

Last lecture

Joint PMF (Ch 4.2)

- Definition
- Example

Joint PDF (Ch 4.3)

- Definition
- Example

Agenda

Joint PDF (Ch 4.3)

- Example
 - Uniform distribution
 - Conditional distribution

Independent RV (Ch 4.4)

- From event to RV - CDF
- Check using PDF

Uniform joint PDF

If pdf are constant over support S

- $f_{X,Y}(u, v) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\text{area}(S)} & \text{if } (u, v) \in S \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$
- S can be none-rectangular
- $P\{(X, Y) \in A\} = \frac{\text{area}(A \cap S)}{\text{area}(S)}$

Example

Let (X, Y) uniformly distributed over the uniform disk.

- $f_{X,Y}(u, v) = \begin{cases} c & \text{if } u^2 + v^2 \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$, solve
- c
- $P\{X \geq 0 \cap Y \geq 0\}$
- $P\{X^2 + Y^2 \leq r^2\}$
- $f_X(u)$
- $f_{Y|X}(v|u_0)$

Example

Let X uniformly distributed over $[0,1]$. Given $X = u$, Y is uniformly distributed over $[u, 1]$, find

- $f_{Y|X}(v|u_0)$
- $f_{XY}(u, v)$
- $f_Y(v)$

Independent RV

Definition

RV X and Y are independent if for any event pairs $\{X \in A\}$ and $\{Y \in B\}$

- $P\{X \in A, Y \in B\} = P\{X \in A\} \times P\{Y \in B\}$
- Let $A = \{u: u \leq u_0\}$ and $B = \{v: v \leq v_0\}$

Even more powerful - for region $R = (a, b] \times (c, d]$

- $P\{a < X \leq b, c < Y \leq d\} = F_X(b)F_Y(d) - F_X(b)F_Y(c) - F_X(a)F_Y(d) + F_X(a)F_Y(c) =$

For PDF and CDF, independent iif

Determining independence from PDF

RV X and Y are independent if and only if

- $f_{XY}(u, v) = f_X(u)f_Y(v)$... but others?

Proposition - X and Y are independent if and only if the following condition holds: For all $u \in \mathbb{R}$, either $f_X(u) = 0$ or $f_{Y|X}(v|u) = f_Y(v)$ for all $v \in \mathbb{R}$.

Product Set

Let A, B denote a finite union of intervals

- $|A|$ denotes the total length of A

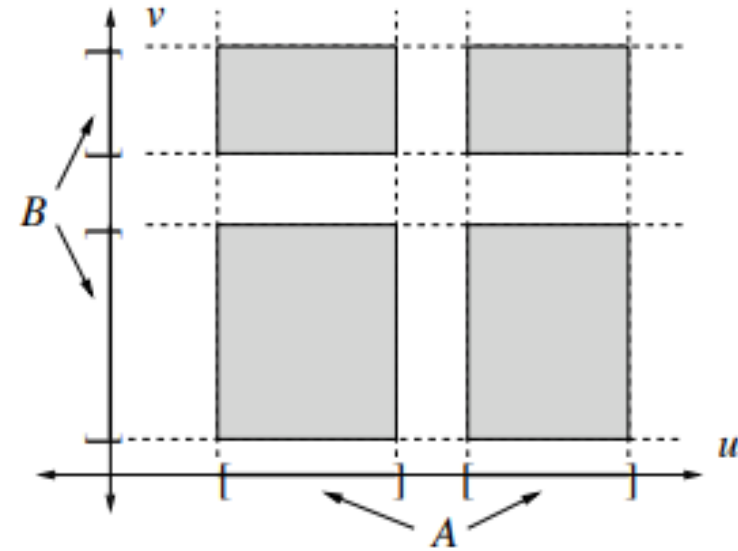
The **product set** $A \times B = \{(u, v) : u \in A, v \in B\}$

- The total area $|A \times B| = |A| \times |B|$

Swap property: $S \in \mathbb{R}^2$ has the **swap property** if

- For any pair of points $(a, b), (c, d) \in S$, (a, d) and (c, b) also in S

Proposition - $S \in \mathbb{R}^2$, S is a product set if and only if it has the swap property



Properties of independent

- If X, Y are independent and jointly continuous type RVs, then support of $f_{X,Y}$ is a product set
- Support X, Y are uniformly distributed over set $S \in \mathbb{R}^2$, then X and Y are independent iif S is a product set

Examples

Decide whether the if X and Y are independent if

- $f_{X,Y}(u, v) = Cu^2v^2$ for $u, v > 0$ and $u + v \leq 1$; 0 else
- $f_{X,Y}(u, v) = u + v$ for $u, v \in [0,1]$; 0 else
- $f_{X,Y}(u, v) = 9u^2v^2$ for $u, v \in [0,1]$; 0 else