

**ECE 313 Fall 2001**  
**SECOND HOUR EXAMINATION**

**Monday November 12, 2001, 11:00 a.m. — 11:50 a.m.**

1. (16 points) Check **one box** for each of the following questions. No justification is required, but, your score will be reduced by 2 points for each wrong answer (You get +8 points for each right answer; 0 for no answer).
- (a) Which of the following four statements are **NOT** properties of **all** CDFs?
- |  |  |
|--|--|
| $\checkmark$ $P\{X > b\} = 1 - F_X(b)$ .<br>$\checkmark$ If $a < b$ , then $F_X(a) < F_X(b)$ .<br>$\checkmark$ <b>Only</b> $\checkmark$ is not a property of CDFs.<br>$\checkmark$ <b>Only</b> $\checkmark$ and $\checkmark$ are not properties of CDFs.<br>$\checkmark$ <b>Only</b> $\checkmark$ is not a property of CDFs.<br>$\checkmark$ <b>Only</b> $\checkmark$ and $\checkmark$ are not properties of CDFs.<br>$\checkmark$ You blew it, Professor! <b>All four</b> are properties of CDFs. | $\checkmark$ If $F_X(a) < F_X(b)$ , then $a < b$ .<br>$\checkmark$ $F_X(u) = 1/2$ for some $u, -\infty < u < \infty$ .<br>$\checkmark$ <b>Only</b> $\checkmark$ and $\checkmark$ are not properties of CDFs.<br>$\checkmark$ <b>Only</b> $\checkmark$ and $\checkmark$ are not properties of CDFs.<br>$\checkmark$ <b>All four</b> are properties of CDFs. |
|--|--|
- (b)  $f_X(u)$  denotes the probability density function (pdf) of a continuous random variable  $X$ . Which of the following properties are satisfied by all pdfs?
- |   |  |
|---|--|
| $\checkmark$ $f_X(u) \geq 0$ for all $u, -\infty < u < \infty$ .<br>$\checkmark$ $\lim_{u \rightarrow -\infty} f_X(u) = 0$<br>$\checkmark$ $\lim_{u \rightarrow \infty} f_X(u) = 1$ | $\checkmark$ $\lim_{u \rightarrow -\infty} f_X(u) = 0$<br>$\checkmark$ $P\{a < X < b\} = P\{a < X < b\}$ |
|---|--|
- |  |   |
|--|---|
| $\checkmark$ <b>Only</b> $\checkmark$ , $\checkmark$ , and $\checkmark$ are properties of all pdfs.<br>$\checkmark$ <b>Only</b> $\checkmark$ and $\checkmark$ are properties of all pdfs.<br>$\checkmark$ <b>Only</b> $\checkmark$ , $\checkmark$ and $\checkmark$ are properties of all pdfs.<br>$\checkmark$ <b>All four</b> are properties of all pdfs.<br>$\checkmark$ None of the above. Only the following are properties of all pdfs: _____ | $\checkmark$ <b>Only</b> $\checkmark$ and $\checkmark$ are properties of all pdfs.<br>$\checkmark$ <b>Only</b> $\checkmark$ , $\checkmark$ and $\checkmark$ are properties of all pdfs.<br>$\checkmark$ <b>All four</b> are properties of all pdfs.<br>$\checkmark$ None of the above. Only the following are properties of all pdfs: _____ |
|--|---|
2. (12 points)  $X$  denotes a Gaussian random variable with mean 2 and variance 25. Find  $P\{|X - 4| > 3\}$  and  $P\{X < 3 \mid X > 2\}$  using the table of values of the unit Gaussian CDF  $\Phi(\cdot)$  on the last page of this exam booklet.
3. (20 points) Let  $X$  denote a random variable uniformly distributed on the interval  $[-1, 4]$ , and let  $Y = |X - 1|$ .
- (a) (6 points) Find  $E[Y]$ .
- (b) (14 points) Find  $f_Y(v)$ , the probability density function of  $Y$ .
4. (20 points) Consider a Poisson process with arrival rate  $\mu$ .
- (a) (5 points) What is the probability that there are 2 arrivals in the time interval  $(3, 6]$ ? i.e., what is the probability that the random variable  $N(3, 6]$  has value 2?
- (b) (15 points) Let  $A$  denote the event that there are 2 arrivals in the time interval  $(0, 6]$ , and  $B$  the event that there are 2 arrivals in the time interval  $(3, 9]$ . Given that the event  $AB$  occurred, find the *conditional probability* that there was exactly one arrival in  $(3, 6]$ .

5. **(32 points)** Let  $\mathbf{X}$  denote the lifetime of a system.

If hypothesis  $H_0$  is true, the hazard rate of  $\mathbf{X}$  is given by  $h(t) = 1$ ,  $0 < t < \infty$ .

If hypothesis  $H_1$  is true, the hazard rate of  $\mathbf{X}$  is given by  $h(t) = 2$ ,  $0 < t < \infty$ .

The system failed at time  $T$ , that is,  $\mathbf{X}$  took on value  $T$  on this trial of the experiment. The decision rule chooses  $H_i$  if the observed value  $T$  of  $\mathbf{X}$  exceeds  $\tau_i$  and  $H_{1-i}$  otherwise.

$$T \begin{cases} > \tau_i \\ < \tau_{1-i} \end{cases}$$

- (a) **(5 points)** If this is the maximum-likelihood decision rule, what are the values of  $i$  and  $\tau_i$ ?
- (b) **(12 points)** Find the false-alarm probability  $P_{FA}$  and the missed-detection probability  $P_{MD}$  of the maximum-likelihood decision rule.  
Now assume that  $P(H_0) = 0.6$  and  $P(H_1) = 0.4$ .
- (c) **(5 points)** For what value of  $i$  and  $\tau_i$  is the decision rule the minimum-error-probability (MEP) or Bayes' decision rule?
- (d) **(10 points)** For what values of  $\tau_0 = P(H_0)$ ,  $0 < \tau_0 < 1$ , does the MEP decision rule *always* choose  $H_0$  regardless of the observed value of  $\mathbf{X}$ ?  
For what values of  $\tau_1 = P(H_1)$ ,  $0 < \tau_1 < 1$ , does the MEP decision rule *always* choose  $H_1$  regardless of the observed value of  $\mathbf{X}$ ?