

ECE 220 Computer Systems & Programming

Pointers



What is Pointer?

Pointer

- Address of a variable in memory
- Allows us to indirectly access variables (in other words, we can talk about its **address** rather than its **value**)



Pointers in C

Declaring Pointer Variables

```
int *ptr;  
char *cptr;  
double *dptr;
```

& - **address operator:** `&x` returns the address of variable `x`

***** - **indirection (dereference) operator:** `*ptr` returns the value pointed to by `ptr`

```
int object;  
int *ptr;  
object = 4;  
ptr = &object;  
*ptr = *ptr + 1;
```

More on Pointers

NULL pointer - a pointer that points to nothing

```
int *ptr;  
ptr = NULL;
```

Syntax for Pointer operators

1. Declaring a pointer

```
type *var_ptr;  
type* var_ptr;
```

2. Creating a pointer

```
&var
```

3. Dereferencing

```
*var_ptr  
**var_ptr
```

Pointer Fun on YouTube:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=i49_SNt4yfk