

Secure Multi-Party Computation

Lecture 13

Must We Trust  ?

Must We Trust ?

- Can we have an auction without an auctioneer?!

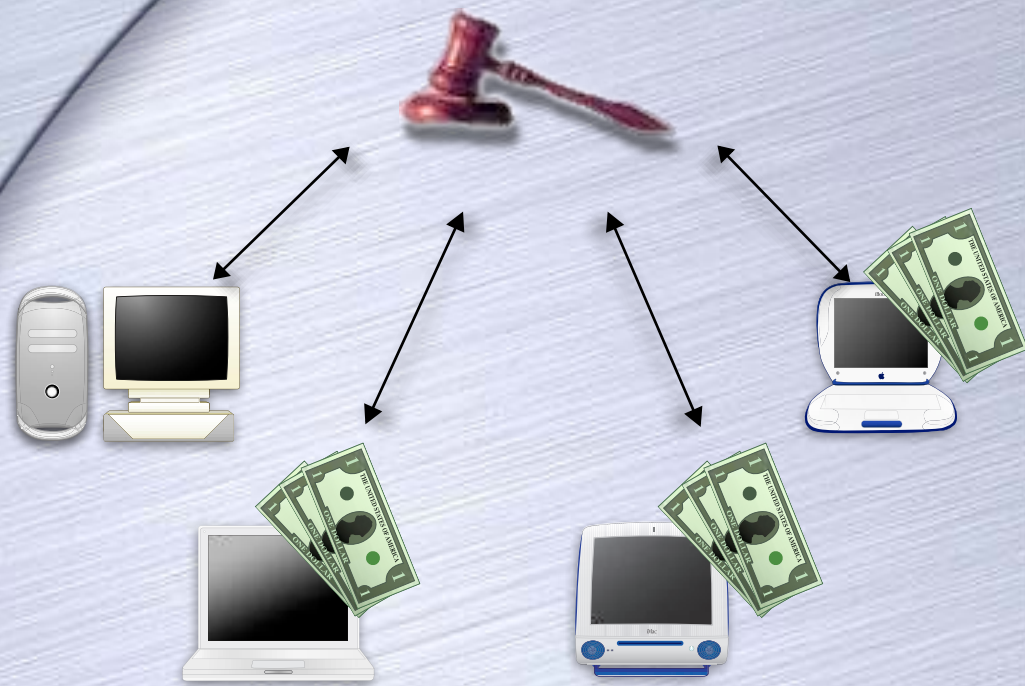
Must We Trust **ebay**™?

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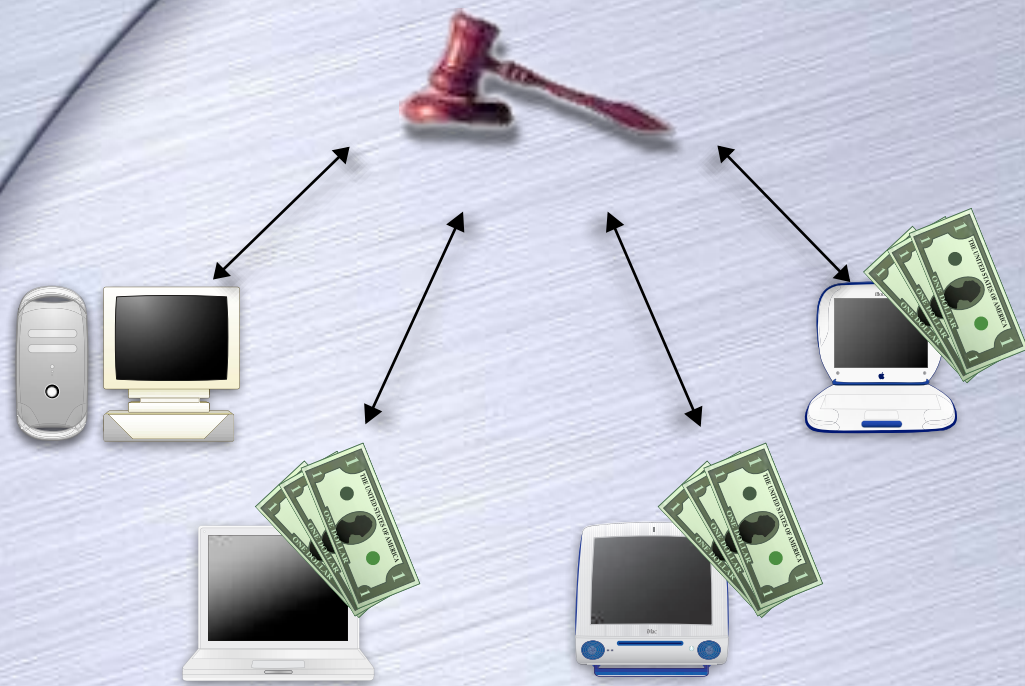
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- Can we have an auction without an auctioneer?!
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- Declared winning bid should be correct
- Only the winner and winning bid should be revealed



Using data without sharing?



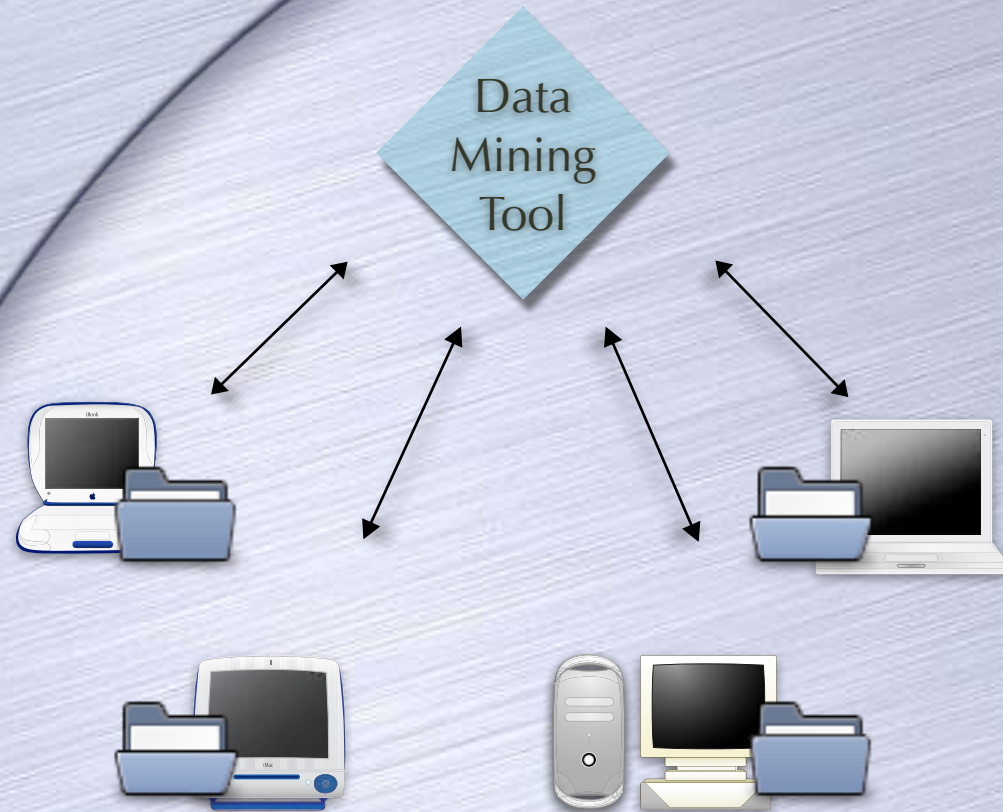
Using data without sharing?

- Hospitals which can't share their patient records with anyone

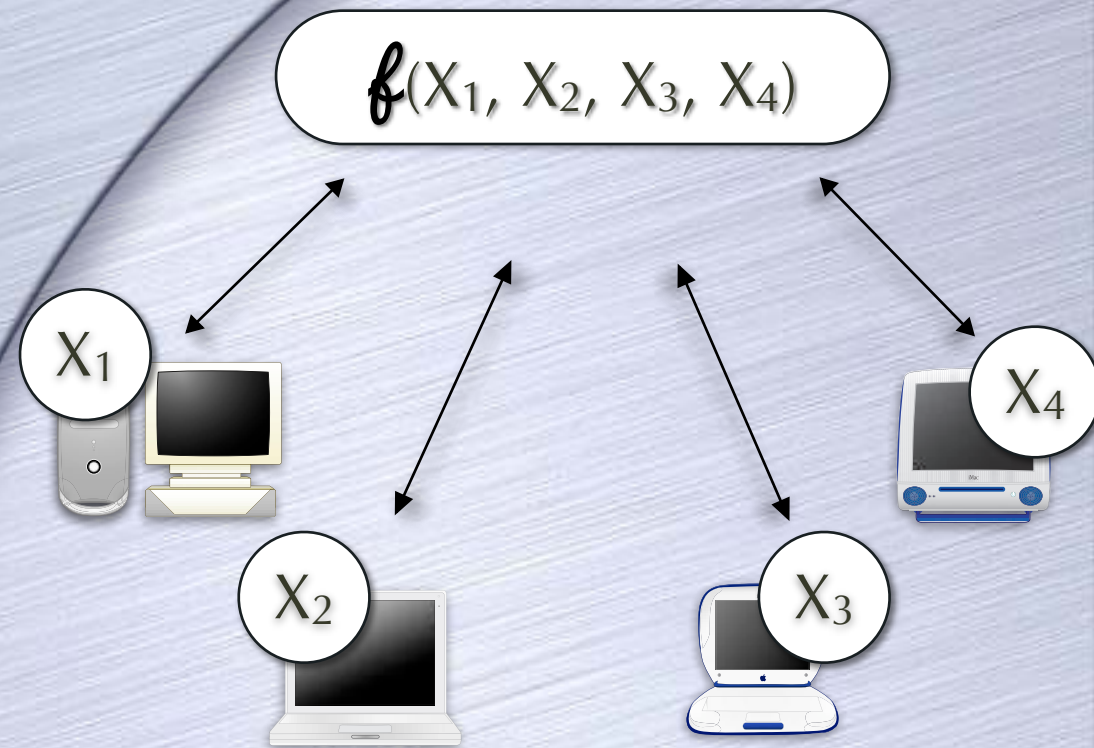


Using data without sharing?

- Hospitals which can't share their patient records with anyone
- But want to data-mine on combined data

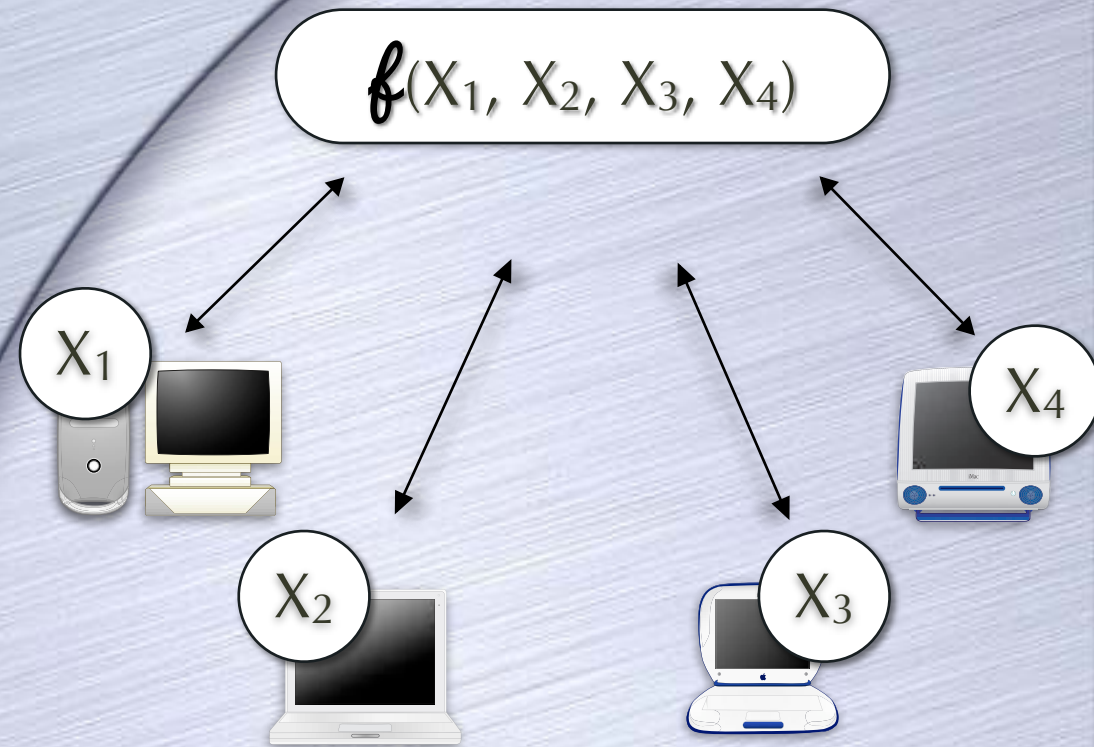


Secure Function Evaluation



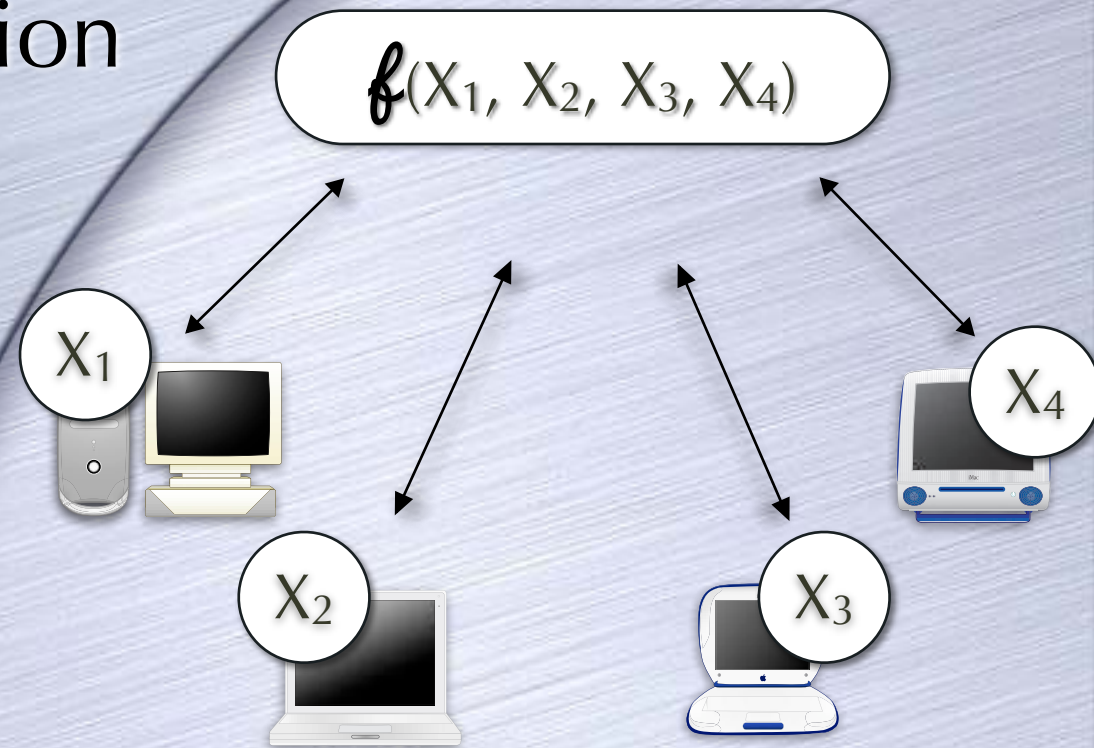
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- A general problem



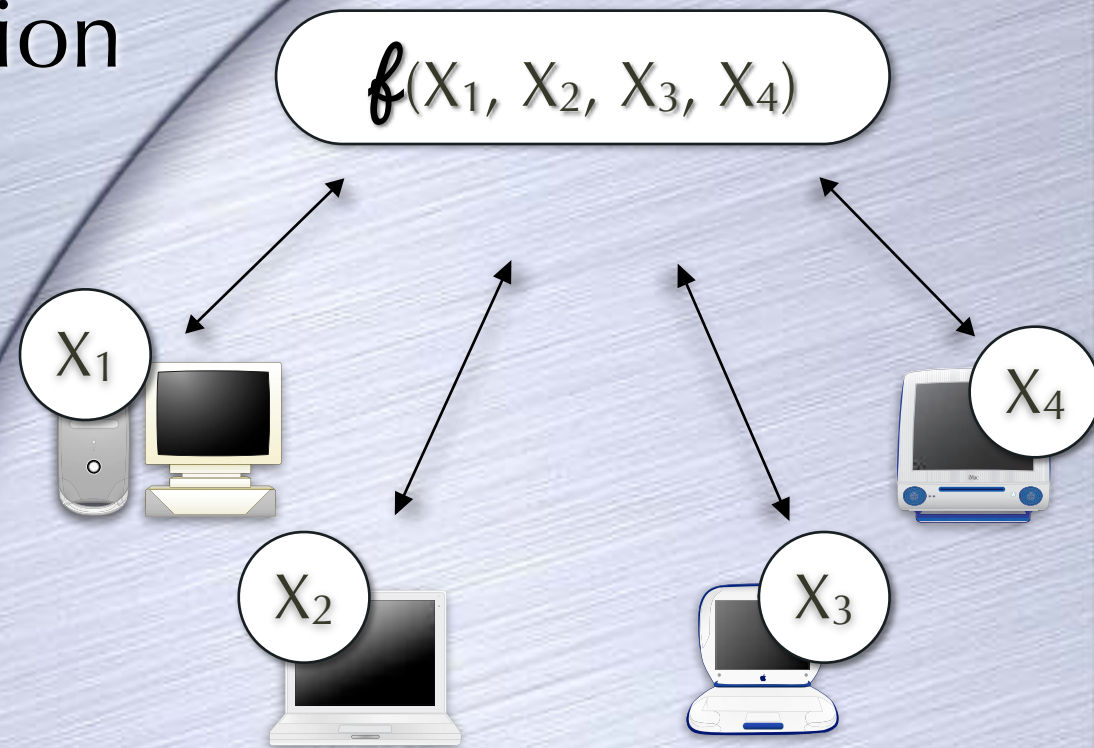
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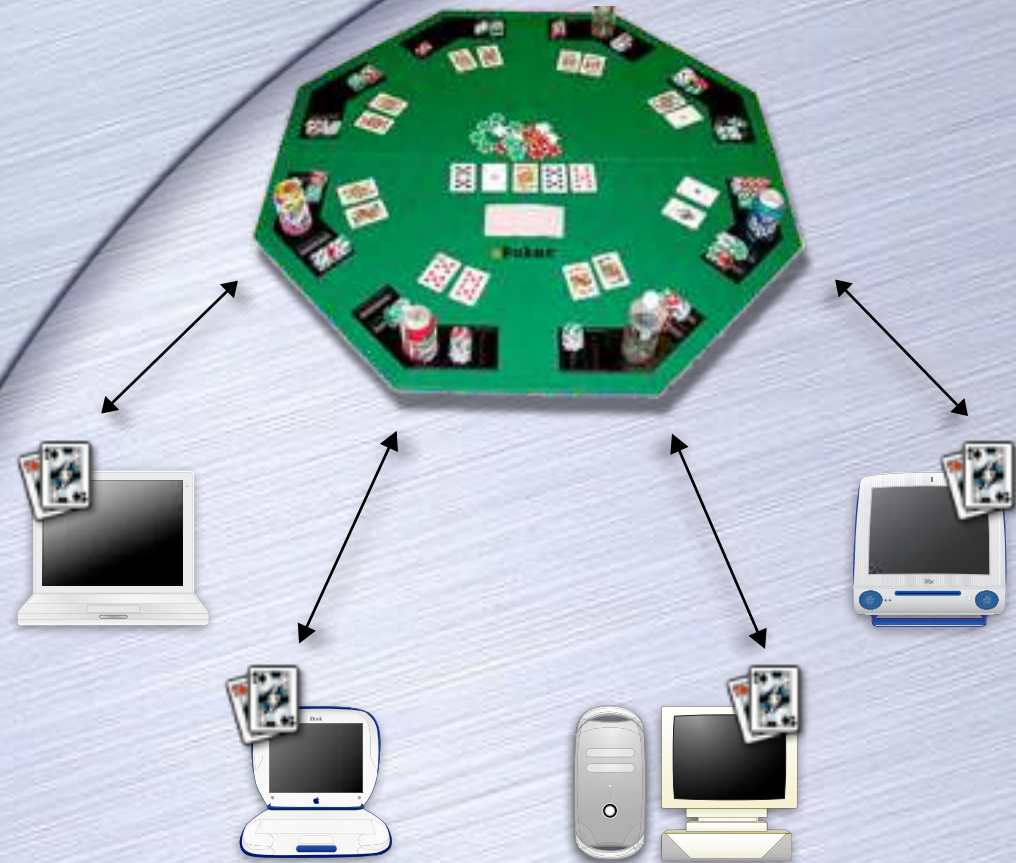
- A general problem
- To compute a function of private inputs without revealing information about the inputs
- Beyond what is revealed by the function



Poker With No Dealer?

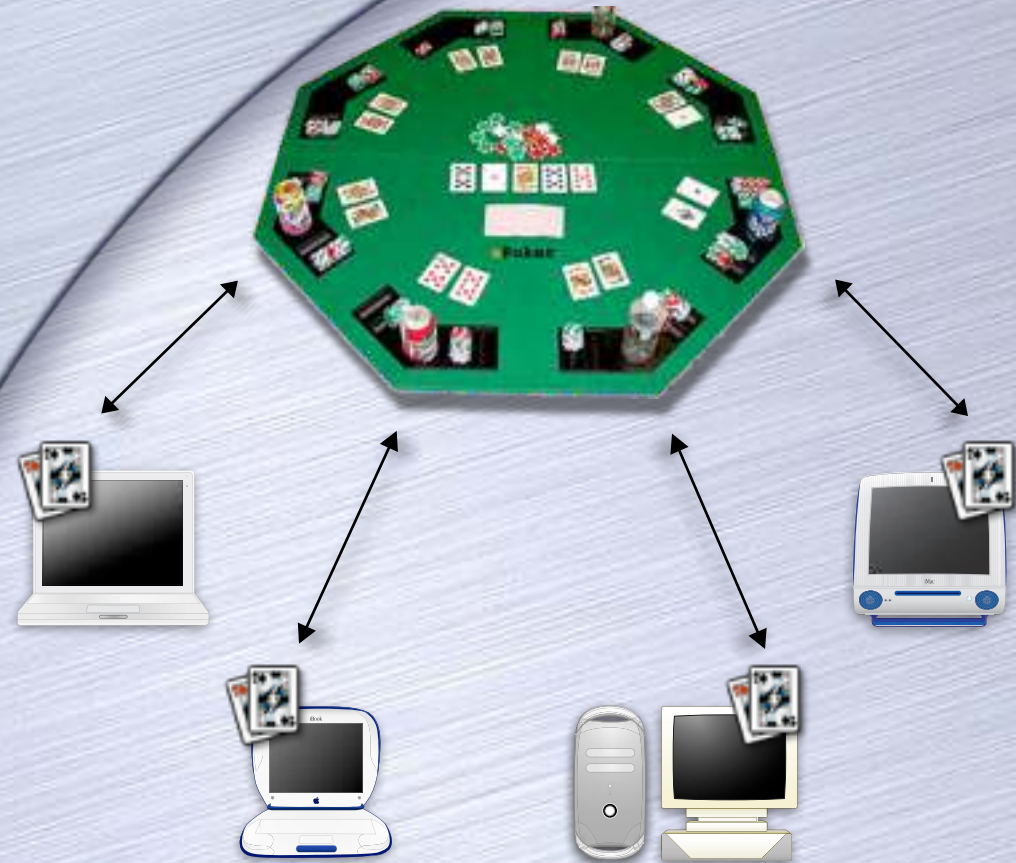


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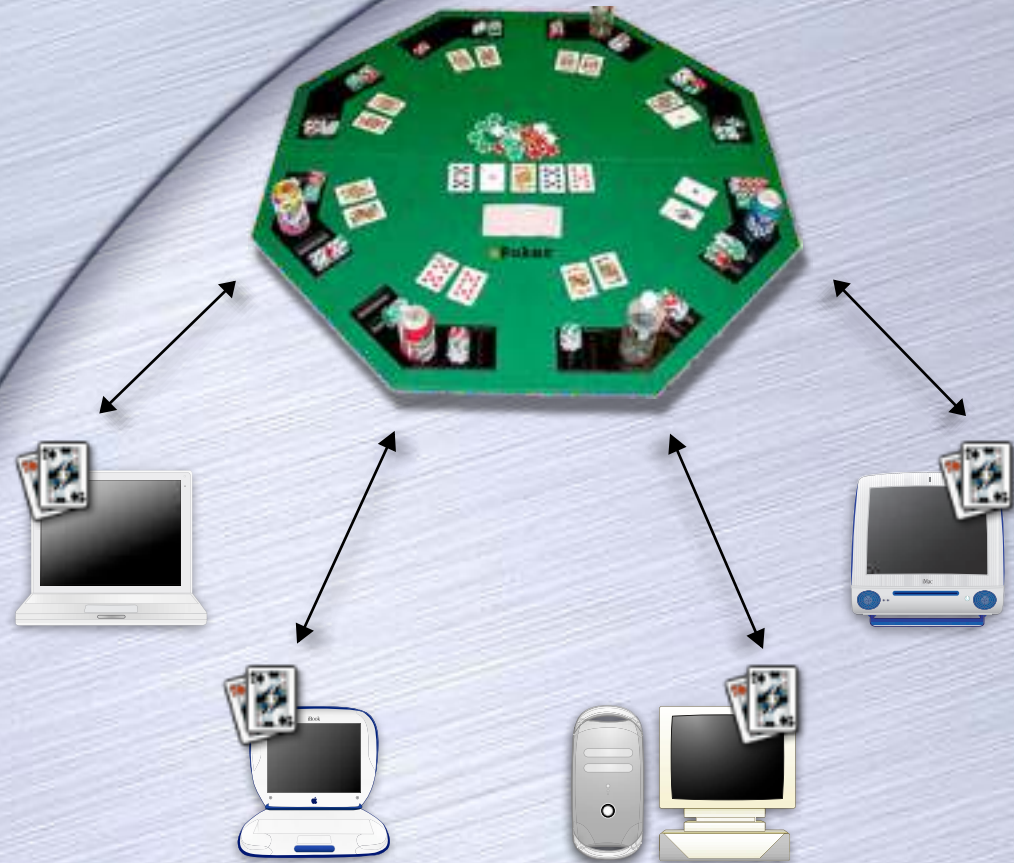
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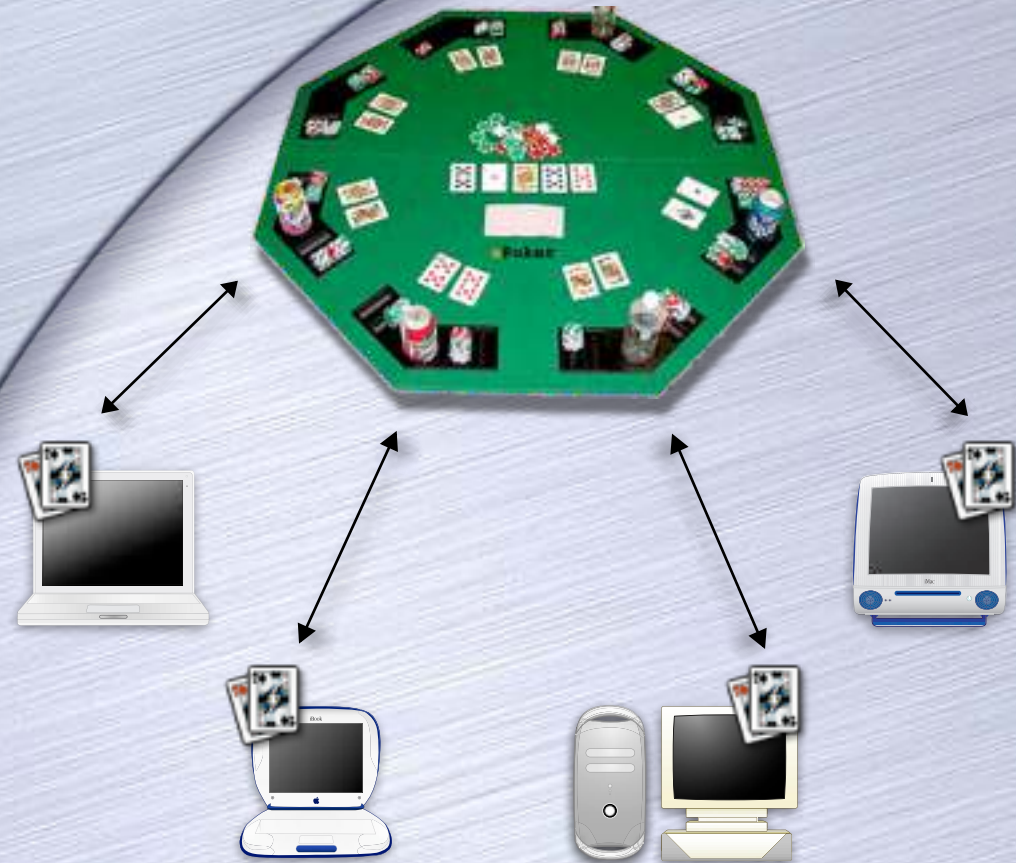
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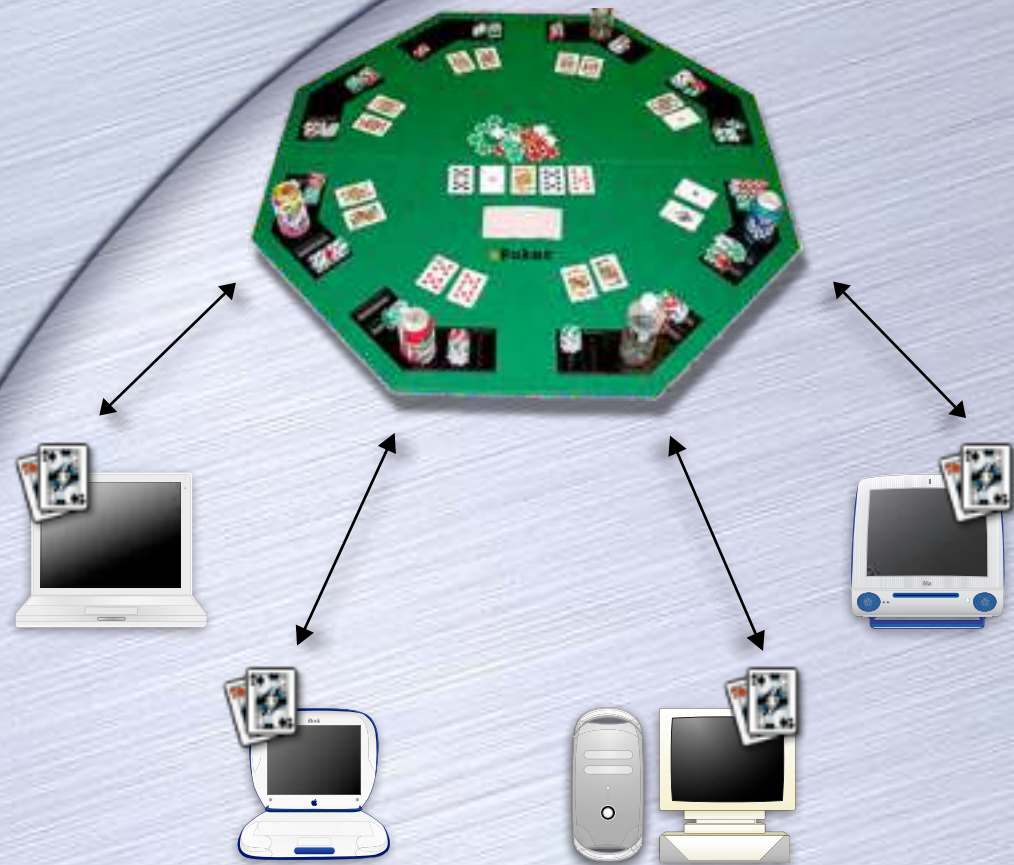
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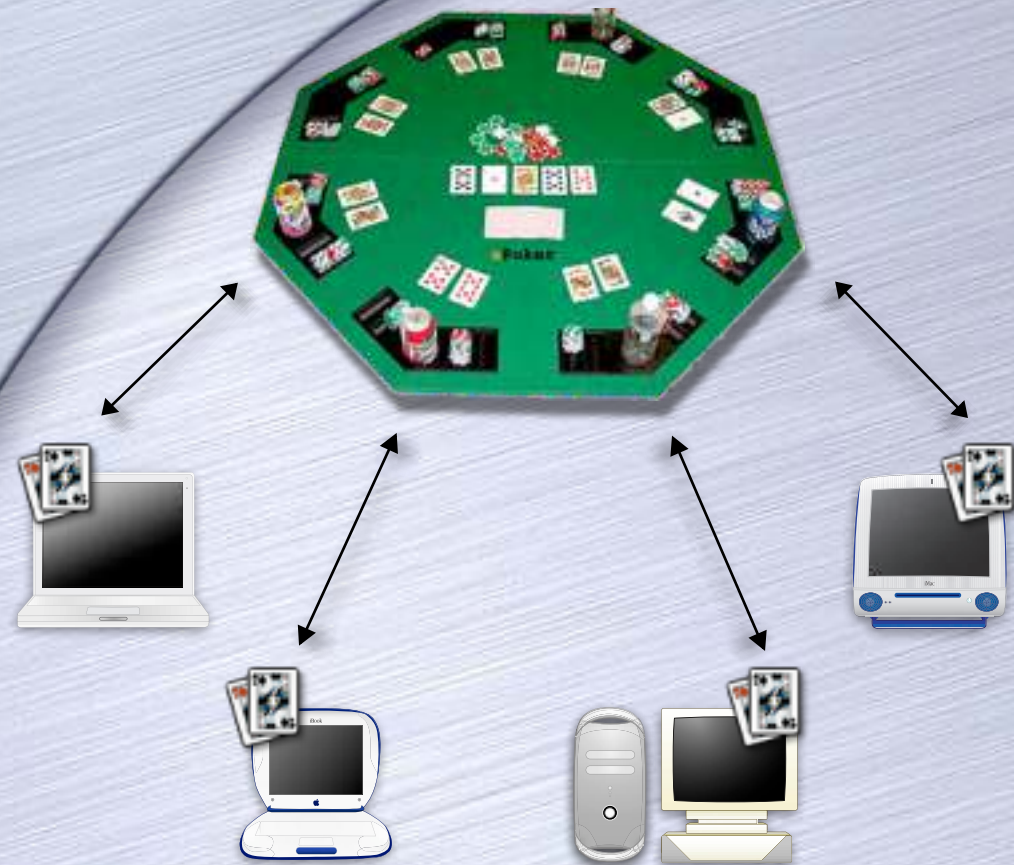
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- No universally trusted dealer



The Ambitious Goal



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- Without any trusted party, securely do
 - Distributed Data mining
 - E-commerce
 - Network Games
 - E-voting
 - Secure function evaluation
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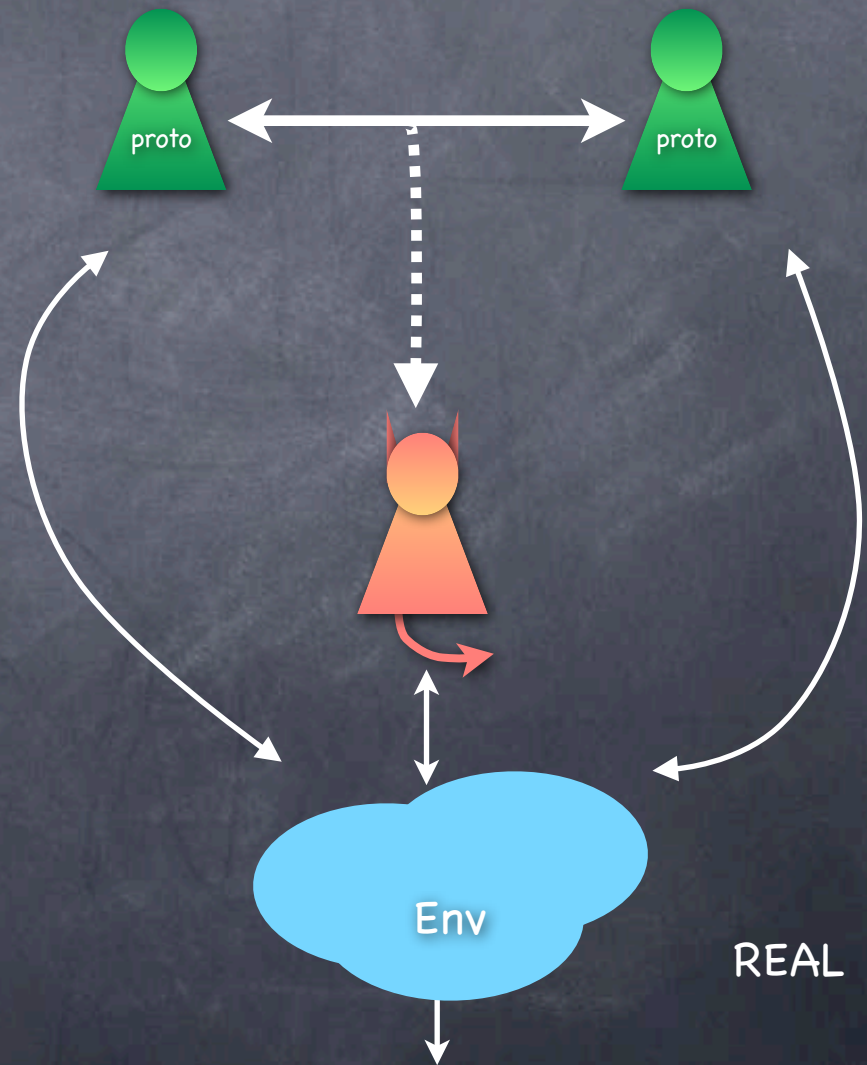
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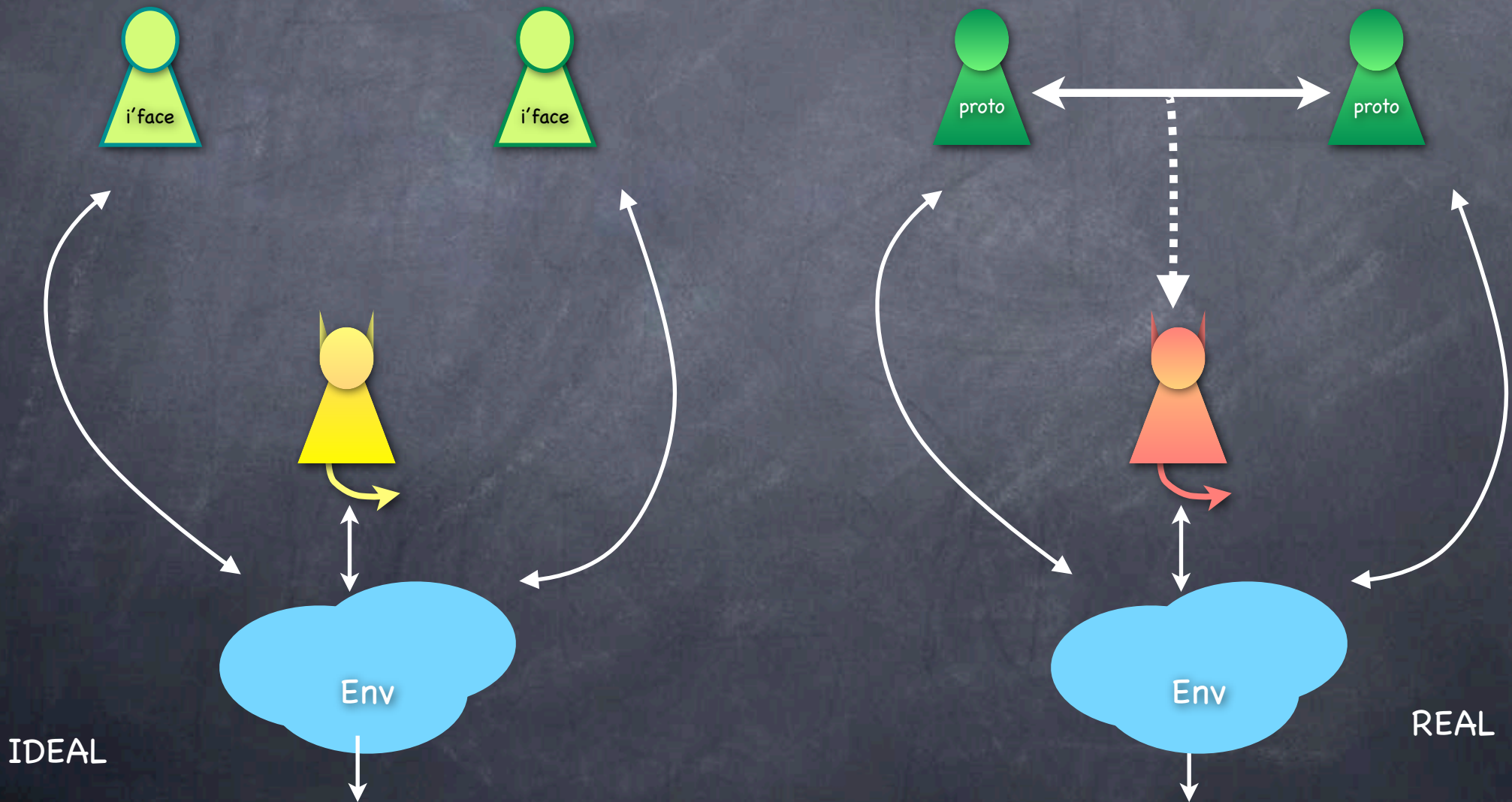
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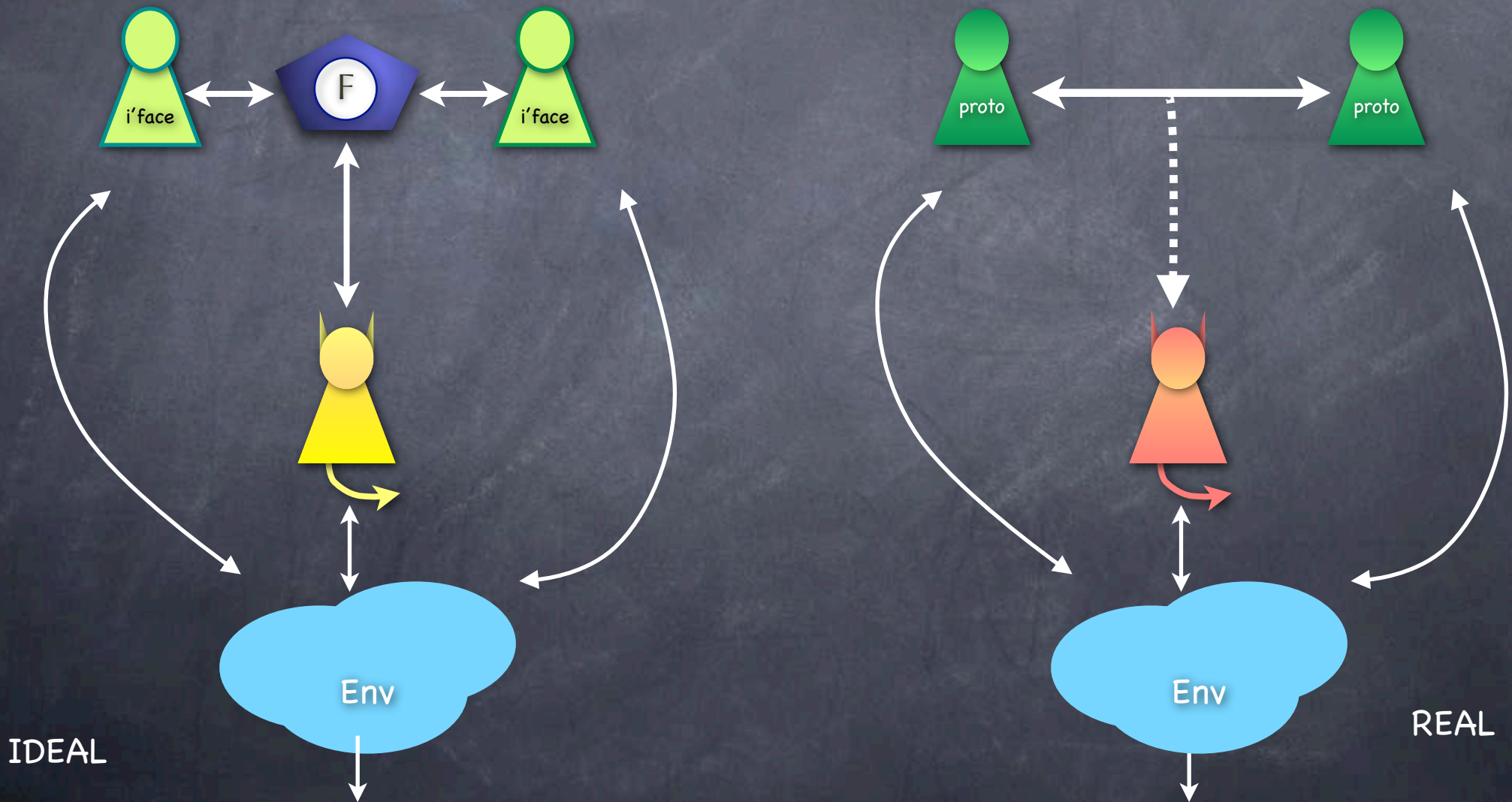
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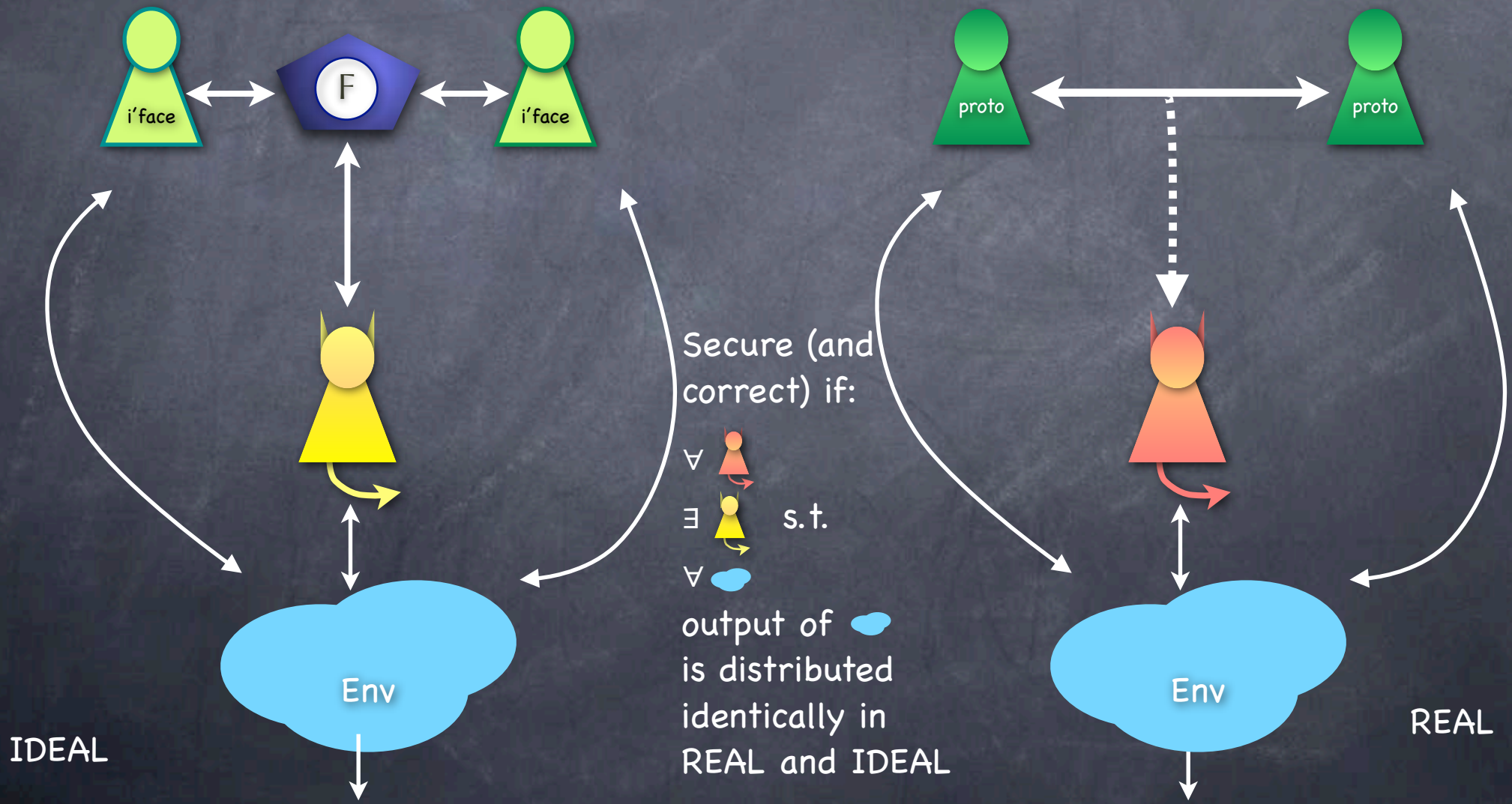
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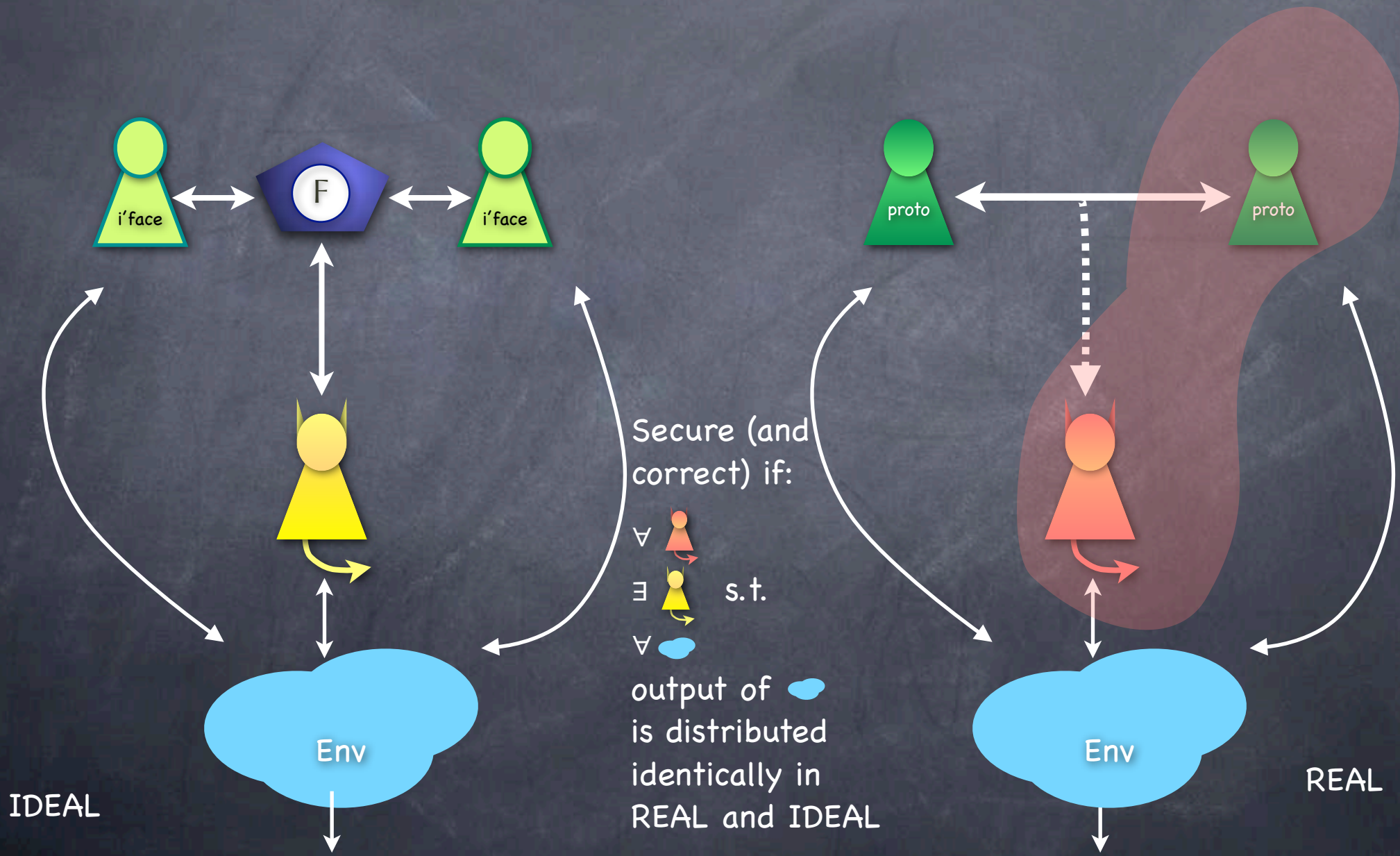
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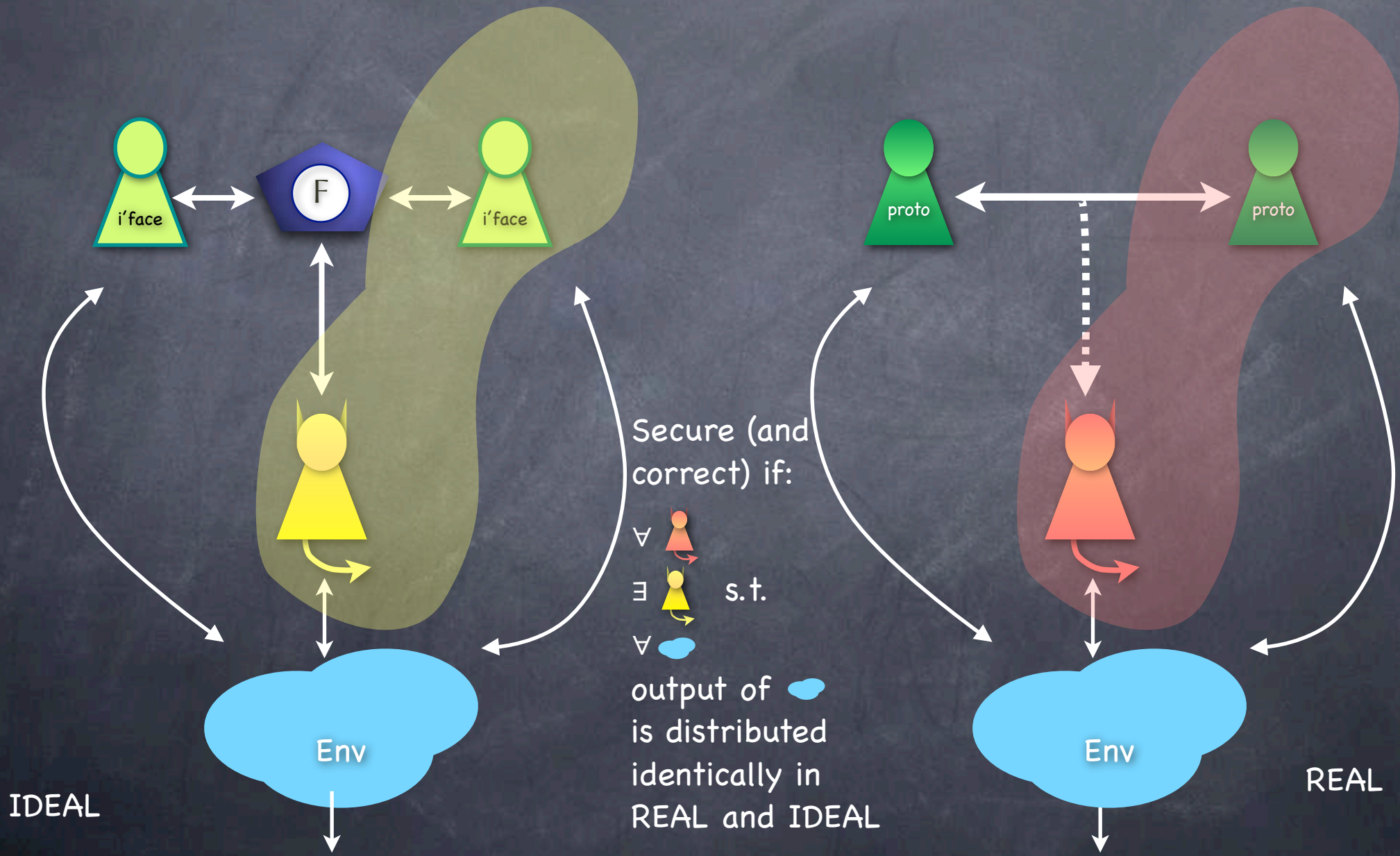
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 - Because IDEAL trusted entity would allow neither

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- Passive vs. Active adversary: Passive adversary gets only read access to the internal state of the corrupted players. Active adversary overwrites their state and program.

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 - e.g. 2-party SFE for OR, with output going to only one party (trivial against active adversary; impossible without computational assumptions against passive adversary)

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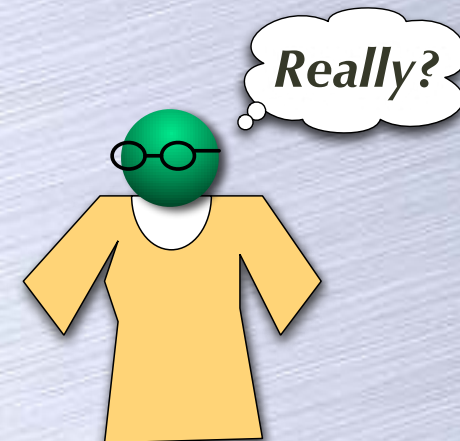
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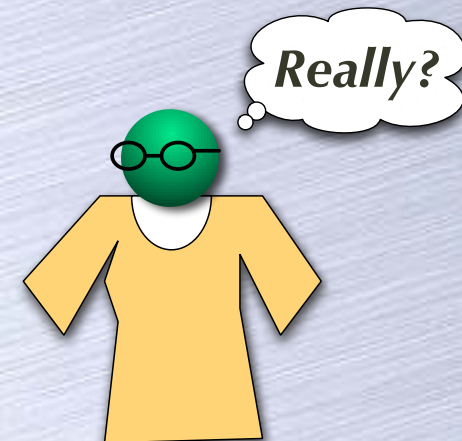
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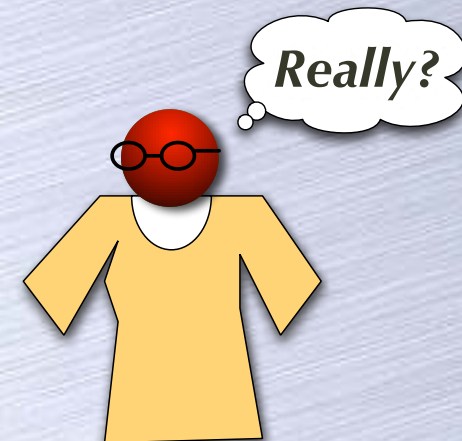
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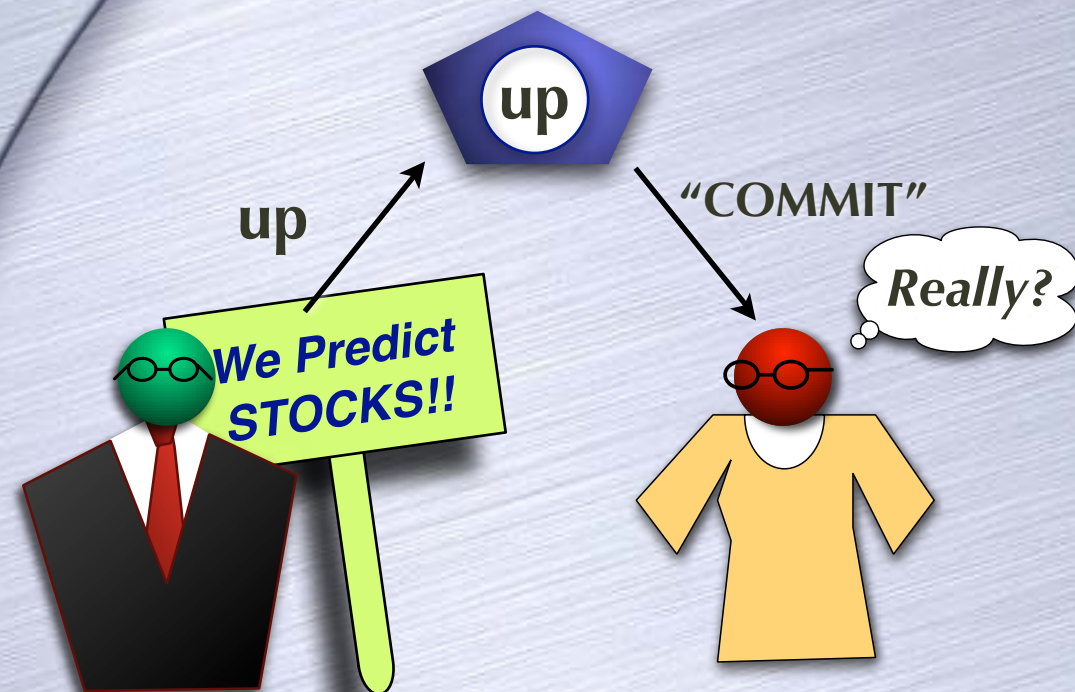
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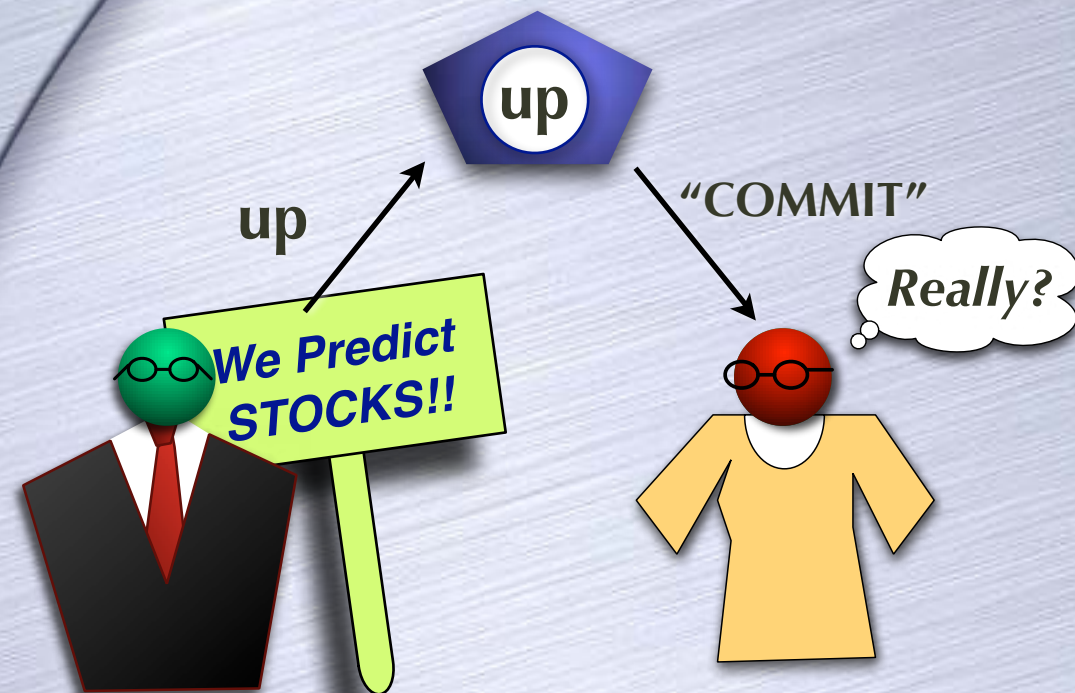
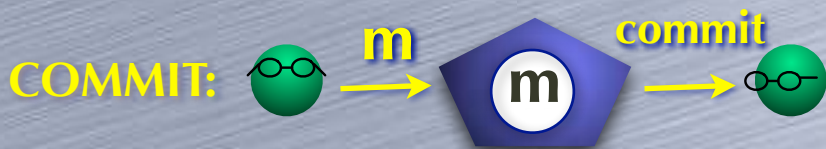
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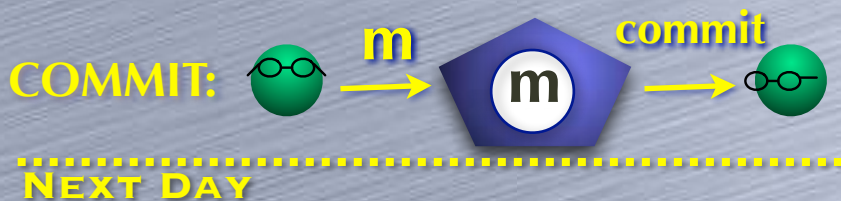
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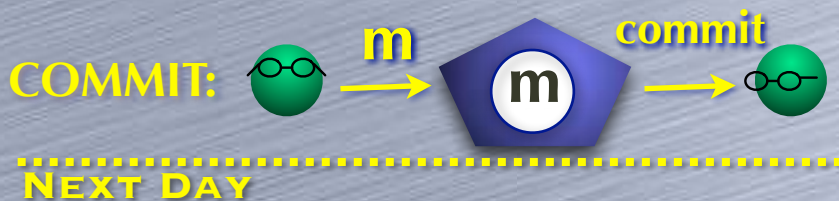
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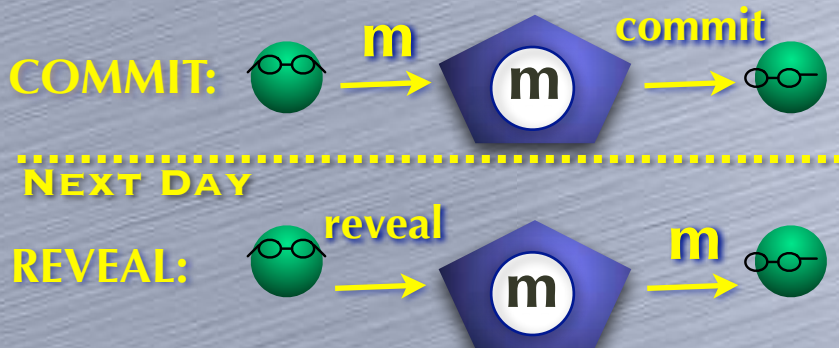
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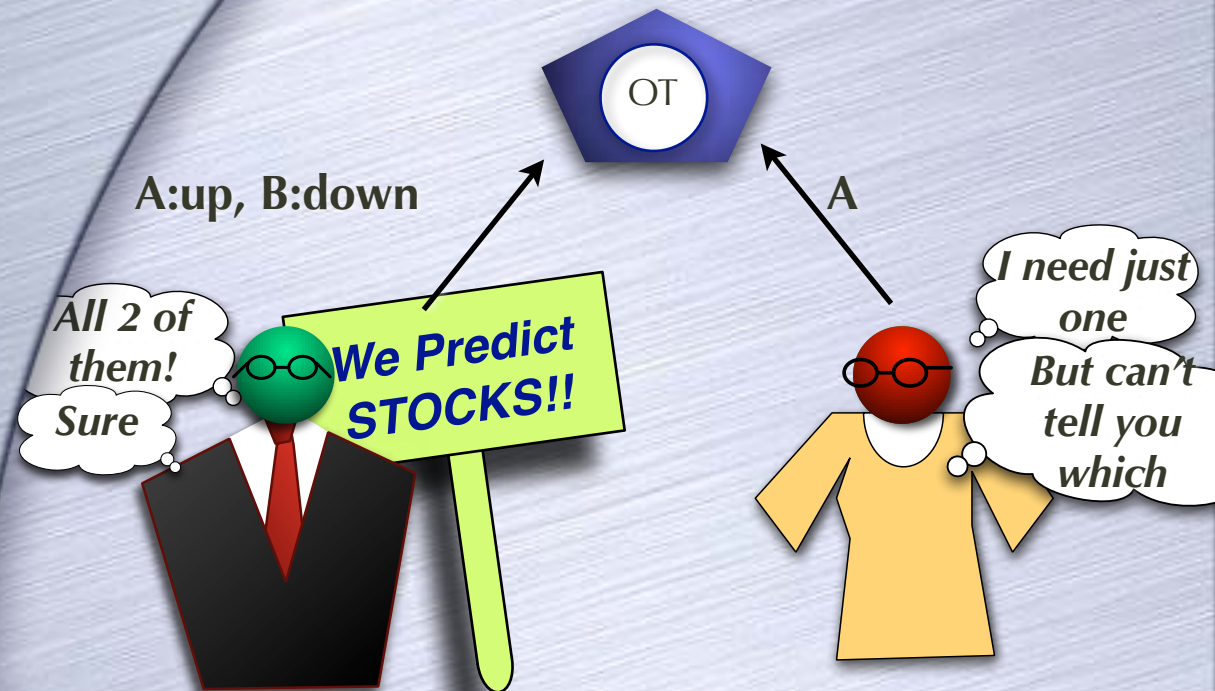
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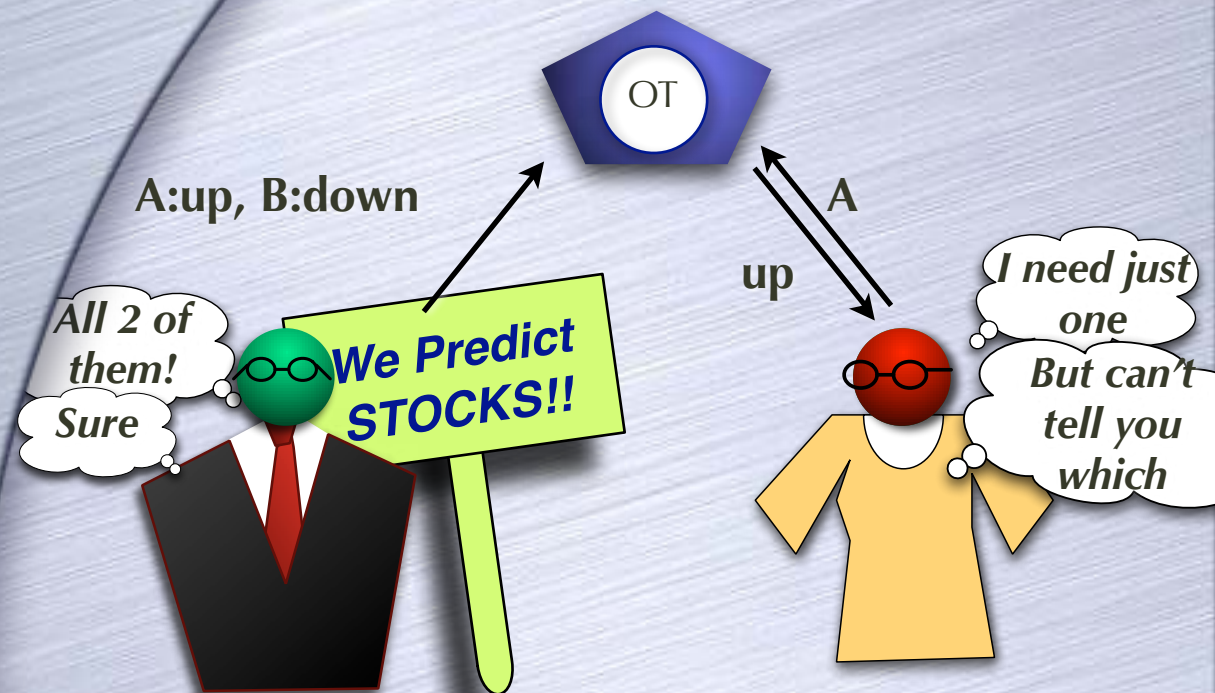
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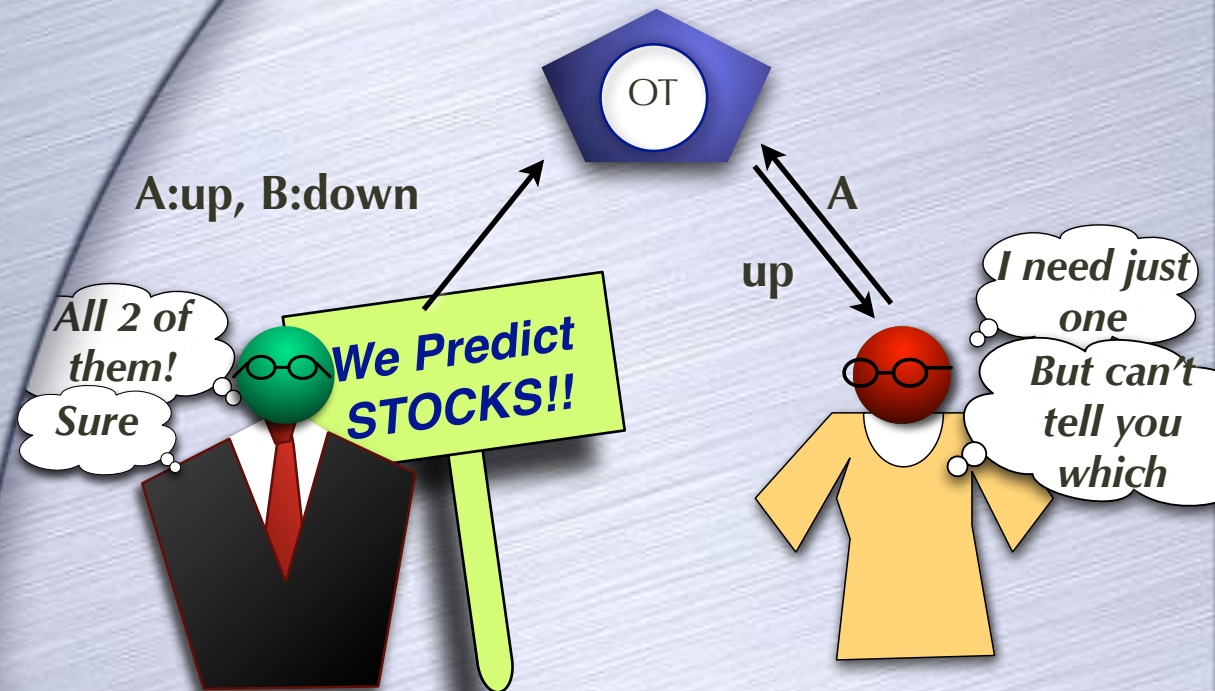
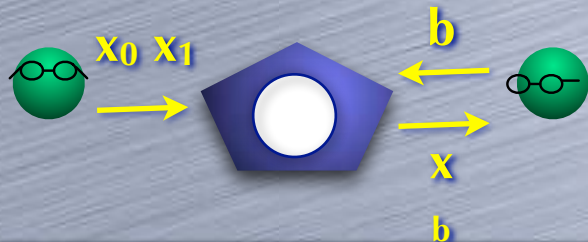
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 - Unless modified carefully...

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- **Modified SIM definitions** (super-PPT adversary for ideal world)

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 - e.g. $f(x_0, x_1; b, z) = g(x_0, x_1; b, z) = x_b \oplus z$ [OT from this! [How?](#)]

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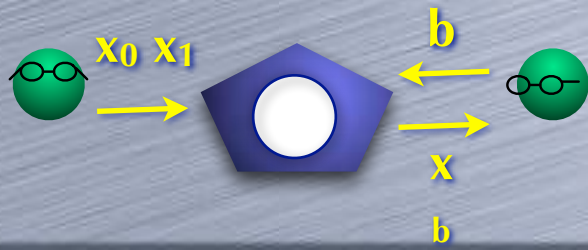
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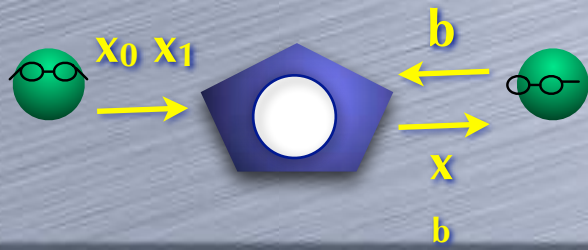
Exercise

An OT Protocol (passive receiver corruption)



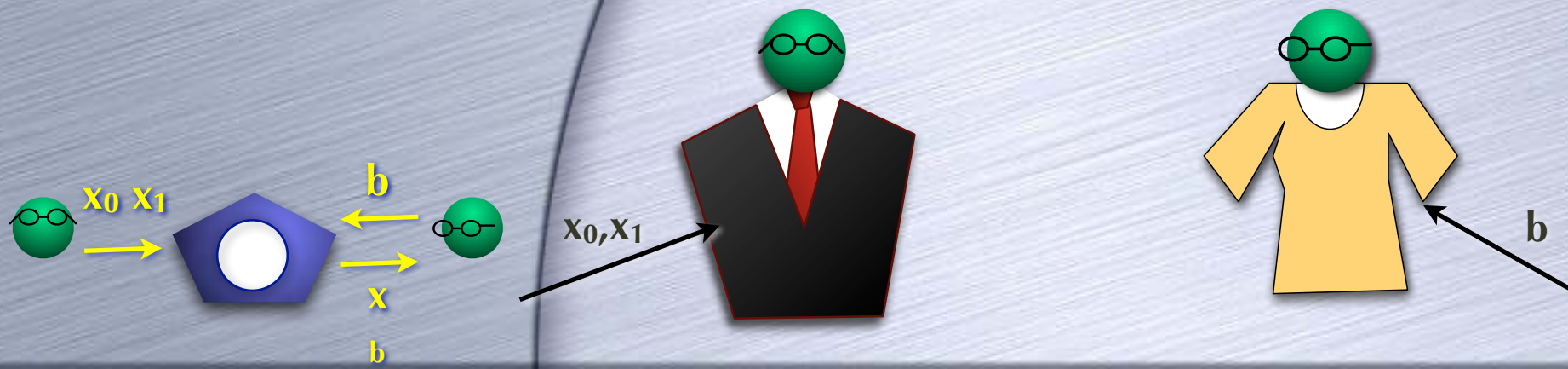
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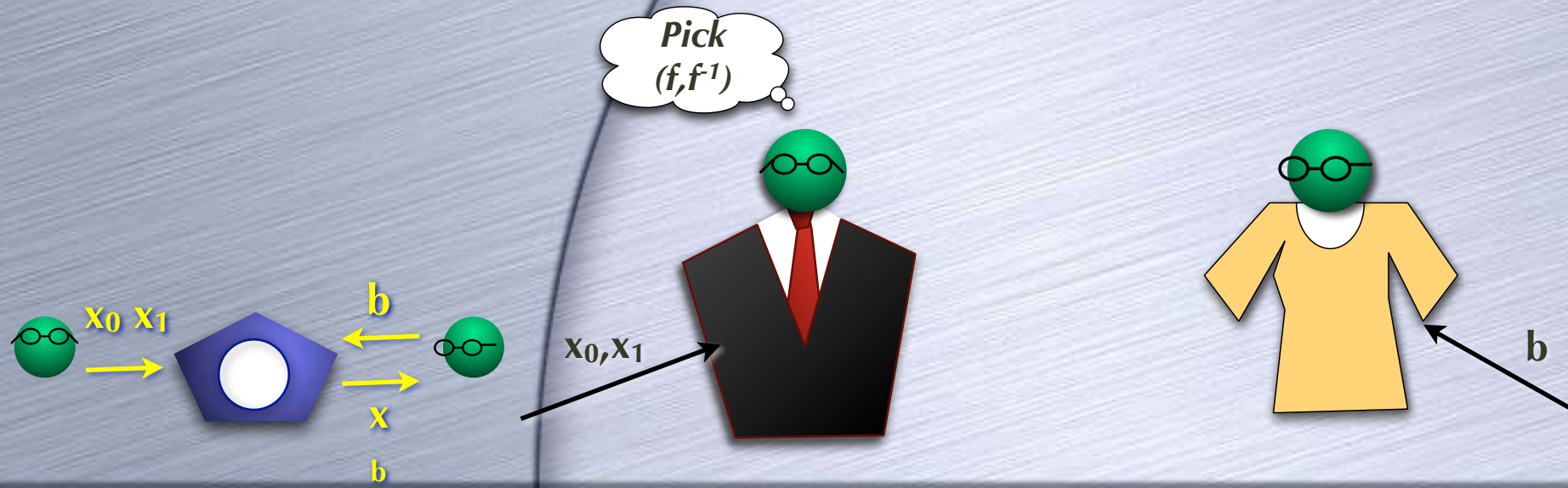
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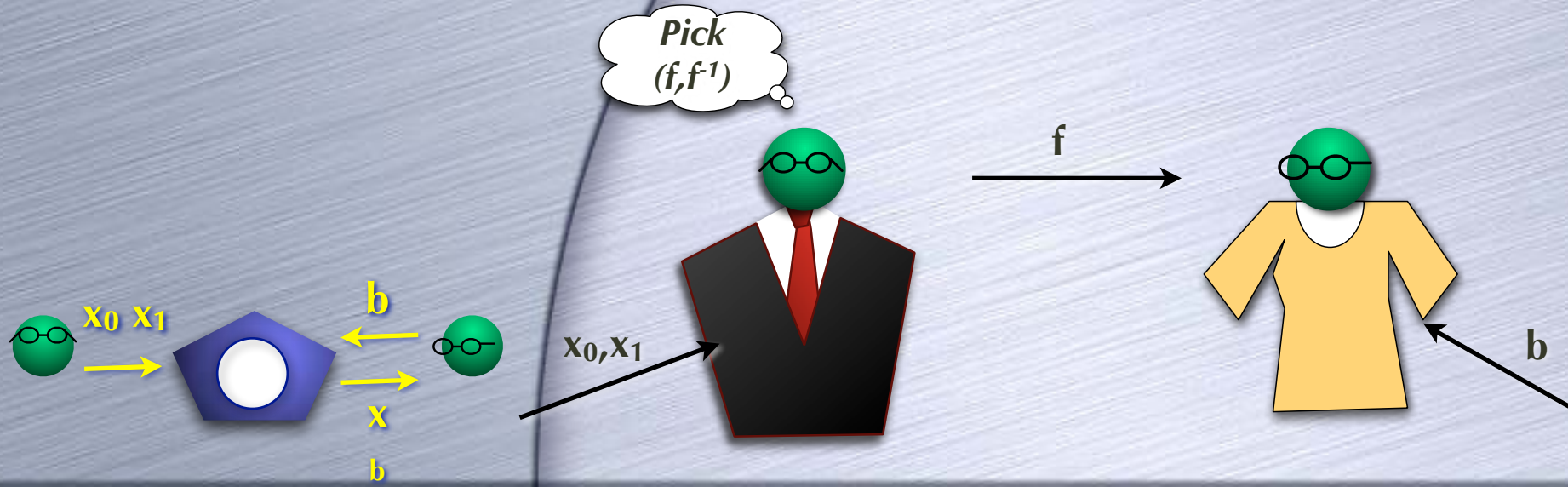
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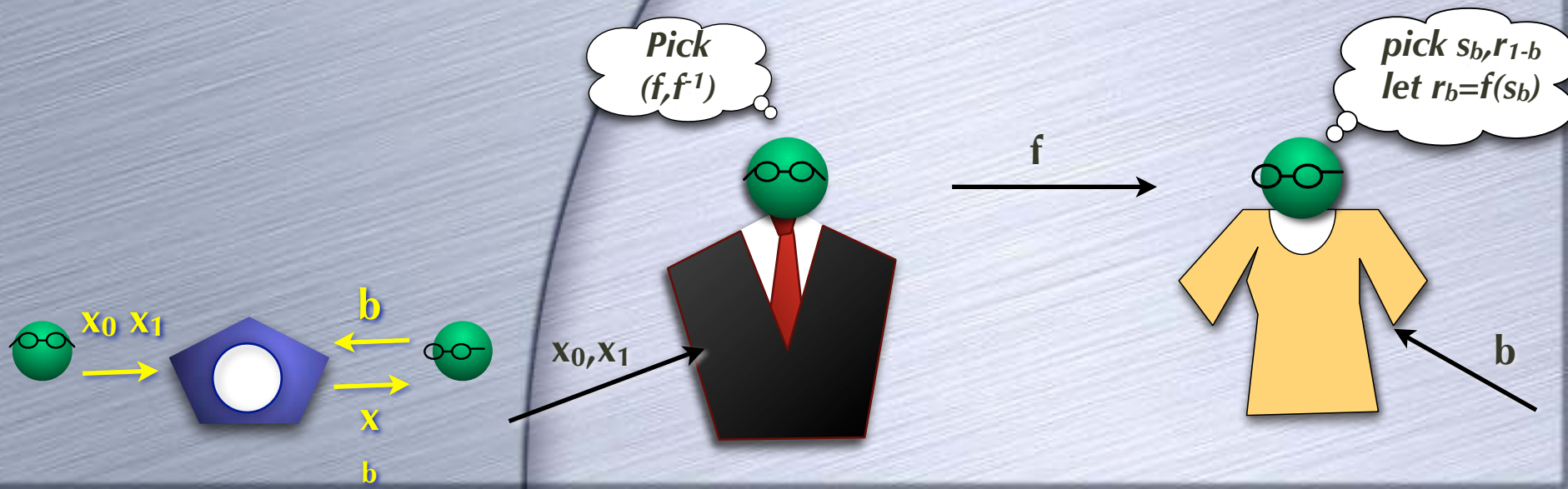
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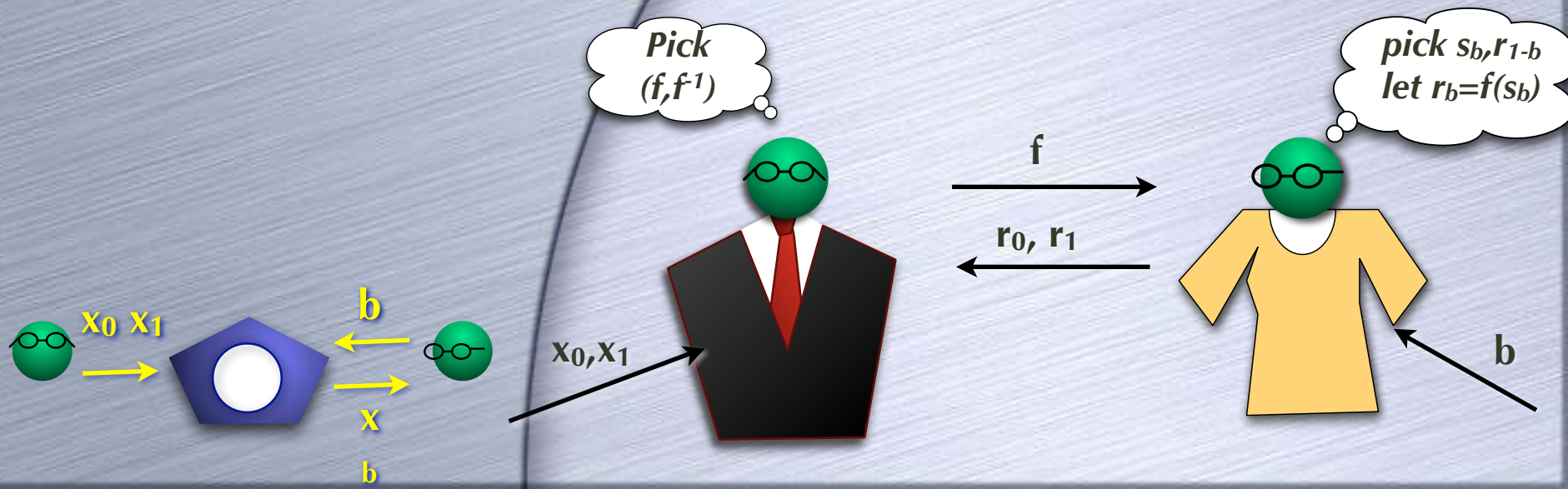
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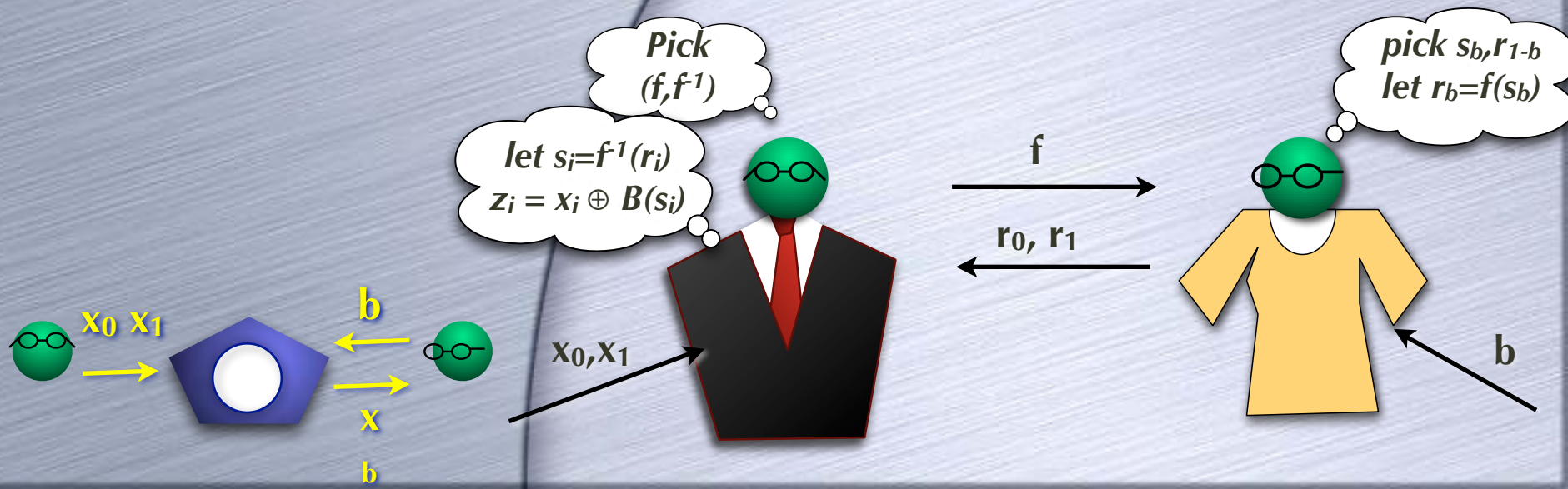
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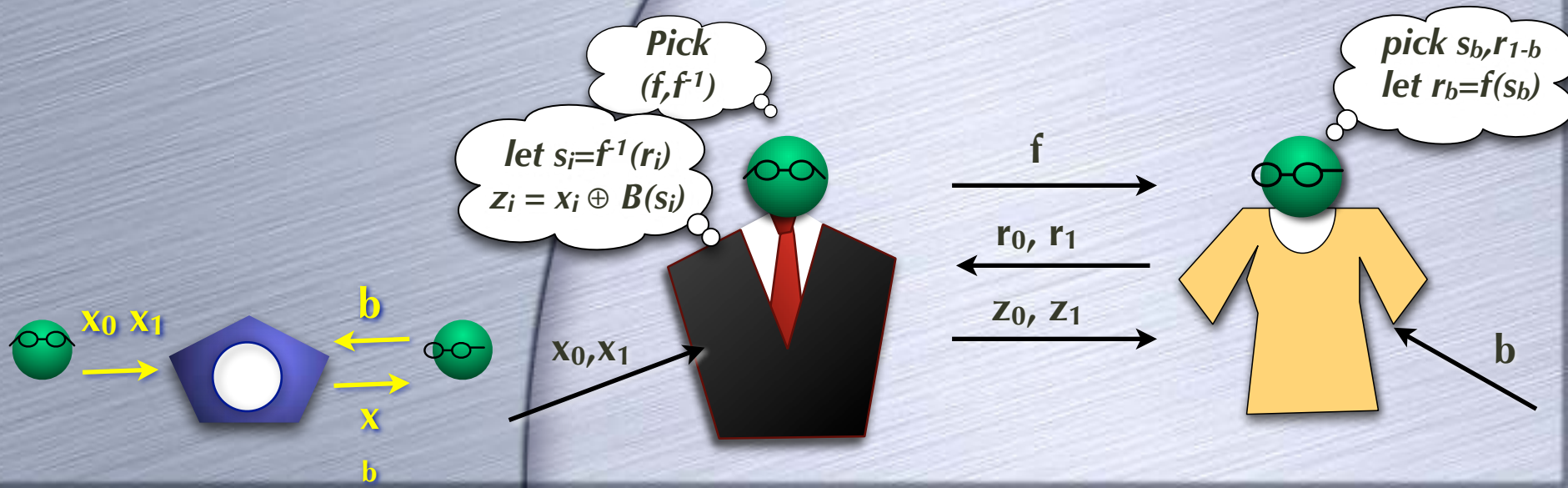
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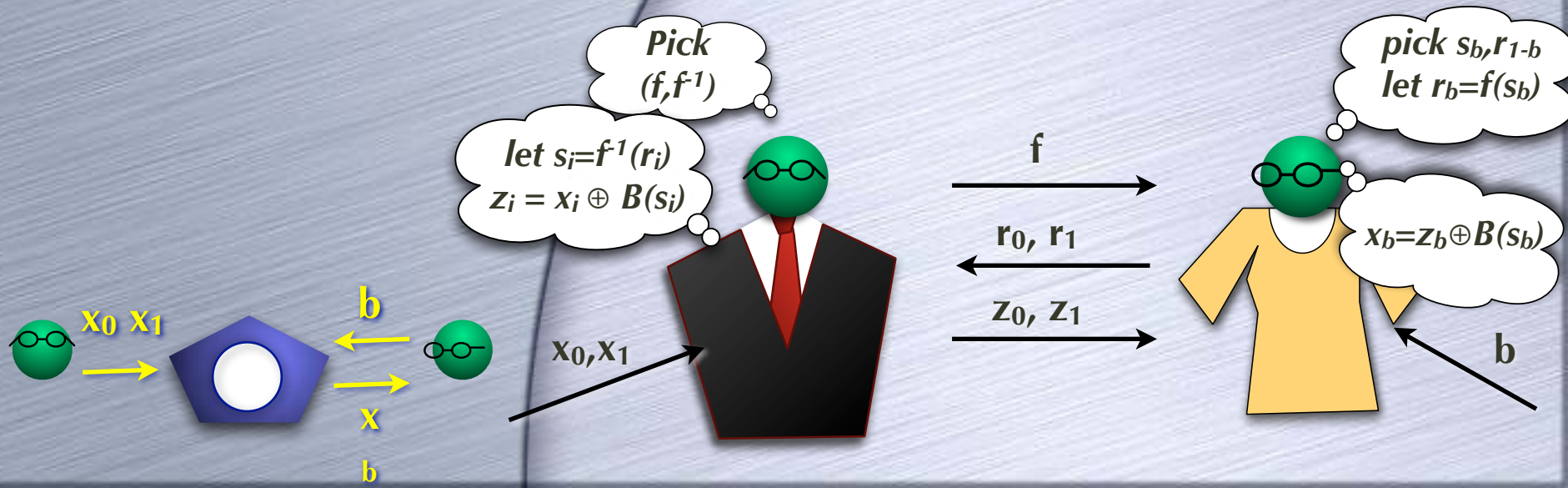
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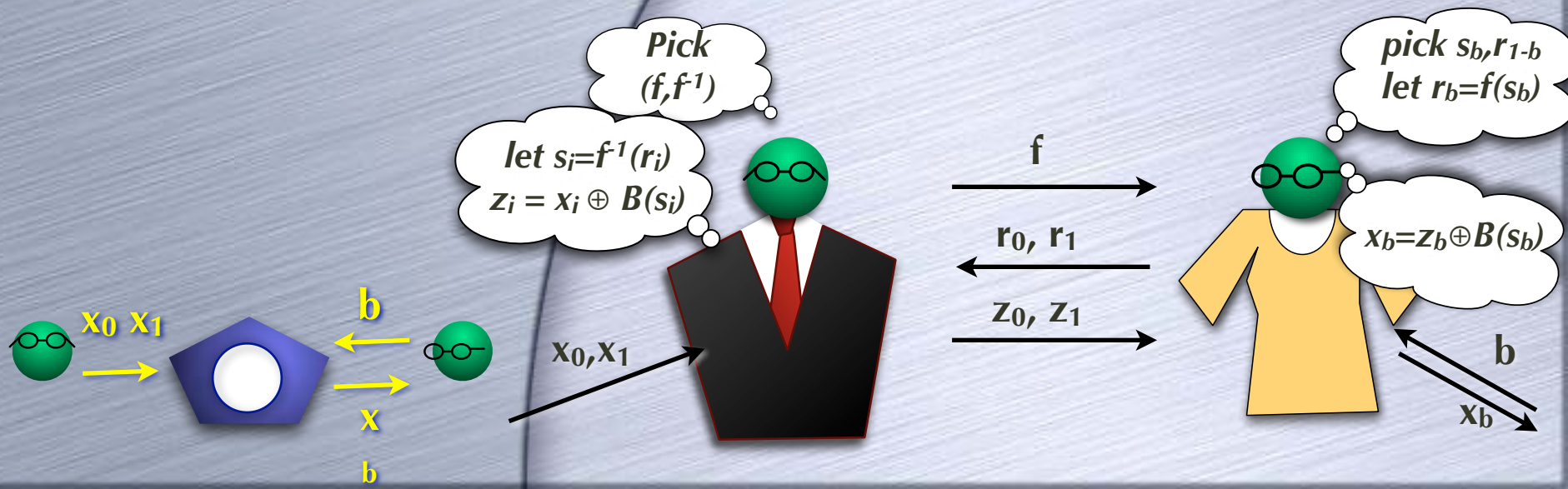
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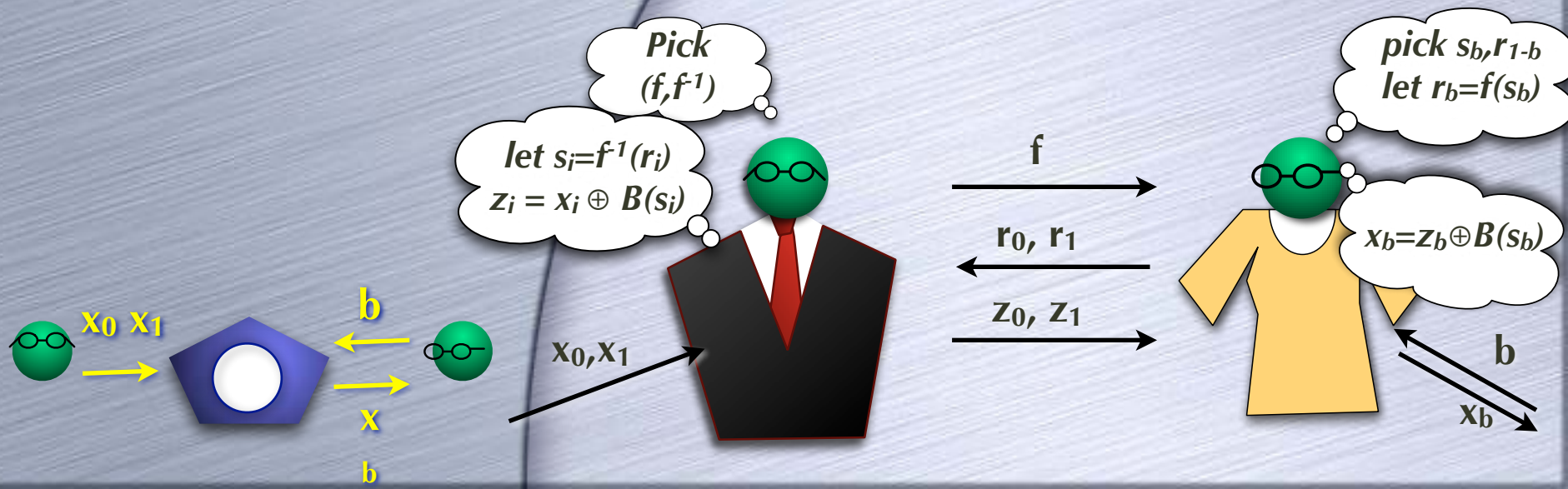
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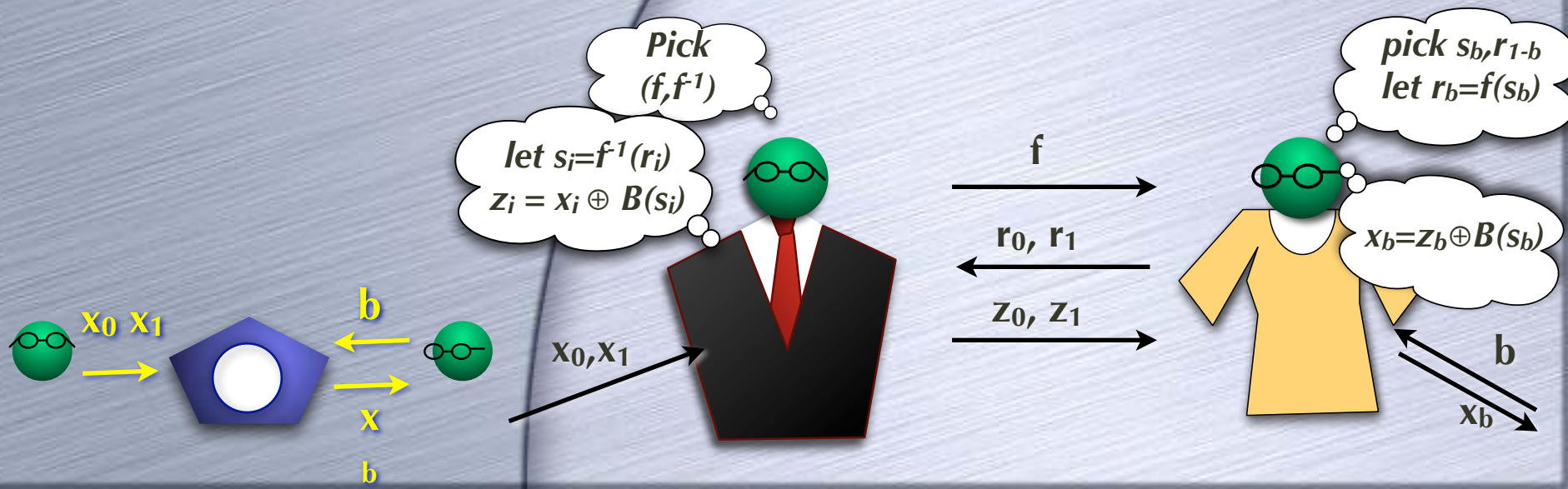
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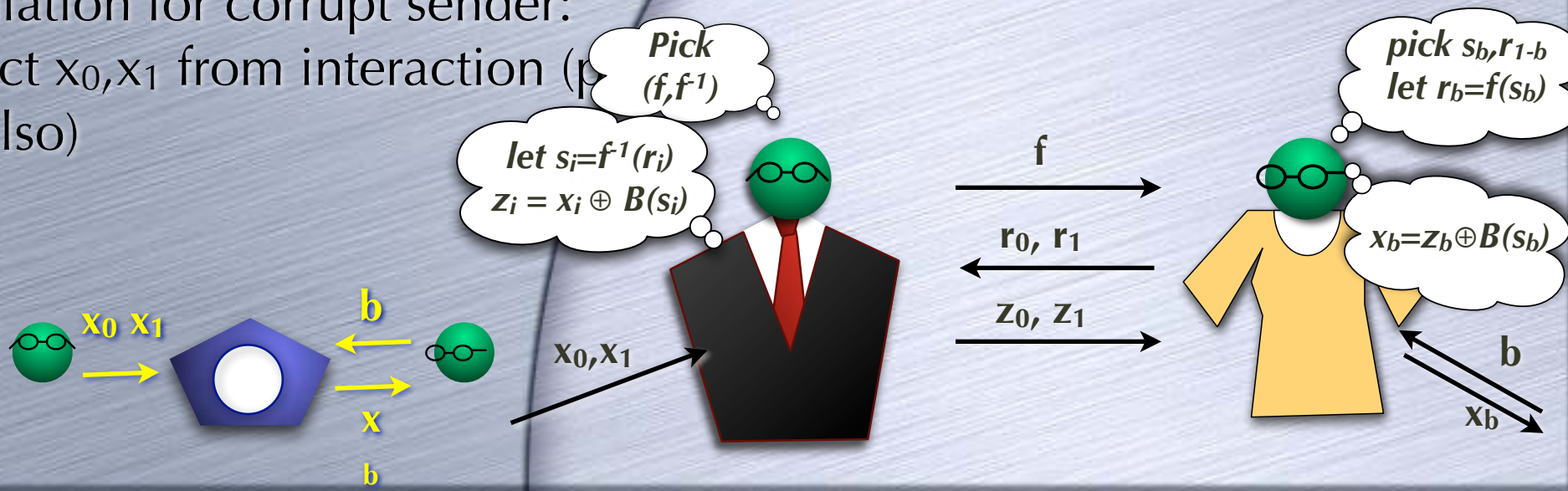
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- Simulation for corrupt sender: Extract x_0, x_1 from interaction (pick s_{1-b} also)



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- Coming up: **SFE protocols** for passive security. **Zero-Knowledge proofs**. Issues of composition. **Universal Composition**.