

**Homework 7 on Lectures on AC Analysis and Complex Power Flow****Date due: Friday, April 11, 2023**

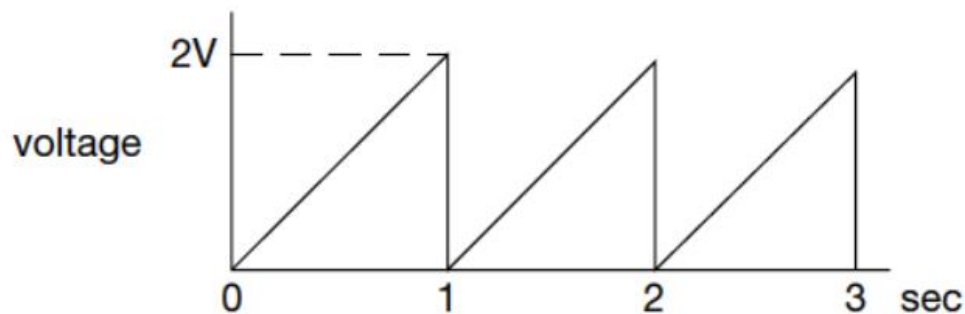
1. **Convert** the following instantaneous currents to phasors, using  $\cos(\omega t)$  the reference. **State** your answers in polar form.

(i)  $i(t) = 400\sqrt{2} \cos(\omega t - 30^\circ)$

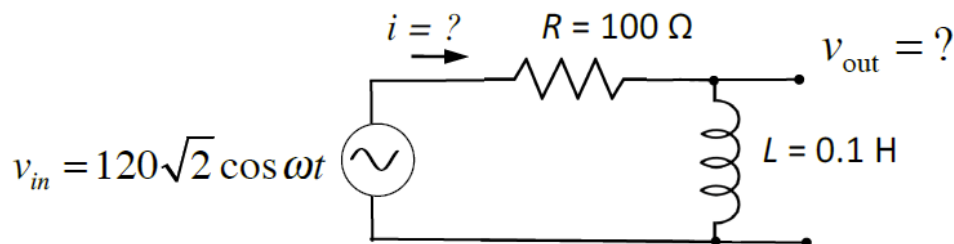
(ii)  $i(t) = 5 \sin(\omega t + 15^\circ)$

(iii)  $i(t) = 4 \cos(\omega t - 30^\circ) + 5\sqrt{2} \sin(\omega t + 15^\circ)$

2. **Determine** the r.m.s. value of voltage for the sawtooth waveform below.



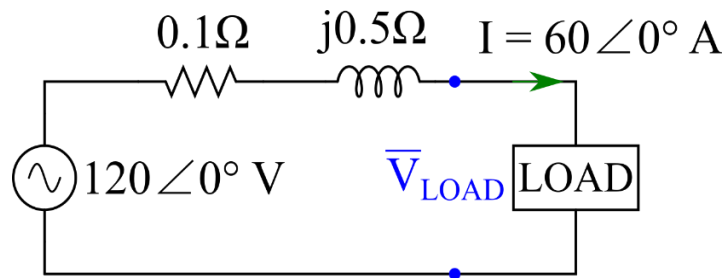
3. For the following 120-V, 60-Hz circuit, perform the following:



- (i) **Determine** the reactance and the impedance of the inductor?
- (ii) **Express** the impedance of the combination of  $R$  and  $L$  in both polar coordinates and rectangular  $Z = R + jX$  form.

- (iii) **Determine** the current expressed as a phasor and as a function of time.
- (iv) **Determine** the power factor of the circuit.
- (v) **Calculate** the output voltage expressed as a phasor and as a function of time.

4. For the circuit shown below, perform the following:



- (i) **Compute** the voltage across the load terminals
- (ii) **Determine** the real power delivered to the load in terms of the voltage and current phasors at the load.
- (iii) **Calculate** the real power delivered to the load via the power flow equation derived in class, under the assumption of a lossless transmission line.
- (iv) **Comment** on the differences, if any, between the results in (ii) and (iii).