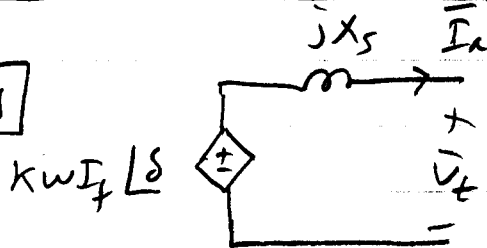


Exam II Solution

Spring 1993

#1



$$kw \times 2 = 120$$

$$kw = 60 \text{ W}$$

$$60 \times 1 = 5X_s$$

$$X_s = 12 \Omega$$

$$60 \times 2.5 \angle \delta = j12 \times 5 \angle \alpha + 120 \angle 0 \quad (\text{if } V_t \text{ assumed equal to zero})$$

$$150 \cos \delta = 60 \cos(\alpha + 90^\circ) + 120$$

$$150 \sin \delta = 60 \sin(\alpha + 90^\circ)$$

$$150^2 = 60^2 + 2 \times 60 \times 120 \cos(\alpha + 90^\circ) + 120^2$$

$$\alpha + 90^\circ = \pm 71.8^\circ$$

$$\alpha = -18.2^\circ \quad (\text{Because generator})$$

$$\bar{S}_{out} = 3 \times 120 \angle 0 \times 5 \angle +18.2^\circ = 1800 \angle -18.2^\circ = \boxed{1710 + j562}$$

#2

$$P_{in} = 0$$

$$Q_{in} = 3000$$

$$\bar{V}_t = 277 \angle 0, \quad \bar{I}_a = \frac{1000}{277} \angle -90^\circ$$

$$277 \angle 0 = jX_s \left(\frac{1000}{277} \angle -90^\circ \right) + kw \times 1 \angle 0$$

$$\text{or} \quad 277 = 3.61 X_s + kw \quad (A)$$

$$P_{in} = 0$$

$$Q_{in} = -3000$$

$$\bar{V}_t = 277 \angle 0, \quad \bar{I}_a = \frac{1000}{277} \angle +90^\circ$$

$$277 \angle 0 = jX_s \left(\frac{1000}{277} \angle +90^\circ \right) + kw \times 3$$

$$\text{or} \quad 277 = -3.61 X_s + 3kw \quad (B)$$

$$\text{Adding (A) + (B)} \quad kw = 138.5, \text{ so } X_s = 38.4 \Omega$$

$$(a) \text{ for } I_f = 0, \quad \bar{I}_a = \frac{277 \angle 0}{j38.4} = 7.21 \angle -90^\circ$$

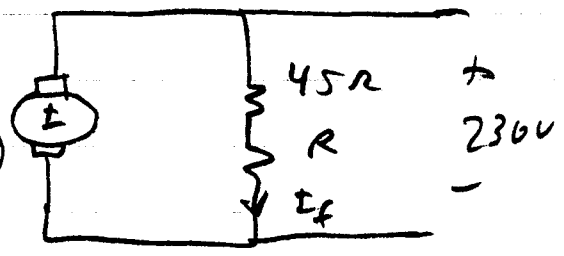
$$\boxed{Q_{in} = 6000 \text{ vars}}$$

$$(b) \quad 3000 = \frac{3 \times 138.5 I_f \times 277}{38.4} \rightarrow I_f = 1.0 \text{ A}$$

$$\boxed{I_f = 1.0 \text{ A}}$$

#3

$$\frac{R_{pm}}{150} (10 + 130 I_f)$$



$$R_{pm} = 100$$

$$\frac{100}{150} (10 + 130 I_f) = 230$$

$$I_f = 2.5769$$

$$R = 44.25 \Omega$$

$$R_{pm} = 200$$

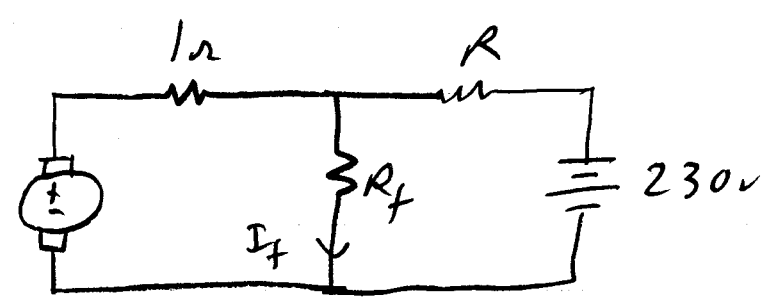
$$\frac{200}{150} (10 + 130 I_f) = 230$$

$$I_f = 1.25$$

$$R = 139 \Omega$$

#4

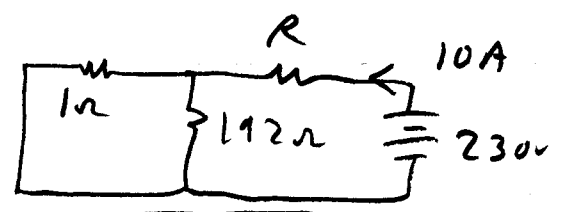
$$\frac{R_{pm}}{1300} (14 + 180 I_f)$$



At 230V, 1300 RPM no load, $14 + 180 I_f = 230$

$$I_f = 1.2 A \quad R_f = 192 \Omega$$

(a) At startup, $R_{pm} = 0$



$$\left(\frac{192}{193} + R \right) 10 = 230$$

$$R = 22 \Omega$$

(b) At no load with $R = 22 \Omega$ in circuit,

$$I_f = \frac{230}{192 + 22} = 1.0747 A$$

$$\frac{R_{pm}}{1300} (14 + 180 \times 1.0747) = 192 \times 1.0747$$

$$R_{pm} = 1293$$