

if exist
 set ans for (z,x) to yes
 remove (z,x) from E
 else break

Total time: # oracle calls = $O(r^3 + K)$
 # "yes" edges

$$\Rightarrow O((r^3 + K) T(\frac{n}{r}))$$

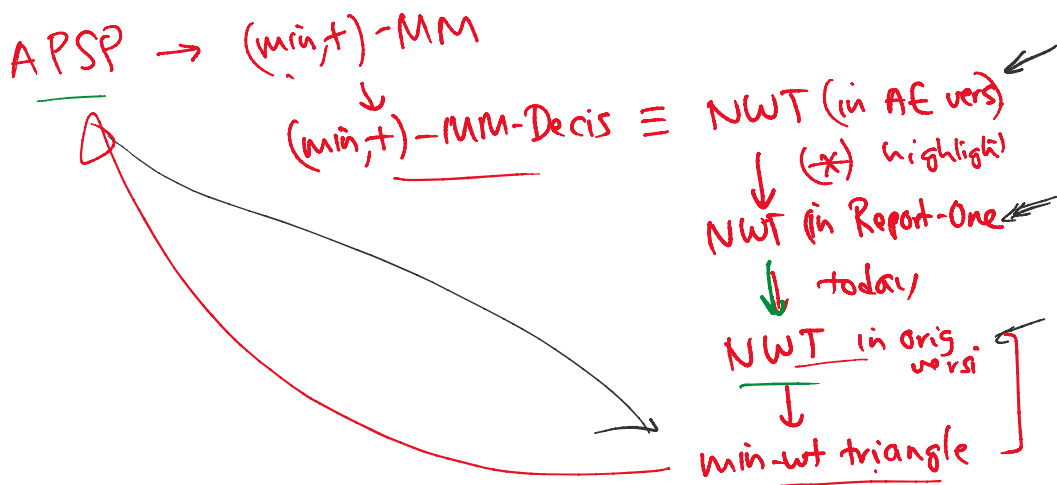
$$\leq O((r^3 + n^2) T(\frac{n}{r}))$$

Set $r = n^{2/3} \Rightarrow O(n^2 \cdot T(n^{1/3}))$

$$\leq O(n^2 \cdot (n^{1/3})^{3-\delta})$$

$$= O(n^{3-\frac{\delta}{3}}).$$

Last Time:

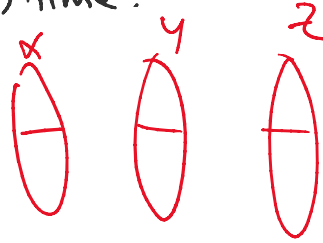


Step 3. Reduce NWT in Report-one vers. \rightarrow NWT in Orig vers.

Suppose NWT could be solved in $T(n) = O(n^{3-\delta})$ time.

To solve Report-one NWT:

Divide X into X_1, X_2 of size $\frac{n}{2}$
 Y into Y_1, Y_2
 Z into Z_1, Z_2



for each $i, j, k \in \{1, 2\}$

call oracle to decide \exists neg-wt triangle in $X_i \times Y_j \times Z_k$

if yes, recurse in X_i, Y_j, Z_k & exit

Runtime

$$T'(n) \leq T'\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \underbrace{8 T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)}_{O(n^{3-\delta})}$$

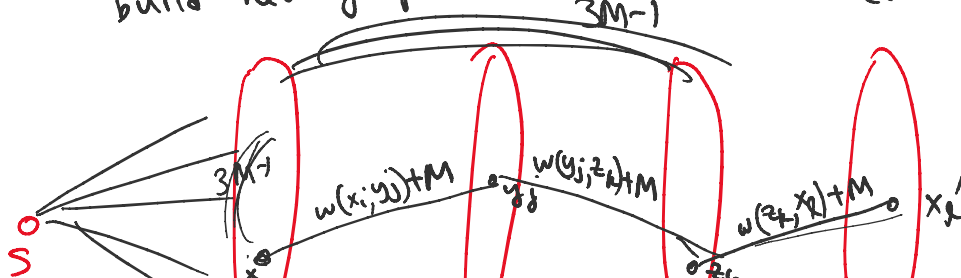
$$\Rightarrow T'(n) \leq O(n^{3-\delta}). \quad \square$$

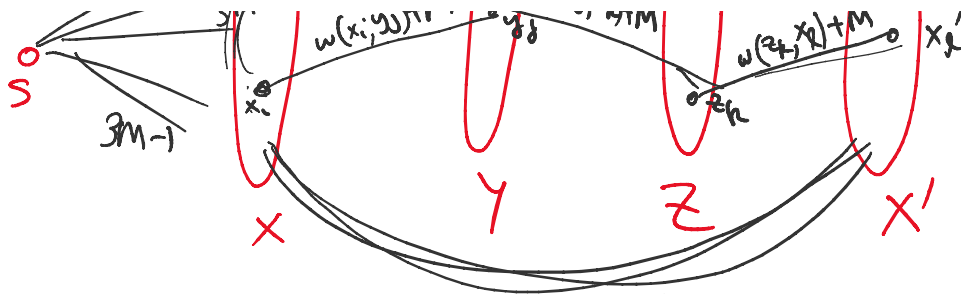
Reduce NWT \rightarrow Radius:

Suppose graph radius could be computed in $T(n) = O(n^{3-\delta})$ time.

To solve NWT for a given weighted tripartite graph $G = (X \cup Y \cup Z, E)$:

build new graph \hat{G} : $M > \max_{e \in E} |w(e)|$





$\forall i \neq l, 3M-1$

compute radius of \hat{G} by oracle
in $T(O(n))$ time
 $\leq O(n^{3-\delta})$

Claim G has neg-wt triangle
 $\iff \hat{G}$ has radius $< 3M$.

Pf: (\implies) Suppose $x_i y_j z_k$ is neg-wt tri in G .
dist from x_i to any vertex in \hat{G}
 $< 3M$.

(\implies) Suppose \hat{G} has radius $< 3M$.
Center must be in X , say it is x_i .
dist from x_i to x'_i $< 3M$.

$$\Rightarrow \exists y_j, z_k, \cancel{w(x_i, y_j) + M} + \cancel{w(y_j, z_k) + M} + \cancel{w(z_k, x_i) + M} < \cancel{3M}$$

$\Rightarrow \exists$ neg-wt tri in G . \square

Open: APSP \rightarrow diam?

Problem Zero-Weight Triangle (ZWT)

Given tripartite graph,

$x, y, z \in Z$ s.t.

Given tripartite graph,

decide $\exists x \in X, y \in Y, z \in Z$ s.t.
 $w(x,y) + w(y,z) + w(z,x) = 0.$

Thm for int wts,
if ZWT has $O(n^{3-\delta})$ alg'm,
then APSP has $O(n^{3-\delta'})$ alg'm.

Pf: Reduce NWT \rightarrow ZWT:

Lemma (turn ineq. to equality) given 3 ints a, b, c

$$a + b + c > 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \exists i, \lfloor \frac{a}{2^i} \rfloor + \lfloor \frac{b}{2^i} \rfloor + \lfloor \frac{c}{2^i} \rfloor = 1 \text{ or } 2 \text{ or } 3 \text{ or } \dots \text{ or } 7.$$

Pf: (\Leftarrow) Suppose $\lfloor \frac{a}{2^i} \rfloor + \lfloor \frac{b}{2^i} \rfloor + \lfloor \frac{c}{2^i} \rfloor \in \{1, \dots, 7\}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a}{2^i} + \frac{b}{2^i} + \frac{c}{2^i} > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow a + b + c > 0.$$

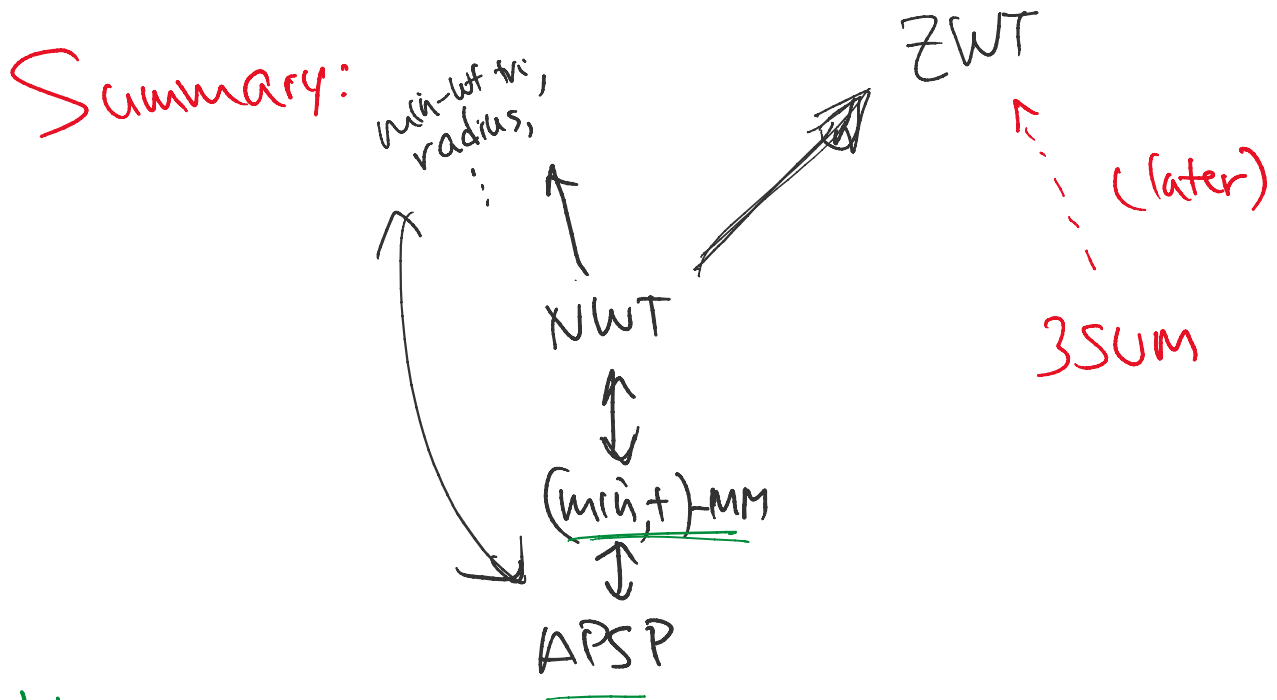
(\Rightarrow) Suppose $a + b + c > 0$.
 $2^{i+2} \leq a + b + c < 2^{i+3}$ ($i \geq 0$)

$$0 < \frac{a+b+c}{2^i} - 3 < \left(\frac{a}{2^i} \right) + \left(\frac{b}{2^i} \right) + \left(\frac{c}{2^i} \right)$$

$$\leq \frac{a+b+c}{2^i} < 8 \quad \square$$

Suppose ZWT could be solved in $T(n)$ time.
 $n^{(1+\epsilon)(n+1)}$ time

Suppose ZWT could be solved in $T(n)$ time.
 Then NWT " " " " $O(T(n) \log U)$ time.



Next:

Cond. LBs from (min,+)-Convolution

Problem Given $a_0, \dots, a_{n-1}, b_0, \dots, b_{n-1}$,
 compute $c_k = \min_i (a_i + b_{k-i})$

Conjecture No $O(n^{2-\delta})$ algm for (min,+)-Conv.