

2024 October 30

$$w[n] = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq n < 62 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$w[k] = w(\omega) \left[\omega = \frac{2\pi k}{N} \right] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} w[n] e^{-j\omega n}$$

$N=62$

because $w[n]$ is already finite length

$$w(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} w[n] e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=0}^{61} w[n] e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{61} e^{-j\omega n} = \frac{1 - e^{-j\omega 62}}{1 - e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$= e^{-j\omega \frac{61}{2}} \frac{e^{j\omega \frac{62}{2}} - e^{-j\omega \frac{62}{2}}}{e^{j\omega \frac{1}{2}} - e^{-j\omega \frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$= e^{-j\omega \frac{61}{2}} \frac{\sin(\omega 31)}{\sin(\omega/2)}$$

$$w[k] = w(\omega) \Big|_{\omega = \frac{2\pi k}{62}} = e^{-j \frac{61}{2} \frac{2\pi k}{62}} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2\pi 31 k}{62}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{2\pi k}{2 \cdot 62}\right)}$$