

ECE 431      Electric Machinery

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

Test #1      February 14, 2018

You may use one 2-sided sheet of *your own* hand-written notes as reference.

Please do all work on this test.    Label any solutions that are written on backs of pages or on this spare sheet.

Q1. (30 points):

A balanced, 3-phase, 60 HZ, 3-wire, impedance load is served by a balanced, 3-phase, 3-wire, ABC sequence source. A voltmeter between two lines reads 275 Volts. An ammeter in one line reads 13 Amps. A wattmeter connected to read the power "into" the A-B lines reads 1650 Watts.

- a. Find the power factor of the load.
- b. Find the total 3-phase real power absorbed by the load.
- c. A capacitor bank is used to correct the load power factor to unity. Compute the power readings in the two wattmeter method.
- d. Draw a schematic showing how a wattmeter can be used to 'measure' the reactive power consumed by the balanced 3-phase load, with appropriate polarity markings on the voltage and current measurements.

Q2. (35 points):

The following test results were found for a single-phase, 60 HZ, 30 KVA transformer with voltage ratings 4160/480 Volts:

Open-circuit test:  $V_L = 480 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_L = 4 \text{ A}$ ,  $P_2 = 380 \text{ W}$

Short-circuit test:  $V_H = 142 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_H = 7.2 \text{ A}$ ,  $P_1 = 440 \text{ W}$

- (a) Compute all the parameters of the approximate equivalent circuit with the shunt elements moved directly across the source.
- (b) Draw the approximate equivalent circuit and label all impedances with per unit values.
- (c) Find the high side voltage when the transformer is delivering rated kVA at 0.87 lagging power factor to a load on the low voltage side with a 480V across the load.

Q4. (35 points)

A reluctance machine with a 6/4 configuration has the following parameters.

Rotor outer radius = 6 cm

Air gap,  $g = 1\text{ mm}$

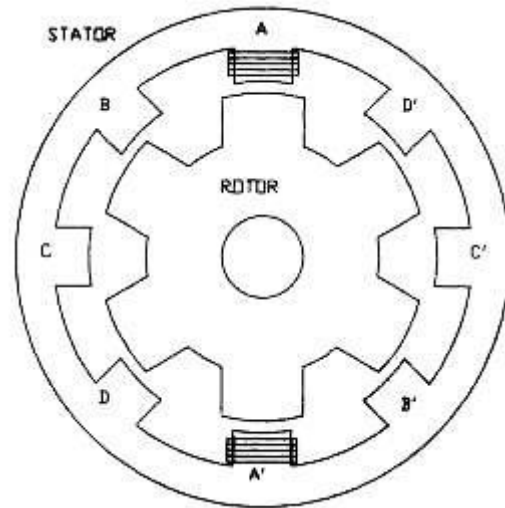
Rotor pole angle =  $\pi/6$  radians

stator pole angle =  $\pi/8$  radians

Axial length = 10 cm

Number of total turns per phase = 40

Assume rotor and stator cores have extremely high permeability. Assume infinite reluctance when there is no stator/rotor pole overlap. Ignore saturation and fringing flux.



- Starting from the position shown, what should the sequence of excitation be to obtain a clockwise rotation?
- How fast would the rotor spin (in revolutions per minute) if single phase excitation is applied at the rate of one pulse per millisecond?
- Plot the phase-A inductance as a function of rotor position  $\theta$ , as the rotor is rotated clockwise from  $\theta=0$  to  $\theta=60$  degrees.
- Plot the torque as the rotor is rotated clockwise from  $\theta=0$  to  $\theta=60$  degrees with Phase A current = 1A and all other currents set to zero.