

EXAM #1

SPRING 1990

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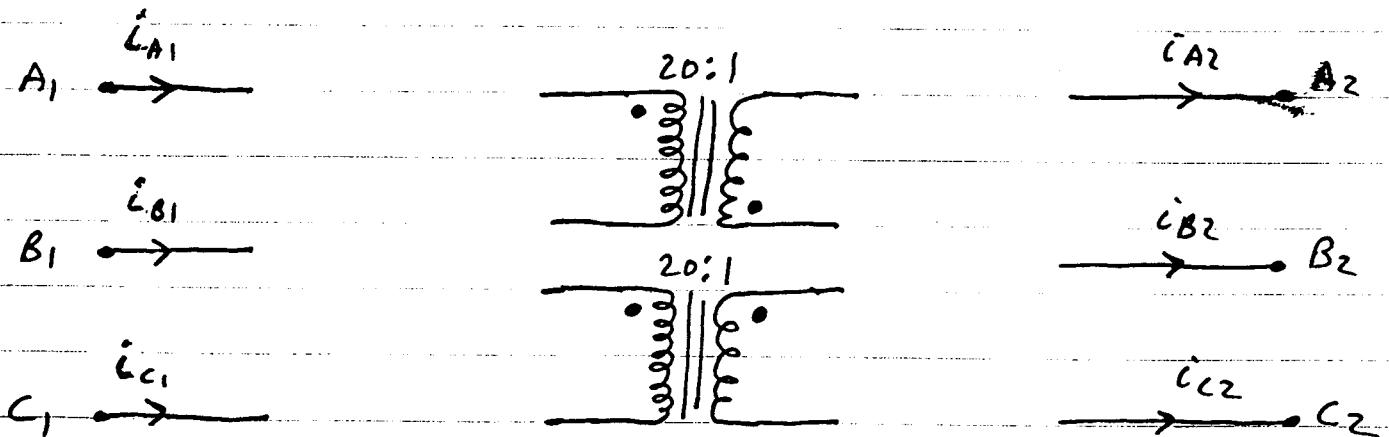
1. Closed book, closed notes, 50 minutes
2. Work all problems on exam booklets

Problem #1
 25 points

A balanced, symmetrical 3 ϕ , ABC sequence source serves a balanced, symmetrical 3 ϕ load of total power equal to 1500 watts plus 1500 vars. A wattmeter is wired such that the voltage input measures $\bar{V}_{AB}$ and the current input measures $\bar{I}_C$ (current into load). What will the wattmeter read?
 (HINT: $P = |\bar{V}| |\bar{I}| \cos(\angle \bar{V} - \angle \bar{I})$)

Problem #2
 25 points

(a) Hook up the following two transformers such that if $\bar{V}_{A_1 B_1} = 2400 \angle 30^\circ$ and $\bar{V}_{B_1 C_1} = 2400 \angle -90^\circ$, then $\bar{V}_{A_2 B_2} = 120 \angle 30^\circ$ and $\bar{V}_{B_2 C_2} = 120 \angle -90^\circ$



(b) If $\bar{V}_{A_1 B_1}$ and $\bar{V}_{B_1 C_1}$ are pure fundamental frequency, and if the transformers are saturated, what are i_{A1} , i_{B1} , i_{C1} like if $i_{A2} = i_{B2} = i_{C2} = 0$?

Problem #3

25 points

A 208V (l-l), 3 ϕ , 60 Hz, 4 pole induction motor running at no load draws 8 amps line current. Compute the value of capacitance which must be added between each line (Δ connection) to reduce the source line current to essentially zero.

Problem #4

25 points

A 208V (l-l), 3 ϕ , 60 Hz, 6 pole induction motor rated at 2 HP has a full load speed of 1120 RPM. What is the full load speed if the supply voltage magnitude is reduced by 20% and the supply frequency is reduced by 20%?

(You may neglect stator resistance, stator and rotor leakage reactance, core loss and windage/friction)

NOTE: $T = \frac{P}{\omega}$ $746W = 1HP$ $Slip = \frac{\omega_s - \omega_m}{\omega_s}$