

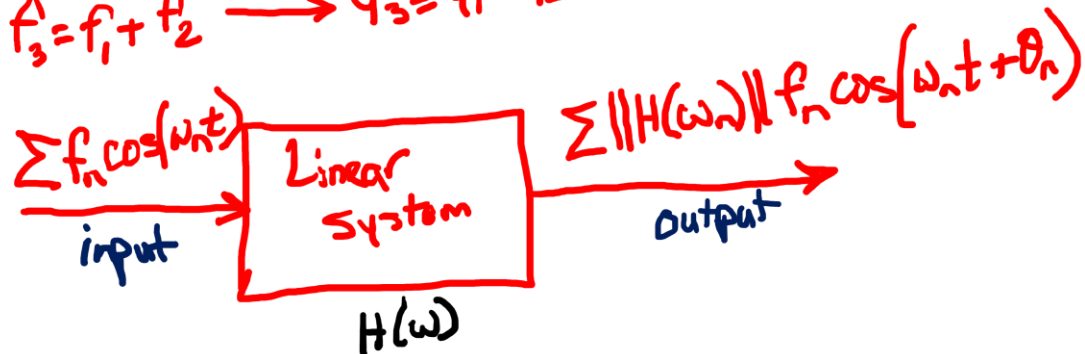
Frequency Response to multiple inputs

Linear System

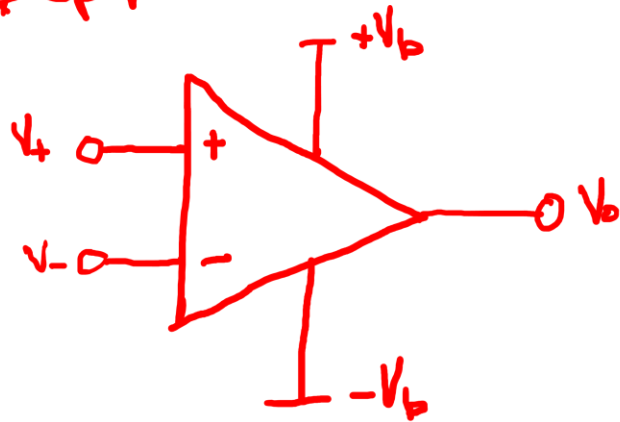
$$f_1 \longrightarrow y_1$$

$$f_2 \longrightarrow y_2$$

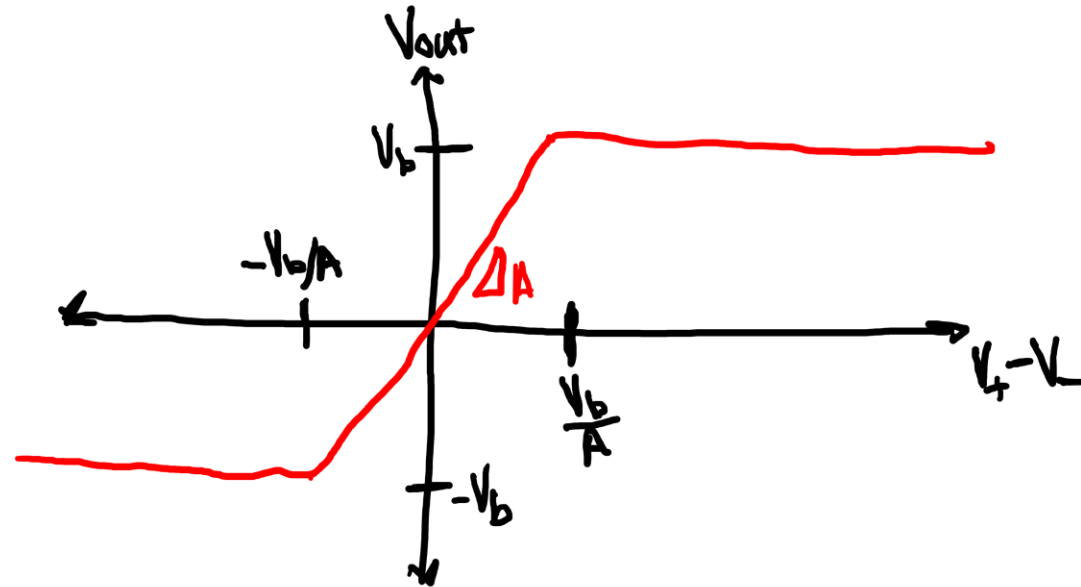
$$f_3 = f_1 + f_2 \longrightarrow y_3 = y_1 + y_2$$



Operational Amplifiers * Op-Amps

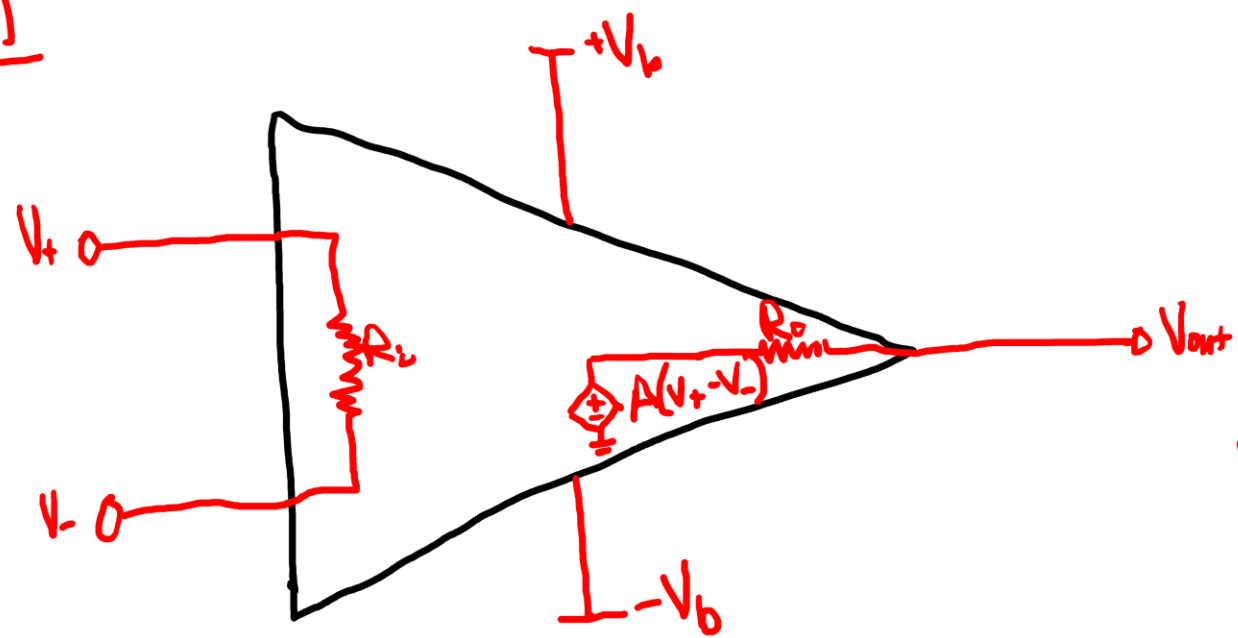


$A = \text{Op-Amp Gain}$

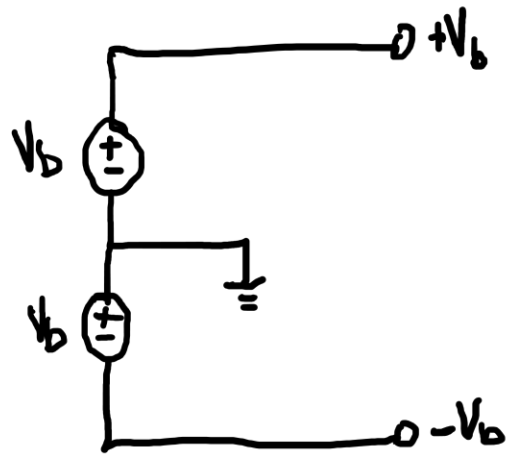


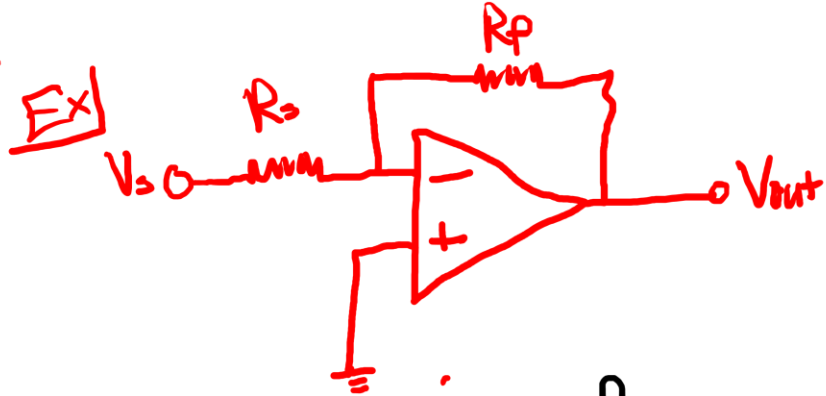
Need $|V_+ - V_-| < \frac{V_b}{A}$ to be in linear region of op-amp.

Op-Amp Model



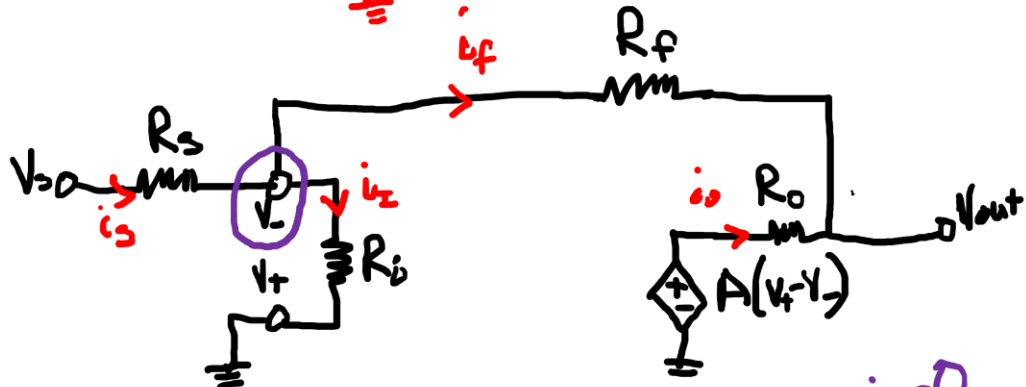
$$V_{out} = A(V_+ - V_-) - i_o R_o$$





Gain: A

Assume: $R_i \rightarrow \infty$ (very large), $i_i \rightarrow 0$
 $R_o = 0$ (very small)
 $A \gg 1$ (1×10^6)



$$V_+ = 0$$

$$i_i = \frac{V_- - V_+}{R_i}$$

$$i_i = \frac{V_-}{R_i}$$

KCL: $i_s - i_i - i_f = 0$
 $i_s = i_i + i_f$

$$\frac{V_s - V_-}{R_s} = \frac{V_-}{R_i} + \frac{V_- - V_{out}}{R_f}$$

$$\frac{V_s + \frac{1}{A} V_{out}}{R_s} = -\frac{\frac{1}{A} V_{out} - V_{out}}{R_f}$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$V_{out} = \frac{-V_s}{\frac{R_s}{R_f} + \frac{1}{A} \left(1 + \frac{R_s}{R_f}\right)}$$

$$V_{out} = A(V_+ - V_-) - i_o R_o$$

$$V_{out} = -A V_- - i_o R_o$$

$$-A V_- = V_{out} + i_o R_o$$

$$V_- = -\frac{1}{A} V_{out} - \frac{i_o R_o}{A}$$

$$V_- = -\frac{1}{A} V_{out}$$

$$\approx \boxed{V_{out} = -\frac{R_f}{R_s} V_s}$$

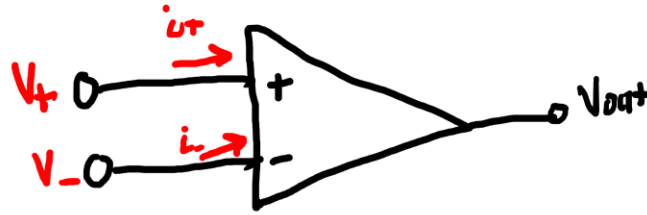
* Inverting Op-Amp

Ideal Linear Op-Amp Rules

* $R_i \rightarrow \infty$

Rule: $i_+ = i_- = 0$

Rule: $V_+ = V_-$

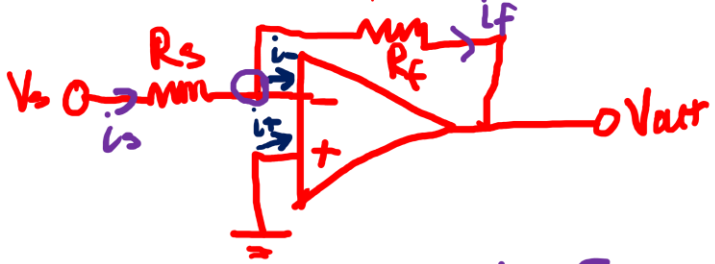


$A \gg 1$

$$V_{out} = A(V_+ - V_-) \\ = \frac{V_+ - V_-}{\frac{1}{A}}$$

$A \rightarrow \infty, \frac{1}{A} \rightarrow 0$

* Remain Bounded
 $V_+ - V_- \rightarrow 0$



Rules
 $i_+ = i_- = 0$
 $V_+ = V_-$

KCL: $i_s - i_- - i_f = 0$
 $i_s = i_f$

$$\frac{V_s - V_-}{R_s} = \frac{V_- - V_{out}}{R_f}$$

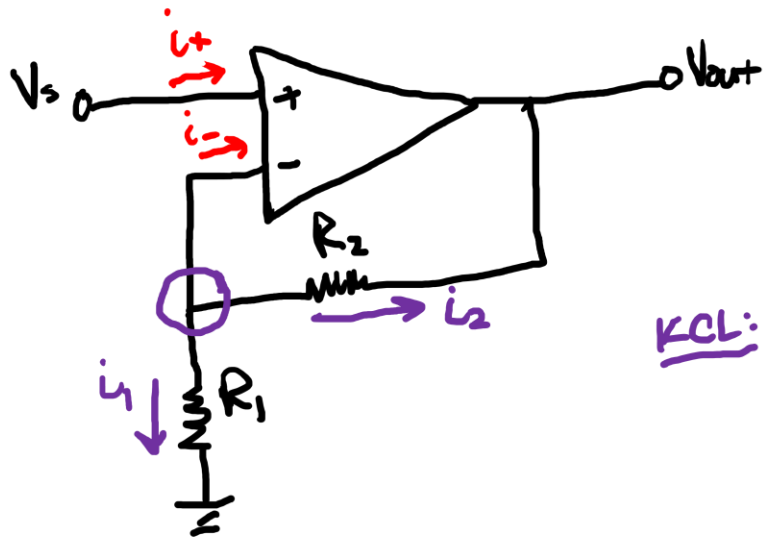
$$V_+ = 0$$

$$V_- = 0$$

$$\frac{V_s - 0}{R_s} = \frac{0 - V_{out}}{R_f}$$

$$V_{out} = -\frac{R_f}{R_s} V_s$$

* Inverting op-Amp



Rules
 $i_+ = i_- = 0$
 $V_+ = V_-$

$V_+ = V_s$ $V_- = V_s$

KCL:

$$-i_- - i_1 - i_2 = 0$$

$$0 = i_1 + i_2$$

$$0 = \frac{V_- - 0}{R_1} + \frac{V_- - V_{out}}{R_2}$$

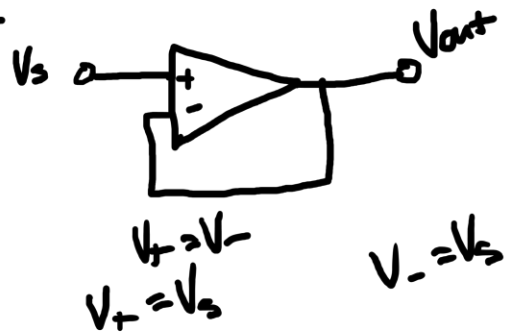
$$0 = \frac{V_s}{R_1} + \frac{V_s}{R_2} - \frac{V_{out}}{R_2}$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{R_2} = V_s \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right)$$

$$V_{out} = V_s \left(1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1} \right)$$

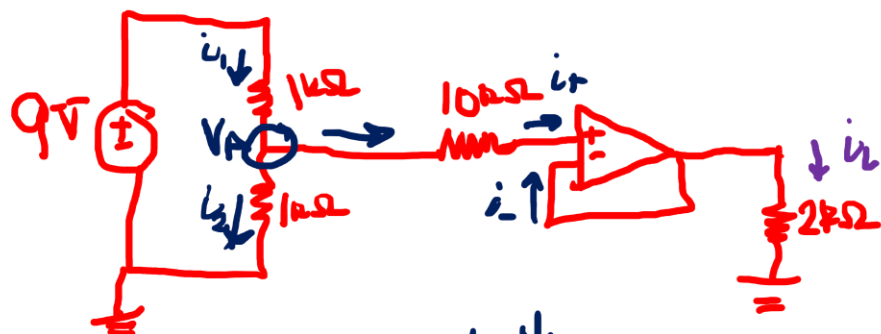
↳ Non-Inverting Op-Amp

Buffer



$$V_{out} = V \Rightarrow \boxed{V_{out} = V_s}$$

* Helpful for isolating part of your circuit.



$$V_+ = V_- \\ i_+ = i_- = 0$$

$$i_+ = 0 = \frac{V_A - V_+}{10k} \\ V_+ = V_A \\ V_+ = 4.5V \\ V_- = 4.5V \\ V_{out} = 4.5V$$

$$\text{KCL: } i_1 - i_+ - i_2 = 0 \\ i_1 = i_2$$

$$\text{VDR: } V_A = \left(\frac{1k}{2k}\right) 9 \Rightarrow \boxed{V_A = 4.5V}$$

$$i_L = \frac{V_{out} - 0}{2k} \\ = \frac{4.5 - 0}{2k} \\ \boxed{i_L = 2.25mA}$$