ECE 431	Electric Machinery	NAME:

Test #1 February 19, 2014

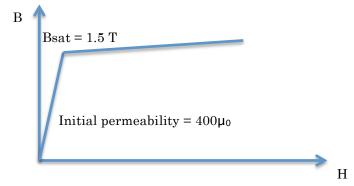
You may use *your own* hand-written notes as reference.

Please do all work on this test. Label any solutions that are written on backs of pages or on this spare sheet.

<b>Q1</b> . (25	5 points):
	nced 3 phase, 4160 $V_{\text{I-I}\text{rms}}$ source feeds a balanced 3 phase load of (1.2+j5) $\Omega$ /phase. Show in a circuit diagram how you would measure the total power being drawn by the load using the two Watt-meter method.
b)	Compute the voltage, current, and power readings you would expect in each wattmeter.
c)	A capacitor bank is used to correct the load power factor to unity. Re-compute the wattmeter readings.

## Q2. (25 points):

A 400 turn coil is wound around a magnetic core with a cross-sectional area of 2cm2 and a mean length of 10cm. The core's magnetic property is approximately characterized by the B-H curve below.



a) Calculate the inductance of the coil when the core is not saturated.

b) What is the maximum current the inductor can be run at and remain below saturation?

c) How much energy is stored in the inductor for this maximum current?

## Q3. (25 points):

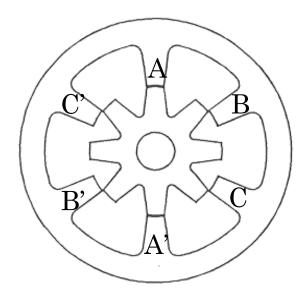
Three single phase transformers, each rated 3000V:208V, 200kVA with a series impedance of 2  $\Omega$  referred to the high side, are connected in the following manner:

- (i) Wye-Wye
- (ii) Delta-Wye
- (iii) Delta-Delta
- a) For each case, what is the resulting rating (Voltages, kVA) and per-phase (Wye equivalent) series impedance referred to the high side?

b) A single-phase transformer is rated at 240V:50V and 1kVA. The nameplate shows a  $j1~\Omega$  series impedance referred to the LV side (you may assume low magnetizing impedance and negligible resistances). What is the high-side voltage magnitude needed to provide 50 V across a 2.5  $\Omega$  resistive load? Compute the load regulation for this transformer.

## **Q4**. (25 points)

A 6/8 reluctance machine is shown below, and is operated by exciting only one phase at a time.



- a) What should the sequence of excitation be to obtain a clockwise rotation?
- b) How many steps are required to make one complete revolution?
- c) Comment on what effect doubling the air-gap length would have on the peak torque capability, assuming same current input.

d) What would happen to the peak torque if the stator and rotor teeth width are reduced by 10%?