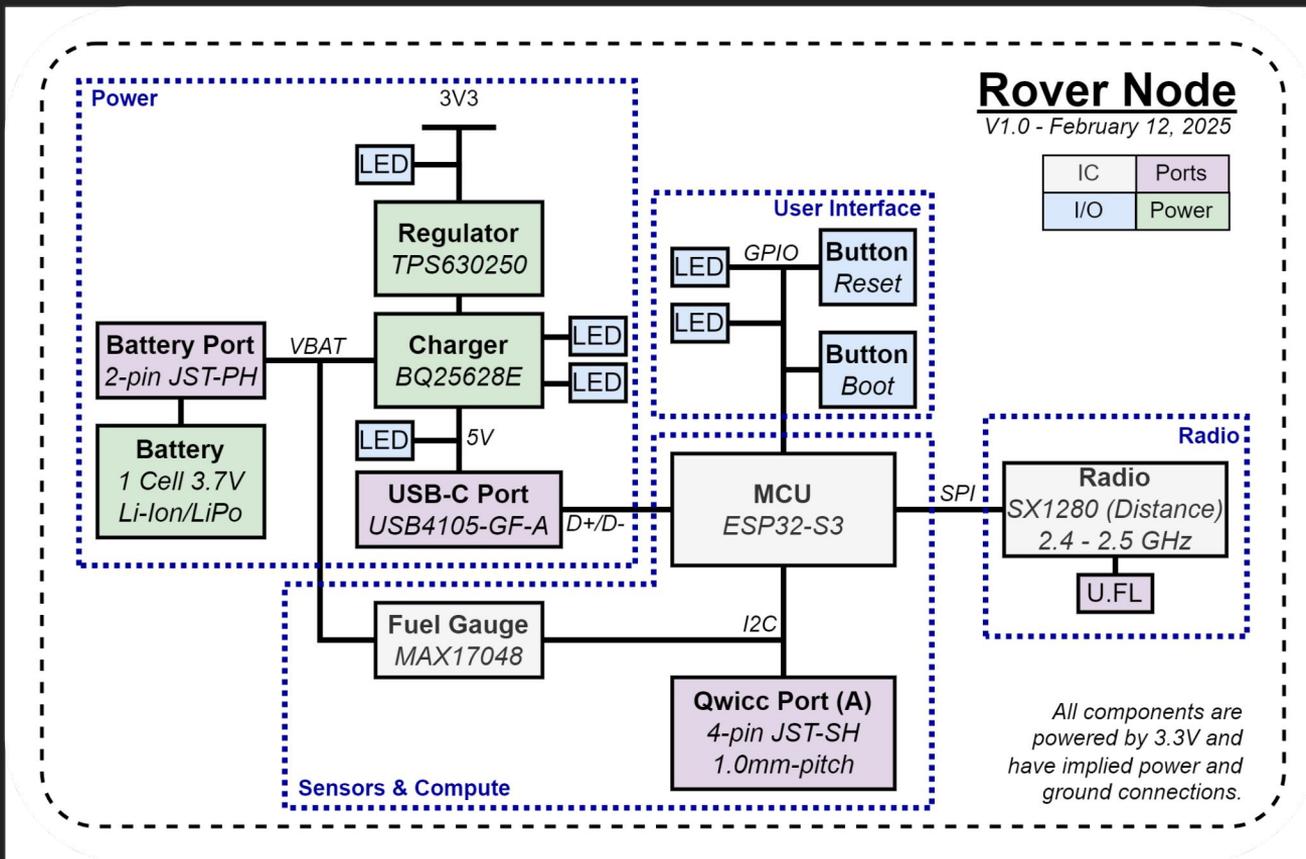
IC	Ports
I/O	Power



All components are powered by 3.3V and have implied power and ground connections.



Block Diagram: Rover





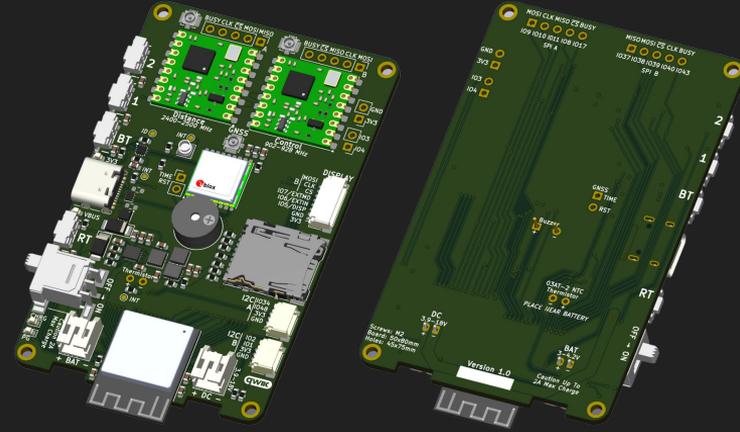
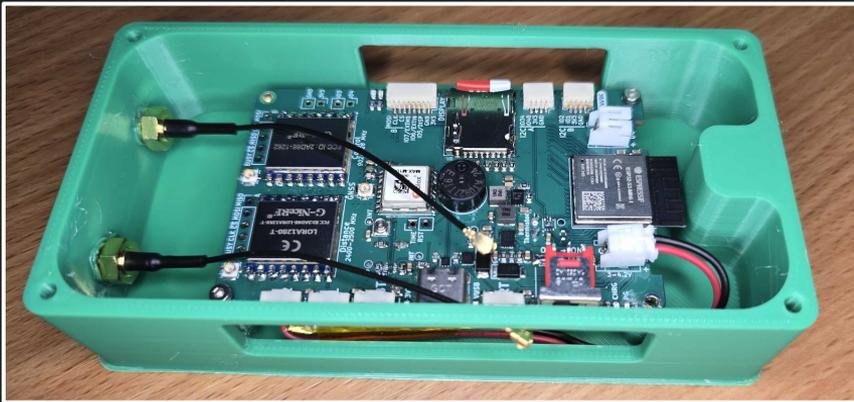
PCBs

Anchor

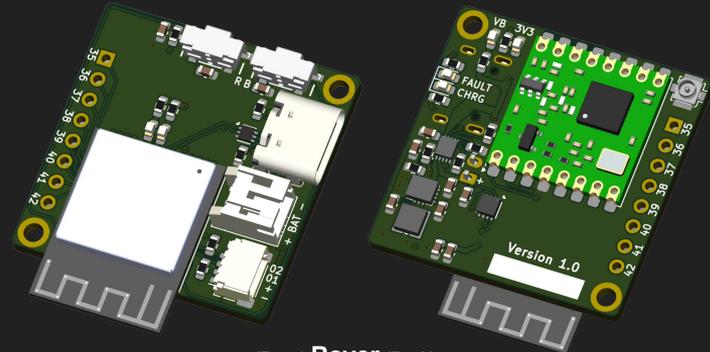
- 4 Layer, 0603
- F.Cu populate only for easy assembly

Rover

- 4 Layer, 0603
- Both sides populated for space savings



(Front) Anchor (Back)



(Front) Rover (Back)



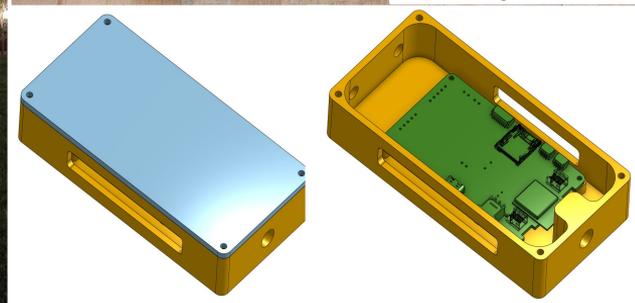
Mechanical Integration

Case

- Battery
- Anchor Node
- SMA to U.FL Adapters
- GPS Ceramic Patch Antenna
- 3/16" Thread for Tripod
- Full access to all ports

Tripods

- Easy field deployment
- Compact yet tall (*7 feet*)





Design Changes

PCB

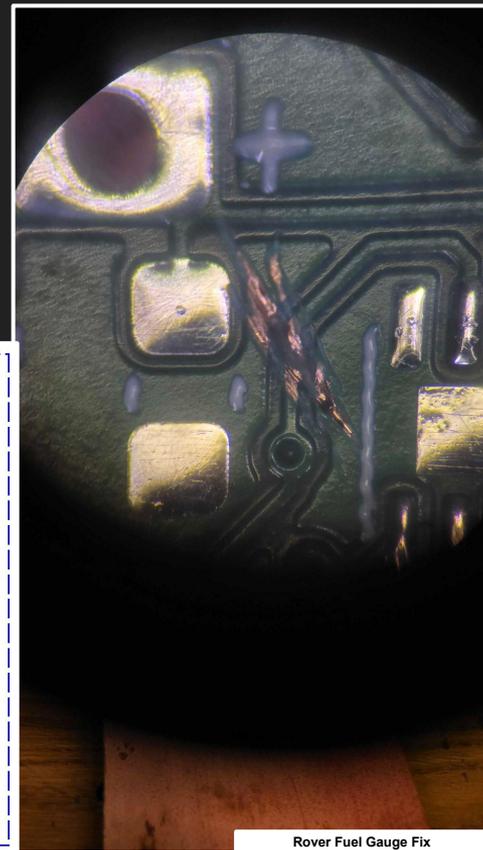
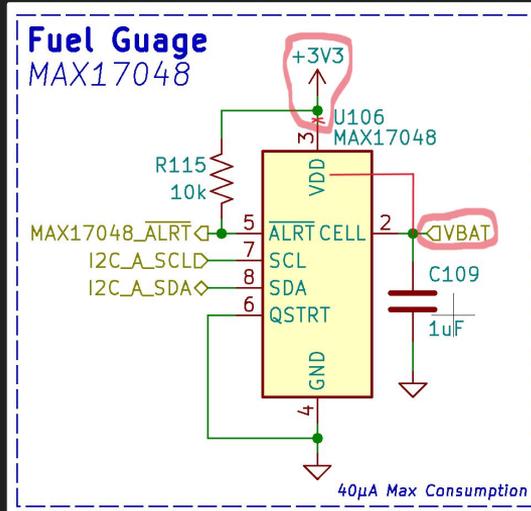
- Descoped USB-C PD negotiation chip (*Not needed*)
- Fuel gauge connected to 3.3V instead of VBAT (*Wrong*)

RF

- Switch to directional antennas for ranging

Software

- Went with Arduino framework (*Faster development*)

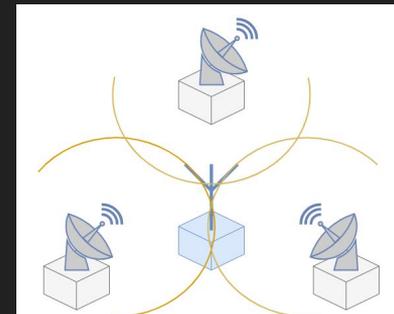




Software Integration

FreeRTOS:

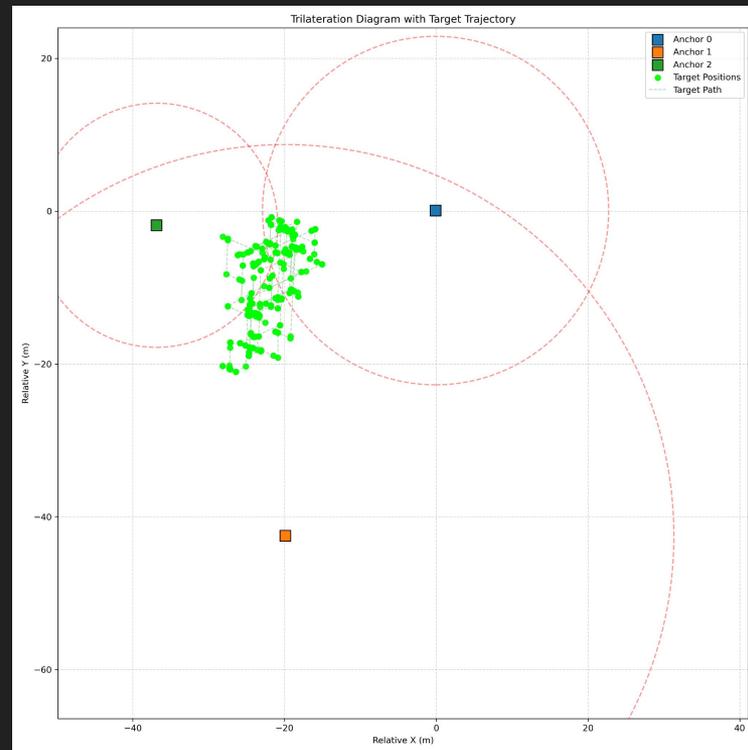
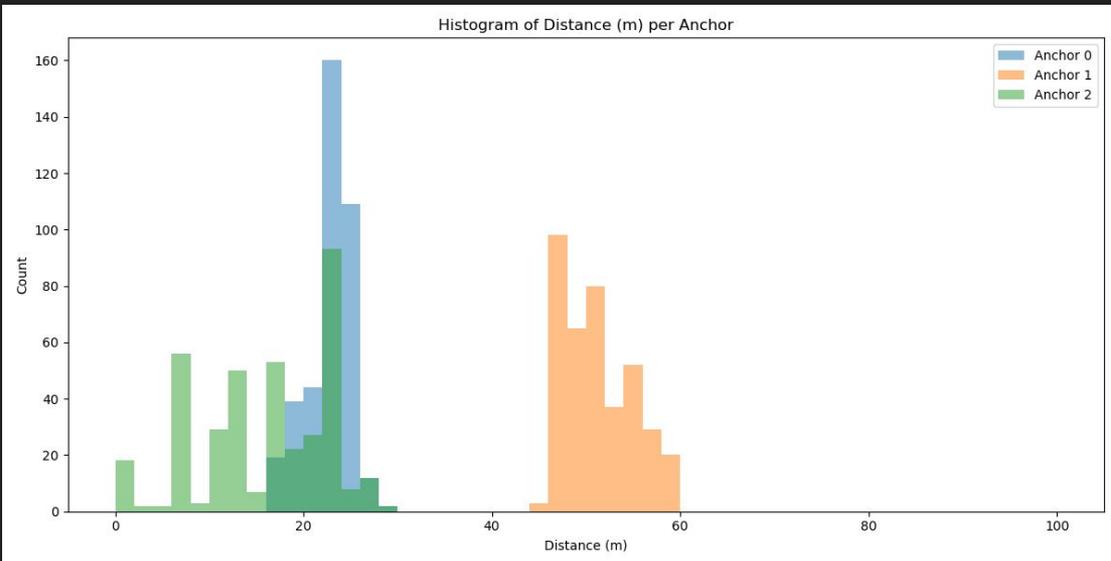
Real-Time Operating System enables our system to integrate complex tasks that meet our High Level Requirements:



High Level Requirements	Software Implementation
I. Perform trilateration of a Rover	I. C++ application that performs filtering methods (kalman filter + outlier removal) on sensor readings and least squares to approximate Rover position
I. Communicate between two Anchors	I. Implement strict, millisecond-precise timing window for interference-free RF communication
I. Publish data to a local WiFi webpage	I. Wifi host application that broadcasts system status, sensor readings and calculations.

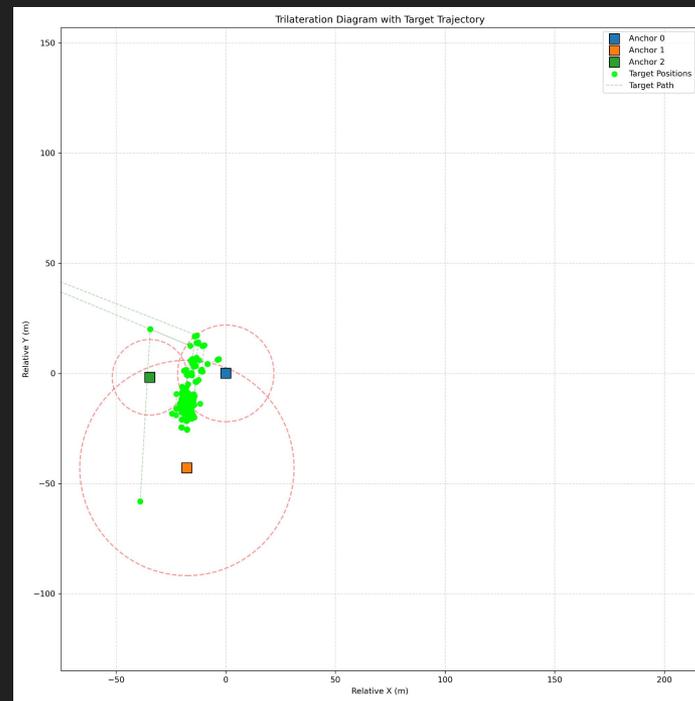
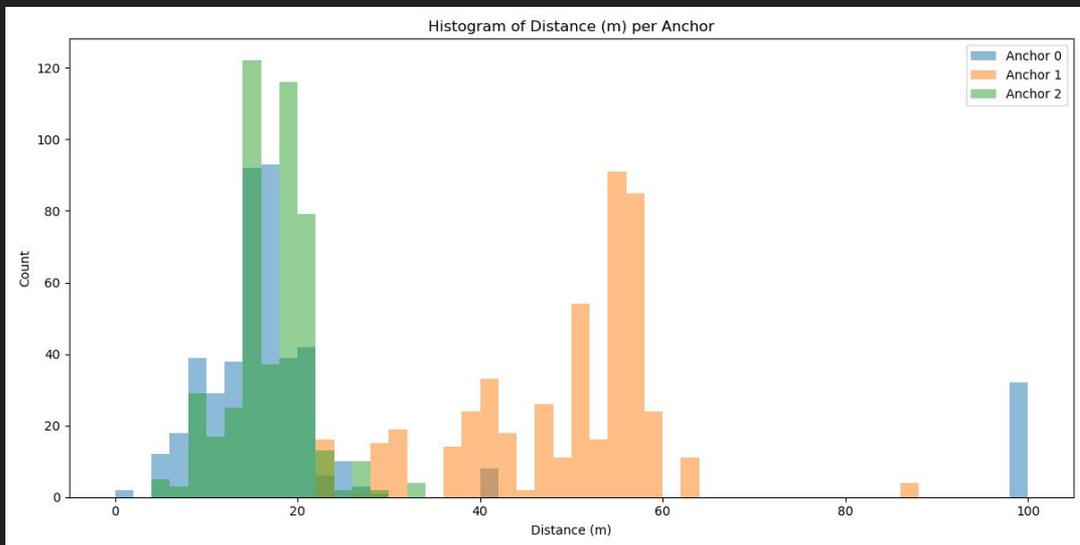


Field Testing





Field Testing (w/ Kalman Filter)





Calibration

Raw GPS Locations

Rover: 40.1149417, -88.2273388

Anchor 0: 40.1149197, -88.2275559

Anchor 1: 40.1152807, -88.2273501

Anchor 2: 40.1149406, -88.2271447

Ranging Distances to Rover

Anchor 0: 35.70m

Anchor 1: 88.36m

Anchor 2: 27.98m

GPS Distances to Rover (Map Pins)

Anchor 0: 18.54m

Anchor 1: 38.32m

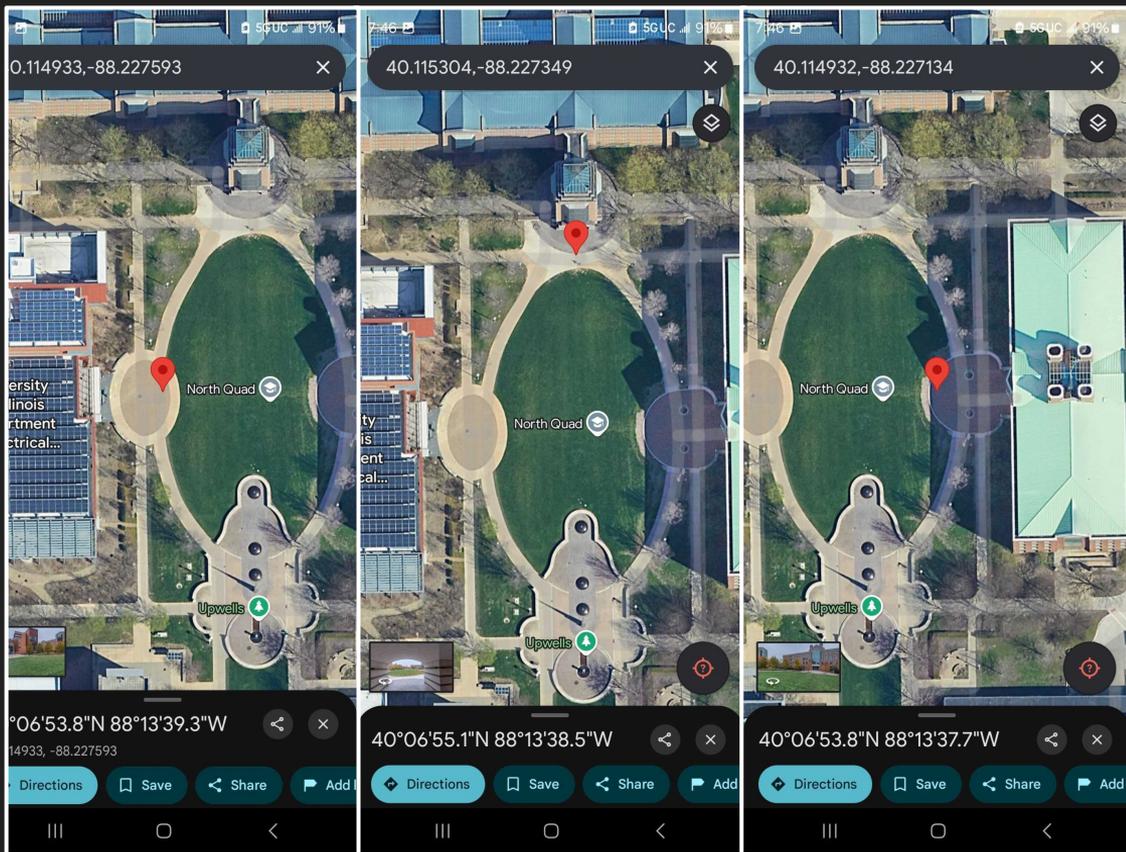
Anchor 2: 16.23m

Difference Factor

Anchor 0: 1.925566

Anchor 1: 2.305845

Anchor 2: 1.723967



Requirement & Verification

Team 5 - ECE 445

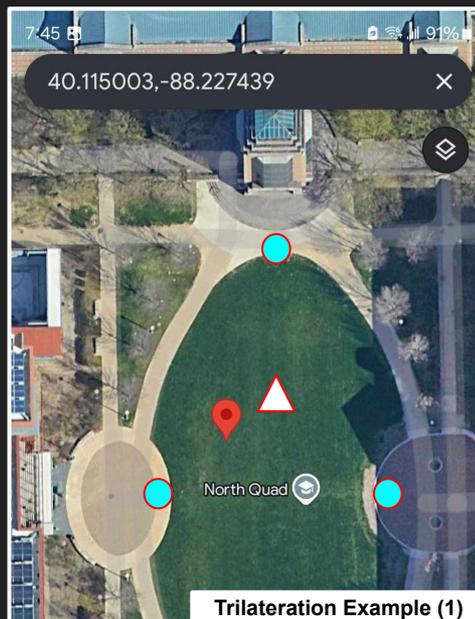


5 May 2025



High Level Requirements

1. Perform 3D trilateration of a Rover node at a minimum distance of 20 meters from at least one anchor node with a sample rate of at most 2 second. Sample rate is defined as the time period a position reading is resolved. ✓
2. Relay barometer, GNSS, and at minimum one other data point to another node in the network with a latency of less than 2 seconds. Latency is defined as the time from an initial sensor reading to reception by another member of the network. ✓
3. Publish position data to a local WiFi network in at most 5 seconds delay between receiving initial sensor or calculated data to receiving on WiFi. ✓



Telemetry Dashboard

	Anchor 0	Anchor 1	Anchor 2	Rover
Latitude	40.110451	40.115006	40.114942	40.108280
Longitude	-88.247699	-88.227822	-88.227734	-88.240866
Altitude	3215	1925	1927	0
Satellites	4	19	16	-
Date	29-04-2025	29-04-2025	29-04-2025	-
Time	00:12:02	00:10:50	00:10:58	-
Pressure (hPa)	986.113037	987.433105	986.965576	-
Temp (°C)	30.02	28.12	27.54	-
Packet #	260	0	448	-
RSSI	-99	-46	-21	-
Rel X	0.00	-1689.12	-1696.64	992.68
Rel Y	0.00	-506.13	-499.04	-241.24
Position	Open Map	Open Map	Open Map	Open Map
Distance	4.86	3.88	1.05	-
Trilateration Time	21:12:34			-

*Trilateration not shown here

Web Page & Data (2)(3)

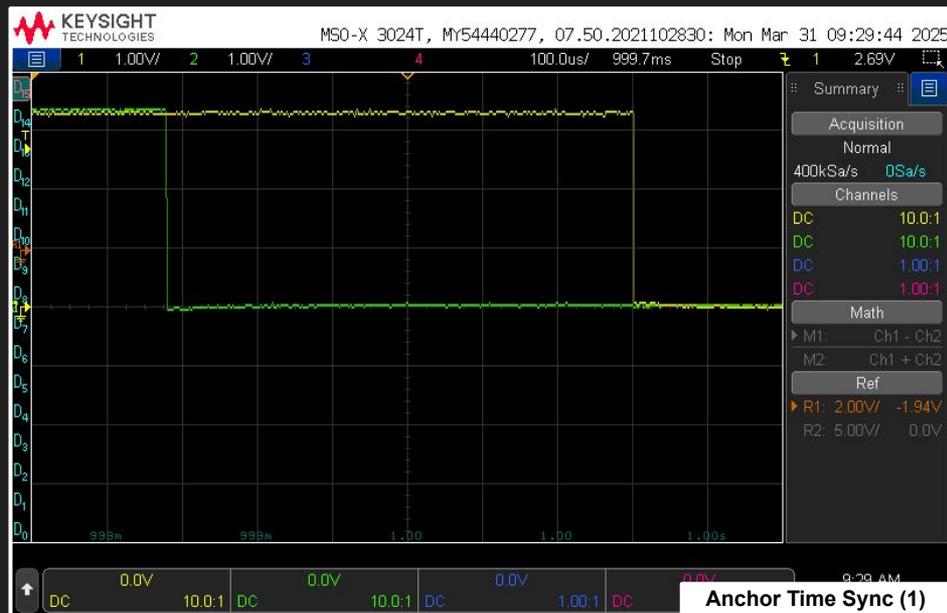
Key

- Anchor
- ▲ Rover Actual
- 📍 Rover Measured
- ▭ GNSS, Barometer, Distance
- ▭ Web Page Update Time



Anchor

1. Anchor nodes must have synchronized time with less than 200 ms offset ✓ (Image)
2. Anchor must be able to receive GPS transmissions at least once every two seconds ✓ (Previous Slide)
3. Anchor must have at least two status LEDs and at least one I2C expansion port ✓ (Live Demo Validation)
4. Anchor must be able to operate from 4.2V battery ✓ (Live Demo Validation)
5. Anchor must be able to determine altitude from two or more means (GPS & Barometer) ✓ (Previous Slide)



(Only a 600 μ S offset after losing GPS synchronization for ~15 minutes! to take measurement)



Rover

1. *Nodes must automatically respond to Anchor ping requests in less than 500 μ s.  (Live Demo Validation)
2. Rover must have at least two status LEDs and at least one I2C expansion port  (Live Demo Validation)
3. Rover must be able to operate from ~3.3V battery  (Live Demo Validation)

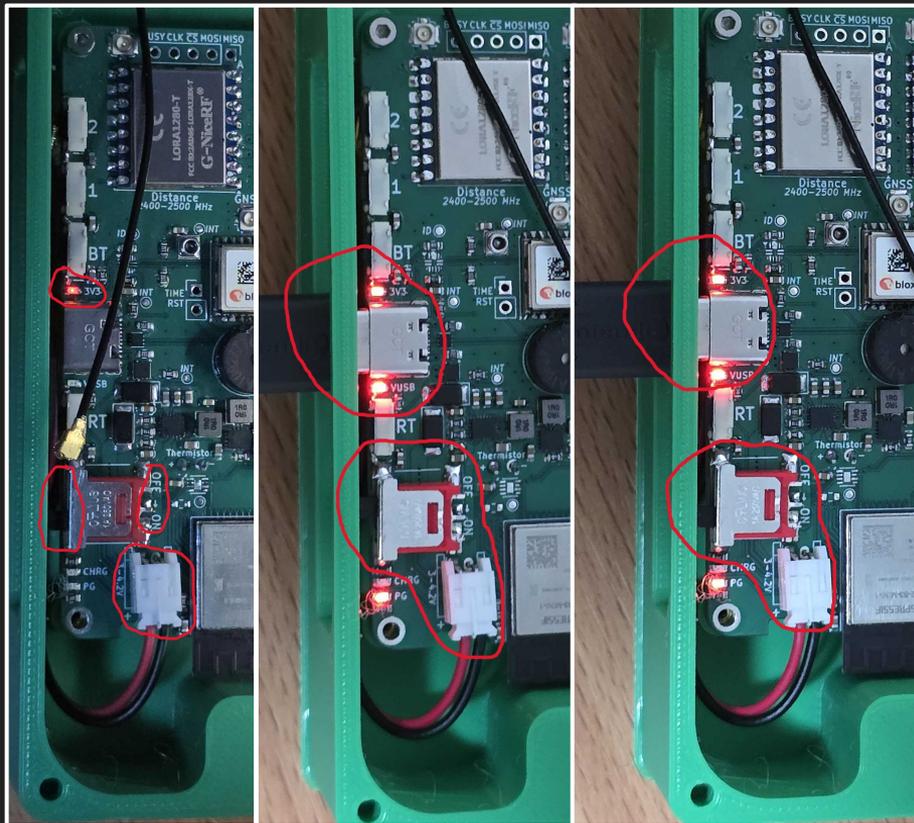
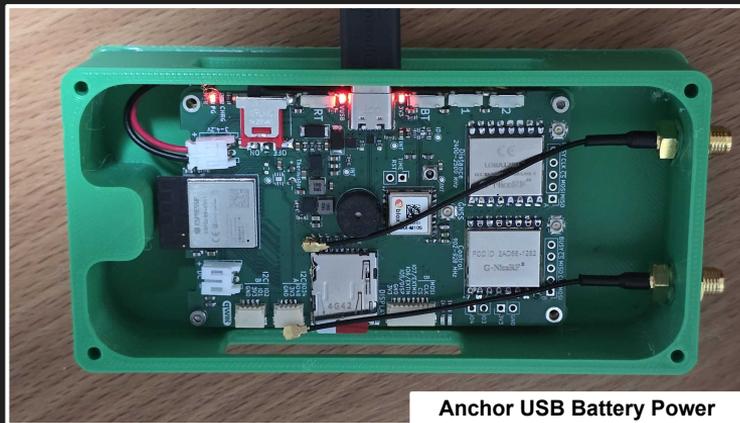
```
---- Opened the serial port COM14 ----  
Calibration,11300  
Error - Ranging Receive Timeout!!  
Batt Voltage: 4.210 V  
Batt Percent: 55.0 %  
(Dis)Charge rate : 36.0 %/hr  
ALERT! flags = 0x46, Voltage low, Voltage high  
|
```

Rover Battery (3)



Power

1. Voltage regulator must output 3.3V and supply 2A at maximum (Live Demo & Image)
2. Battery charger must be configurable with GPIO and resistors, or I2C (Battery Charges)
3. Battery charger must accept 1S 3.7V LiPo batteries and automatically switch between USB and battery power sources. (Live Demo Validation)

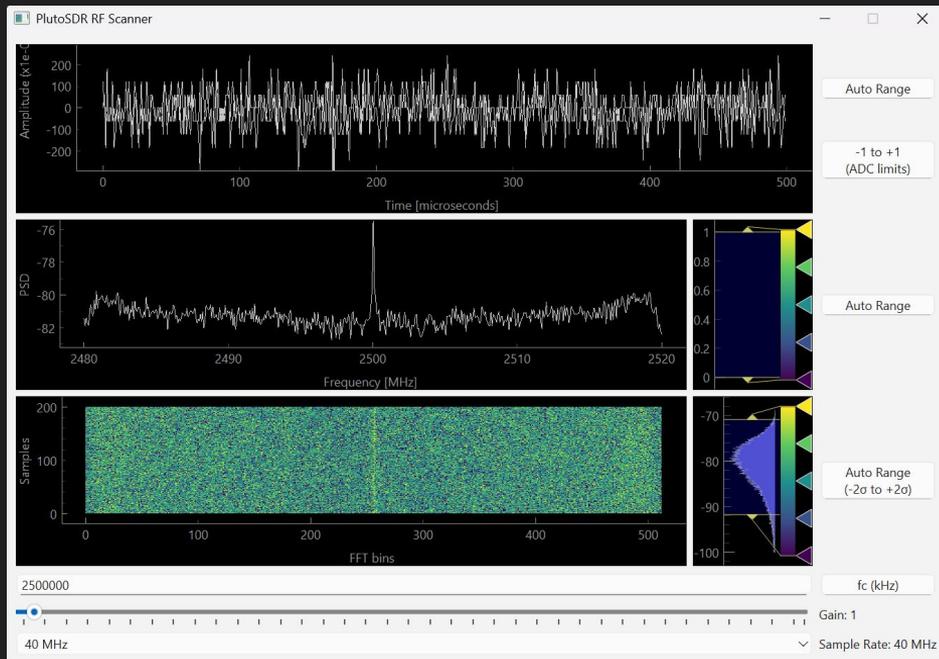




Radios

SX1280 (Ranging)

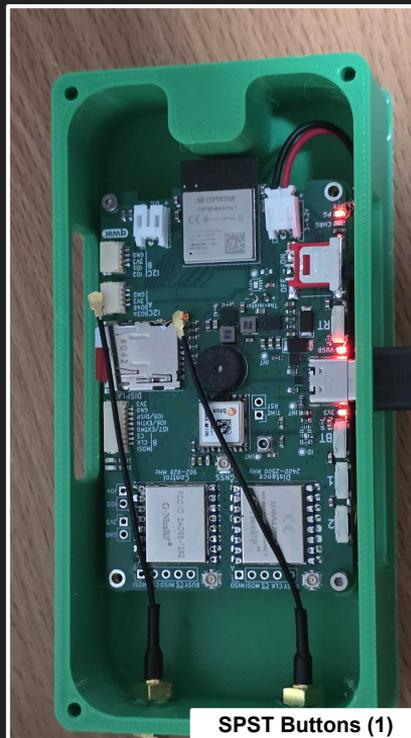
1. Radio systems must use separate frequency bands to avoid congestion (Image)
2. Radios must occupy ISM bands for license free operation (Image)
3. Radios must use SPI or I2C for communication with MCU (Live Demo Validation)





User Interface

1. MCU must have SPST buttons to enable programming
✓ (Image)
2. MicroSD card must interface with at most 32GB
FAT32 cards over SPI ✓ (Image)



```
beckman2_log_20250427_090540.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
[2025-04-27 09:05:40]
Discarded inaccurate Gps data from anchor_id=0, message_id=1

[2025-04-27 09:05:40] Anchor ID: 0
Message ID: 1
Payload: GpsData
Latitude: 0.0000000
Longitude: 0.0000000
Altitude (m): 0
Satellites in View: 0
Year: 2025
Month: 4
Day: 27
Hour: 9
Minute: 5
Second: 40
TimeFullyResolved: 0
[2025-04-27 09:05:40] Anchor ID: 0
Message ID: 3
Payload: BarometerData
Hpa: 998.65
Degrees (Celsius): 10.95
[2025-04-27 09:05:41] Anchor ID: 0
Message ID: 4
Payload: BarometerData
Hpa: 998.65
Degrees (Celsius): 10.95
[2025-04-27 09:05:41]
Discarded inaccurate Gps data from anchor_id=0, message_id=2

[2025-04-27 09:05:42] Anchor ID: 0
Message ID: 2
Payload: GpsData
Latitude: 0.0000000
Longitude: 0.0000000
Altitude (m): 0
Satellites in View: 0
Year: 2025
Month: 4
Day: 27
Hour: 9
Minute: 5
Second: 42
```

MicroSD card Log (2)



Sensors & Compute

1. All sensors must communicate over at least one of the following protocols – SPI, I2C, PWM – and draw 3.3V. (Previous Slide - High Level)
2. Barometer must output a resolution of at least 1 meter (Previous Slides - High Level)
3. GPS module must output 1 Hz time pulse and position within 3 meters (Previous Slides - High Level & Anchor)
4. Fuel gauge must read cell voltage and communicate over at least one of the following protocols – SPI, I2C, PWM (Image)
5. *MCU have a clock speed greater than 100 MHz and communicate over all of the following protocols – SPI, I2C, PWM – to interface with all modules. (High Level Requirements Already Met)

```
beckman2_log_20250427_090540.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
[2025-04-27 09:05:40]
Discarded inaccurate Gps data from anchor_id=0, message_id=1

[2025-04-27 09:05:40] Anchor ID: 0
Message ID: 1
Payload: GpsData
Latitude: 0.0000000
Longitude: 0.0000000
Altitude (m): 0
Satellites in View: 0
Year: 2025
Month: 4
Day: 27
Hour: 9
Minute: 5
Second: 40
TimeFullyResolved: 0
[2025-04-27 09:05:40] Anchor ID: 0
Message ID: 3
Payload: BarometerData
Hpa: 998.65
Degrees (Celsius): 10.95
[2025-04-27 09:05:41] Anchor ID: 0
Message ID: 4
Payload: BarometerData
Hpa: 998.65
Degrees (Celsius): 10.95
[2025-04-27 09:05:41]
```

MicroSD card Log (2)

```
---- Opened the serial port COM14 ----
Calibration,11300
Error - Ranging Receive Timeout!!
Batt Voltage: 4.210 V
Batt Percent: 55.0 %
(Dis)Charge rate : 36.0 %/hr
ALERT! flags = 0x46, Voltage low, Voltage high
```

Rover Battery (4)

Future Work

Conclusion



5 May 2025



Summary

Success

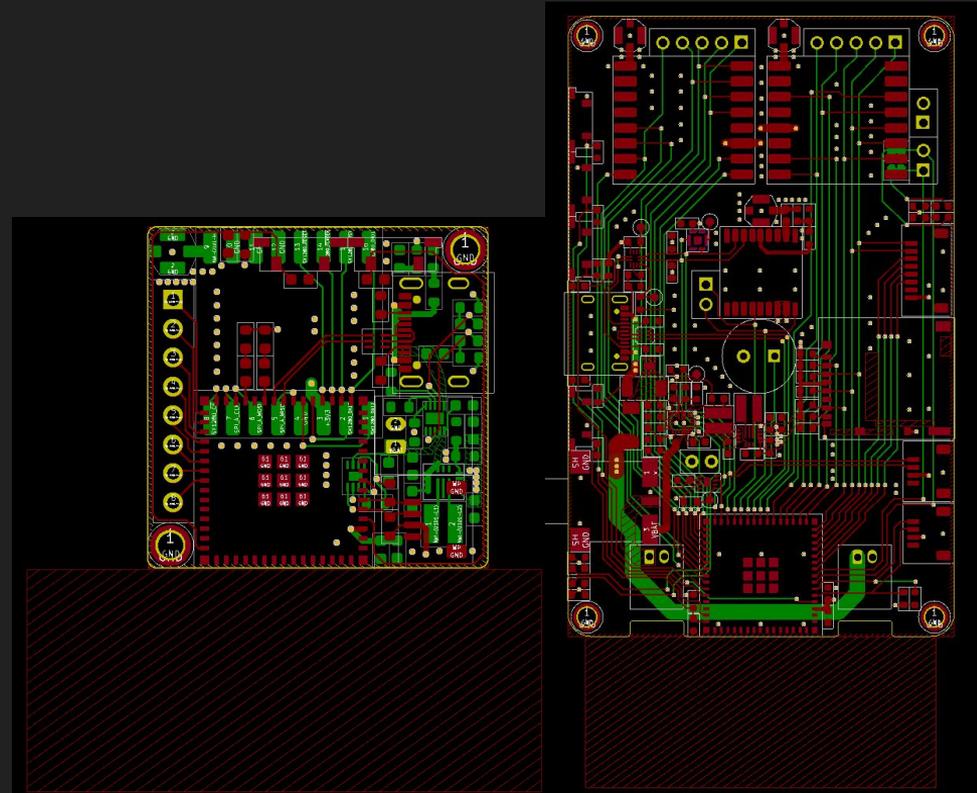
- Good trilateration minimum viable product
- Efficient timeline management (Early PCBs)
- Hardware test platform for future projects

Challenges

- Soldering ESP32-S3 with QFN pads
- Buttons being too fragile
- RTOS telemetry and logging queue
- Noise in distance readings
- Lower RSSI only on Anchor 0

Fun Facts

- Only one board design and assembly run
- Total cost ~\$650 (*Dev board included*)
- 20 files and +3,000 lines of software
(*Estimating 10,000 lines from testing*)





Future Work

Software

- Kalman filter & outlier detection
- User programmability through web page

PCB

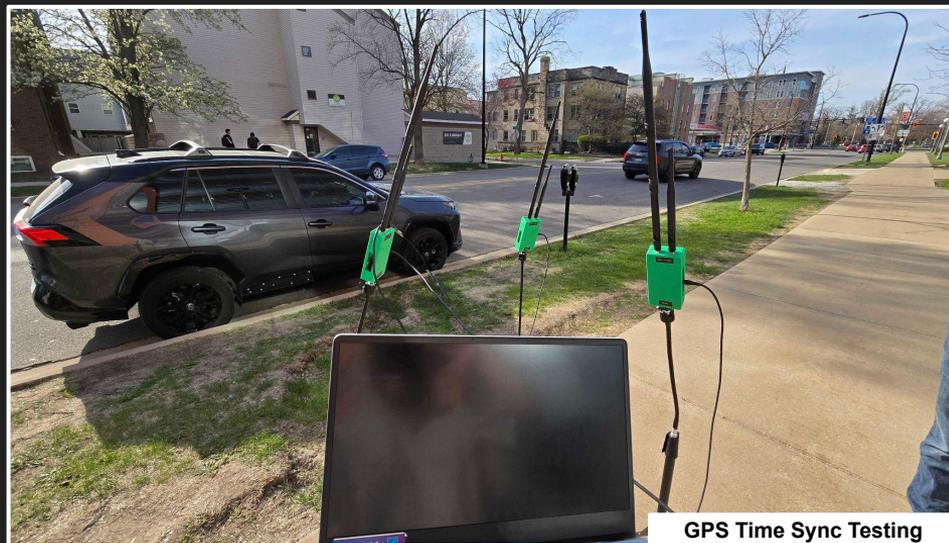
- Find more durable SPST buttons
- Fix USB-C and Anchor battery monitor
- Explore better impedance matching

Mechanical

- Reprint cases to be stronger
- Add rubber lid to case ports

Testing

- Integrated flight testing on vehicles
- Longer range testing above 1 km



(And much more...!)



Questions / Comments

Thank You

