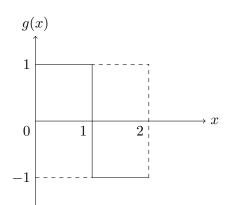
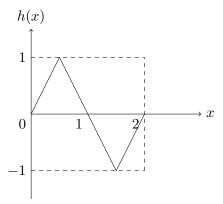
## ECE 313: Hour Exam II

Wednesday, November 11, 2015 7:00 p.m. — 8:15 p.m.

Name: (in BLOCK CAPITALS) _		
NetID:		_
Signature:		
<b>Section:</b> □ A, 9:00 a.m. □ B, 10:00 a.m.	□ C, 11:00 a.m.	□ D, 1:00 p.m. □ E, 2:00 p.m.
	Instructions	
This exam is closed book and closed both sides may be used. Calculators headphones, etc. are not allowed. The exam consists of 5 problems worth so it is best for you to pace yourself reduce common fractions to lowest to example, write $\frac{3}{4}$ instead of $\frac{24}{32}$ or 0.7 SHOW YOUR WORK; BOX YOUR ANS very little credit. If you need extra a around each of your final numerical a	, laptop computers, PD a total of 100 points. The accordingly. Write your erms, but DO NOT computers, but DO NOT computers. SWERS. Answers without space, use the back of the space of the	As, iPods, cellphones, e-mail pagers, he problems are not weighted equally, answers in the spaces provided, and nvert them to decimal fractions (for at appropriate justification will receive
		Grading
	:	1. 20 points
	:	2. 22 points
	:	3. 20 points
	4	4. 20 points
		5. 18 points
	Tot	al (100 points)

1. [20 points] Let X be uniformly distributed over the interval [0,2].





(a) (5 points) Let Y = g(X), where g(x) is the square wave plotted above. Is the distribution of Y of discrete-type or continuous-type? If discrete, find its probability mass function (pmf); if continuous, find its probability density function (pdf).

(b) (7 points) Let Z = h(X), where h(x) is the triangular wave plotted above. Is the distribution of Z of discrete-type or continuous-type? If discrete, find its pmf; if continuous, find its pdf.

(c) (4 points) Find the conditional probability  $P(Y>0\mid Z>0).$ 

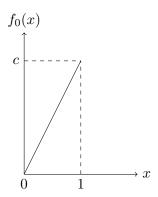
(d) (4 points) Find a function r so that r(X) is uniformly distributed over [1,5].

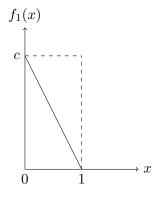
- 2. [22 points] Let  $N_t$  be a Poisson process with rate  $\lambda > 0$ .
  - (a) (4 points) Obtain  $P\{N_3 = 5\}$ .
  - (b) (6 points) Obtain  $P\{N_7 N_4 = 5\}$  and  $E[N_7 N_4]$ .

(c) (6 points) Obtain  $P\{N_7 - N_4 = 5 | N_6 - N_4 = 2\}$ .

(d) (6 points) Obtain  $P\{N_6 - N_4 = 2|N_7 - N_4 = 5\}$ .

3. [20 points] Let X be a continuous-type random variable taking values in [0,1]. Under hypothesis  $H_0$ , the pdf of X is  $f_0$ ; under hypothesis  $H_1$ , the pdf of X is  $f_1$ . Both pdfs are plotted below. The priors are known to be  $\pi_0 = 0.6$  and  $\pi_1 = 0.4$ .





(a) (4 points) Find the value of c.

(b) (8 points) Specify the maximum a posteriori (MAP) decision rule for testing  $H_0$  vs.  $H_1$ .

(c) (8 points) Find the error probabilities  $p_{\text{false alarm}}$ ,  $p_{\text{miss detection}}$  and the average probability of error  $p_e$  for the MAP rule.

4. [20 points] Let the joint pdf for the pair (X, Y) be

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} cxy, & 0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le 1, x+y \le 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

for some constant c.

(a) (5 points) Compute the marginal  $f_X(x)$ . You can leave it in terms of c.

(b) (6 points) Obtain the value of the constant c for  $f_{X,Y}$  to be a valid joint pdf.

(c) (5 points) Obtain  $P\left\{X + Y < \frac{1}{2}\right\}$ .

(d) (4 points) Are X and Y independent? Explain why or why not.

- 5. [18 points] Suppose we are testing if a transistor in a circuit is working properly or not. The voltage we observe at the output is a normal random variable X. If the transistor is working, X is distributed according to N(1,1). If the transistor is not working, then X is distributed according to N(-1,1). There is an 50% chance that the transistor is working. You can express the answers for this problem in terms of  $\Phi$  and Q.
  - (a) (6 points) Find  $P\{X \le 1 | \text{transistor is working} \}$ .

(b) (6 points) Find  $P\{X \ge 1\}$ .

(c) (6 points) Obtain the unconditional pdf of X,  $f_X(u)$  for all u.