# Public-Key Cryptography

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Lecture 6
Public-Key Encryption

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Public-Key Encryption
Diffie-Hellman Key-Exchange, El Gamal Encryption

- SKE:
  - Syntax

    - $\bullet$  Enc:  $\mathcal{M} \times \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$
    - $\bullet$  Enc:  $C \times \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathcal{M}$
  - Correctness
    - ∀K ∈ Range(KeyGen),
       Dec( Enc(m,K), K) = m

Shared/Symmetric-Key

encryption (a.k.a private-key) Syntax

- KeyGen outputs K ← %
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a.k.a asymmetric-key



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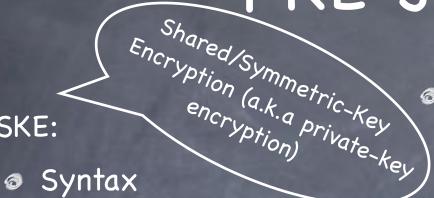
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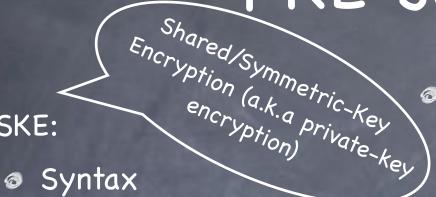
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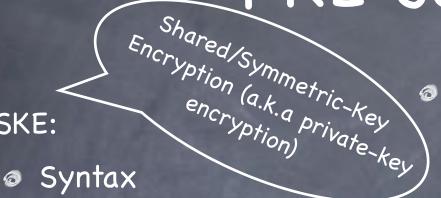
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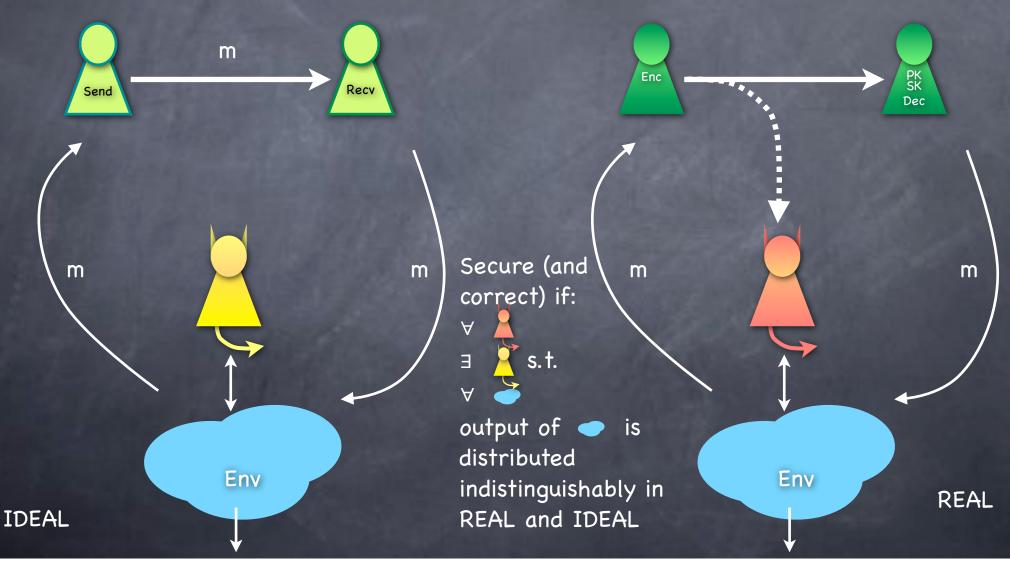


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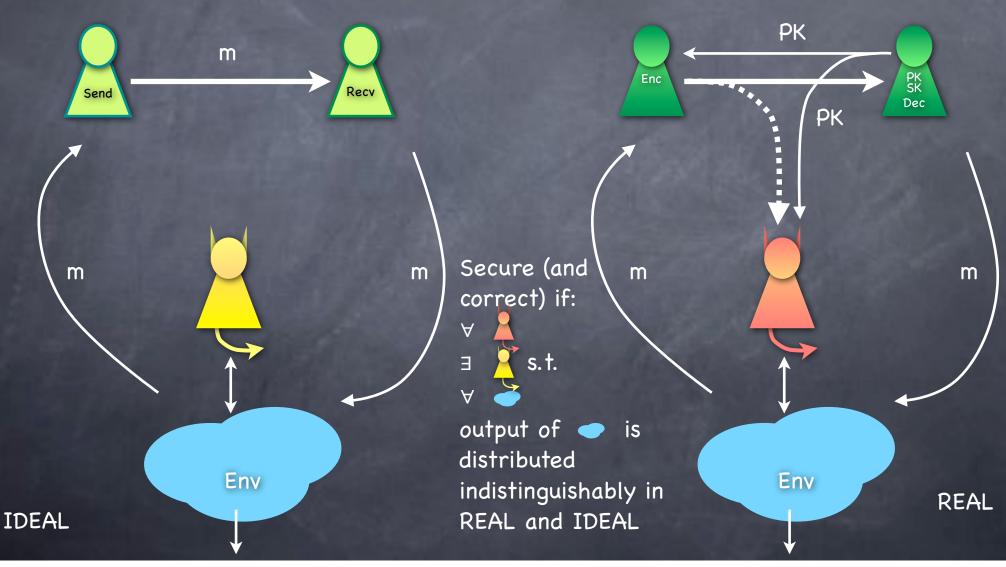


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- Security (IND-CPA, PKE version)

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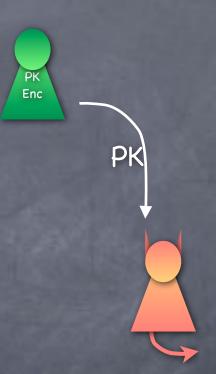


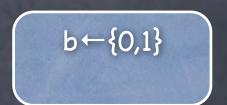
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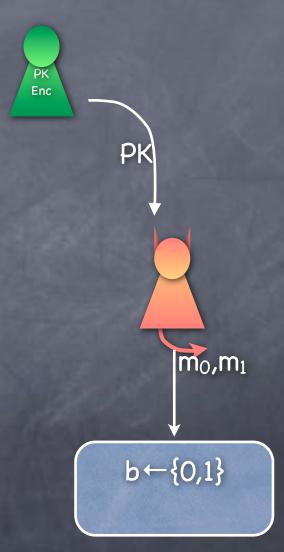
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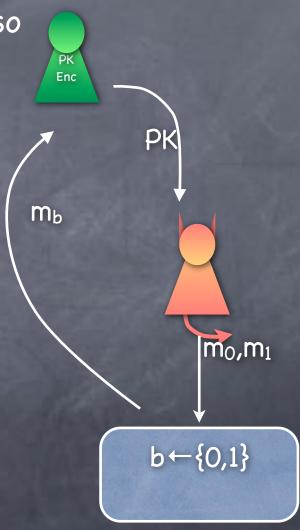


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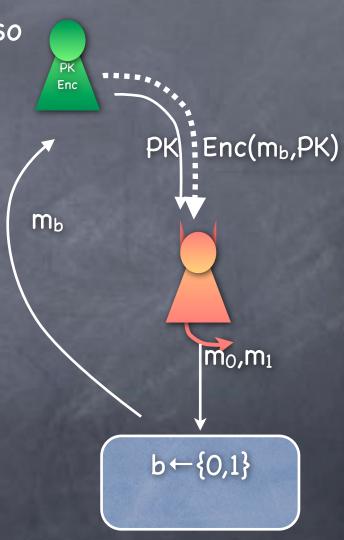
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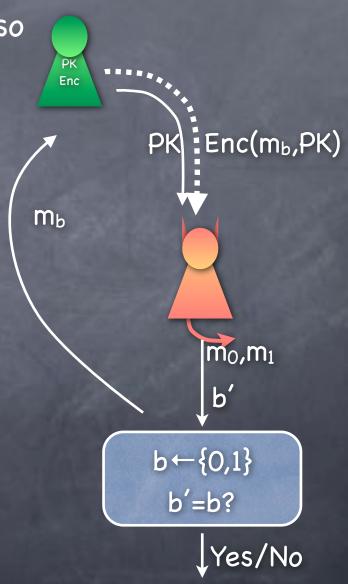
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Random x







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> Random x X=q<sup>x</sup>

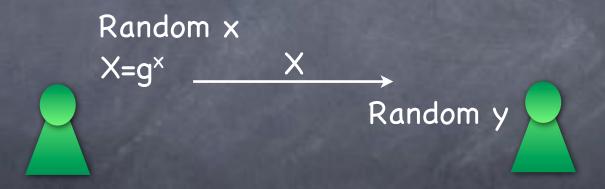




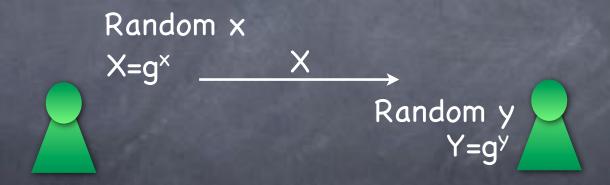




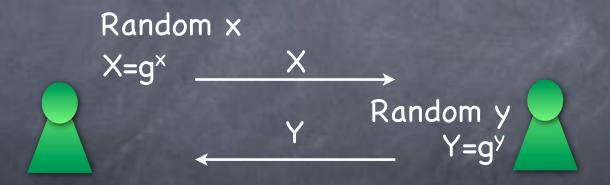




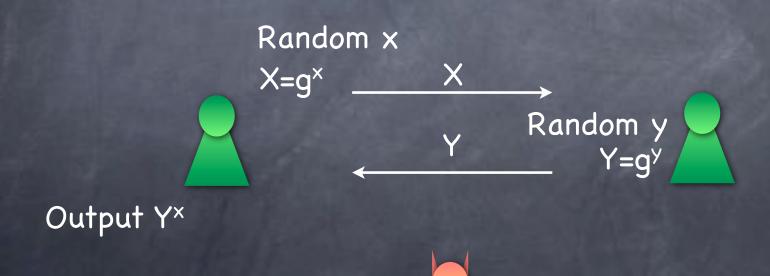


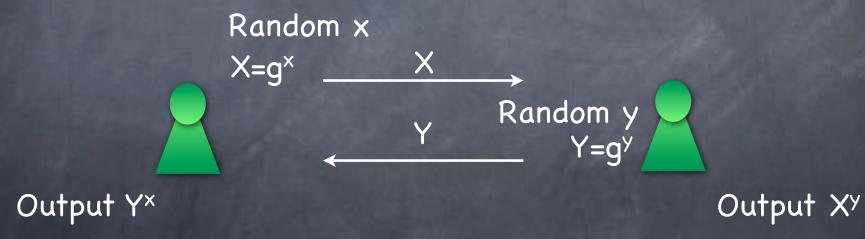




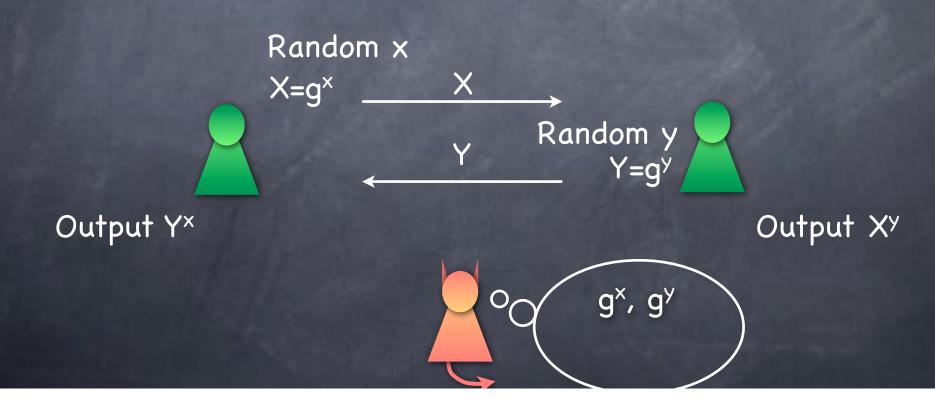


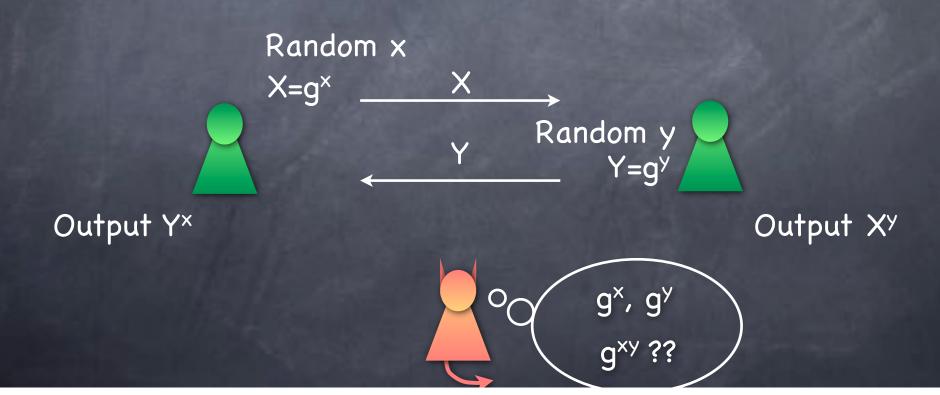












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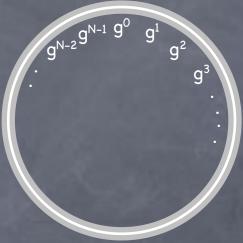
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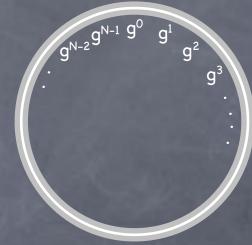
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- - or any g s.t. gcd(g,N) = 1









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- - e.g.  $\mathbb{Z}_5^* = \{1,2,3,4\}$  is generated by 2 (as 1,2,4,3), and by 3 (as 1,3,4,2)
  - (Also cyclic for certain other values of N)

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    - A "key-recovery" attack
  - But could break pseudorandomness without breaking DLA too

$$(g^x, g^y, g^{xy})$$
 (G,g)  $\leftarrow$  Group Gen; x,y  $\leftarrow$  [|G|]  $(g^x, g^y, g^r)$  (G,g)  $\leftarrow$  Group Gen; x,y,r  $\leftarrow$  [|G|]

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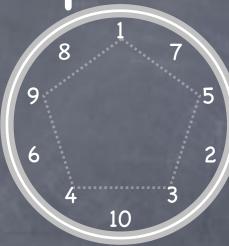
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  - If DDH assumption holds, then DLA holds [Exercise]
- But possible that DLA holds and DDH assumption doesn't
  - e.g.: DLA is widely assumed to hold in  $\mathbb{Z}_p^*$  (p prime), but DDH assumption doesn't hold there!



© Consider  $\mathbb{QR}_P^*$ : subgroup of Quadratic Residues ("even" elements) of  $\mathbb{Z}_P^*$ 



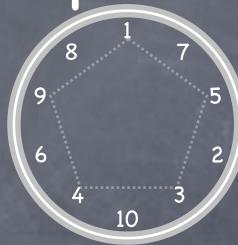
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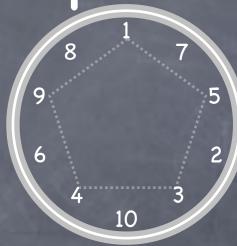
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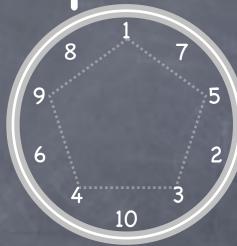
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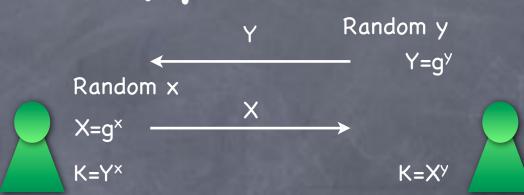
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  DDH Candidate:
- How about in QRp\*?
  - Could check if cubic residue in \(\mathbb{Z}\_P^\*\)!
- QR<sub>P</sub>\*
  where P is a safe-prime
- But if (P-1) is not divisible by 3, all elements in  $\mathbb{Z}_P^*$  are cubic residues!
- "Safe" if (P-1)/2 is also prime: P called a safe-prime

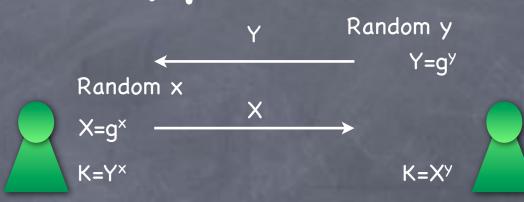
Based on DH key-exchange

- Based on DH key-exchange
  - Alice, Bob generate a key using DH key-exchange

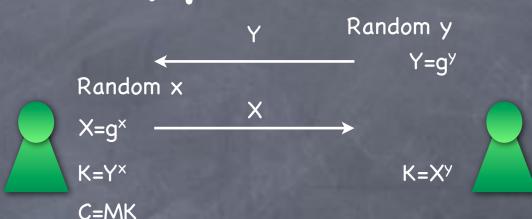
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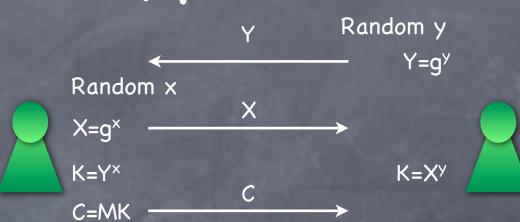
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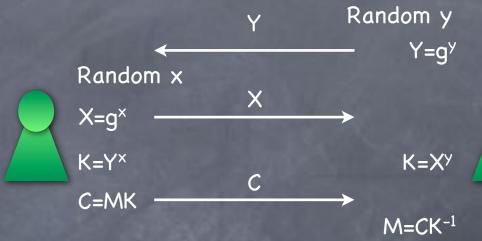
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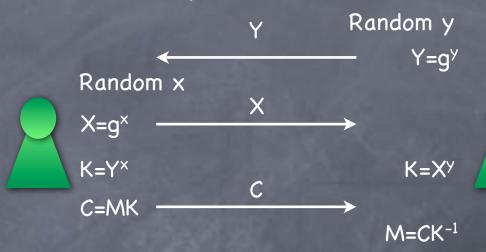
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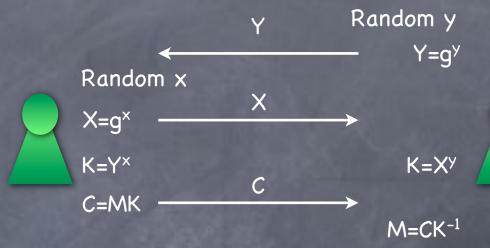


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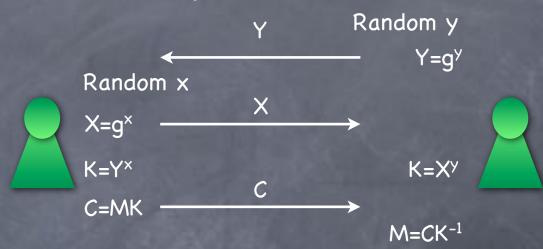
- Then use it as a one-time pad
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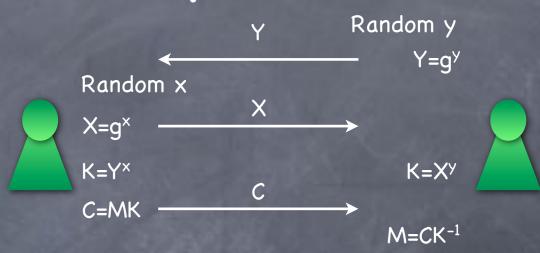
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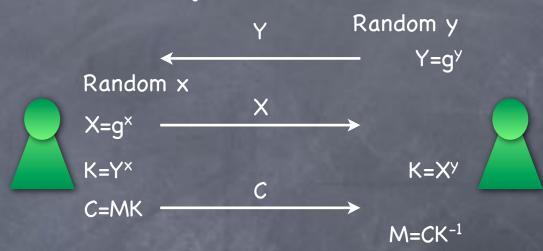
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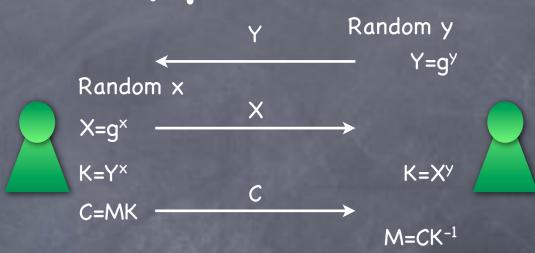
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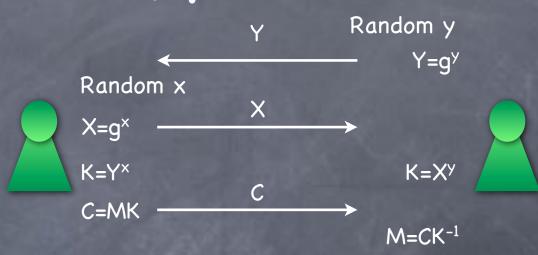


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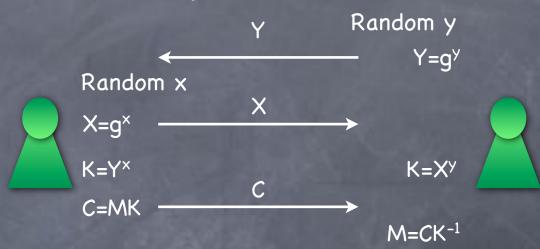


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- KeyGen uses GroupGen to get (G,g)
- x, y uniform from [|G|]
- Message encoded into group element, and decoded

# Security of El Gamal

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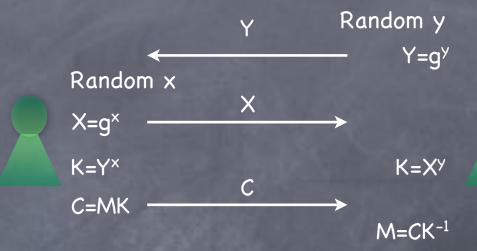
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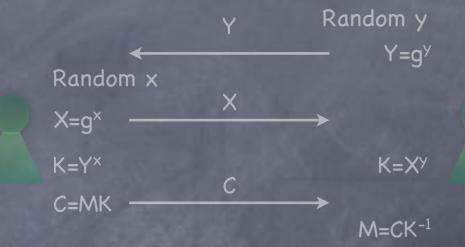
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  - When z=xy, exactly IND-CPA experiment: A\* outputs 1 with probability = 1/2 + advantage of A.

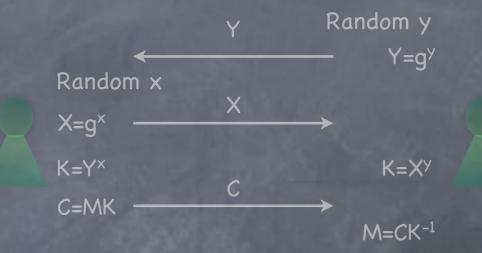


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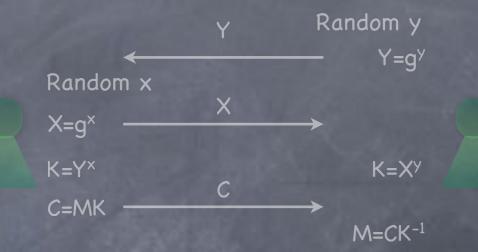
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Trapdoor PRG:



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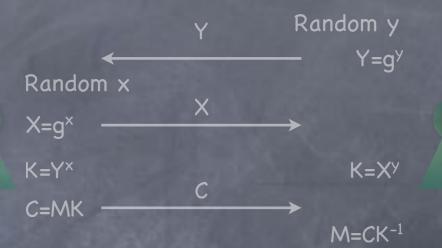
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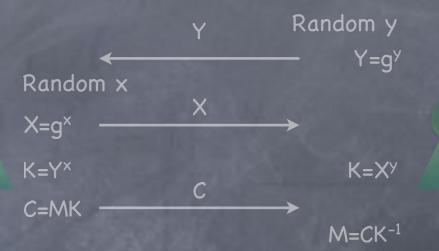
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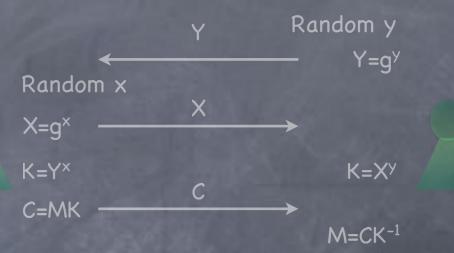


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KeyGen: (PK,SK)  

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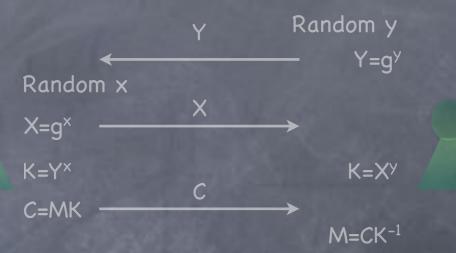


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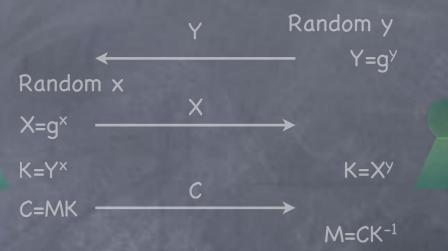


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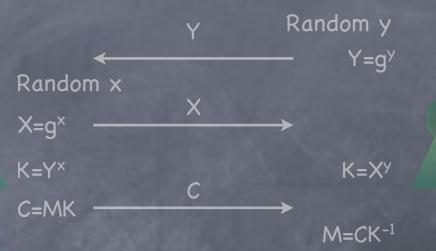
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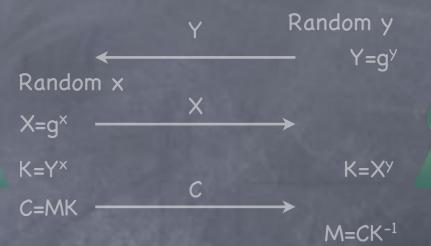


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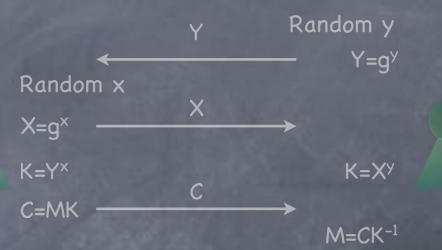


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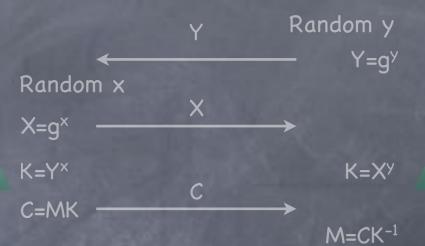


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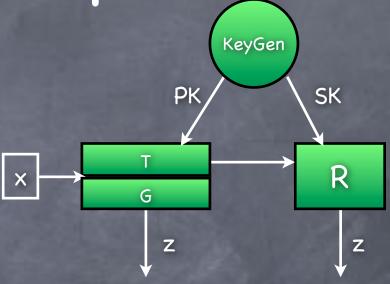
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    - $\circ$  (PK,T<sub>PK</sub>(x),G<sub>PK</sub>(x)) ≈ (PK,T<sub>PK</sub>(x),r)
- Enough for an IND-CPA secure PKE scheme (cf. Security of El Gamal)

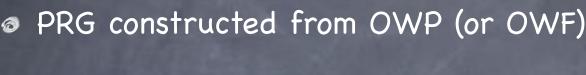


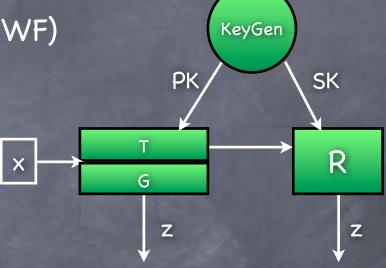
KeyGen: 
$$PK=(G,g,Y)$$
,  $SK=(G,g,y)$   
 $Enc_{(G,g,Y)}(M) = (X=g^{\times}, C=MY^{\times})$   
 $Dec_{(G,g,y)}(X,C) = CX^{-y}$ 

KeyGen: (PK,SK)  

$$Enc_{PK}(M) = (X=T_{PK}(x), C=M.G_{PK}(x))$$
  
 $Dec_{SK}(X,C) = C/R_{SK}(T_{PK}(x))$ 

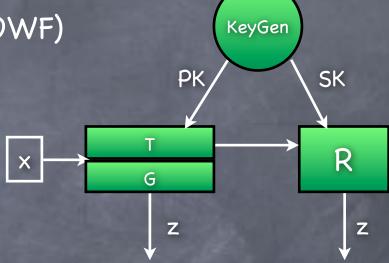






PRG constructed from OWP (or OWF)

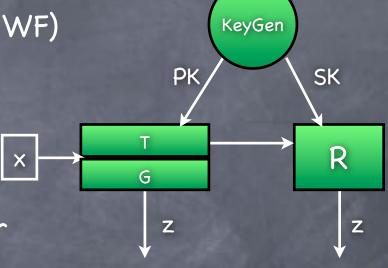
Allows us to instantiate the construction with several candidates



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Is there a similar construction for TPRG from OWP?

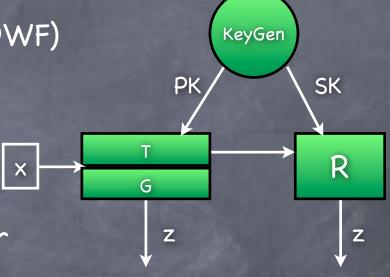


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Trapdoor property seems fundamentally different: generic OWP may not offer such a property



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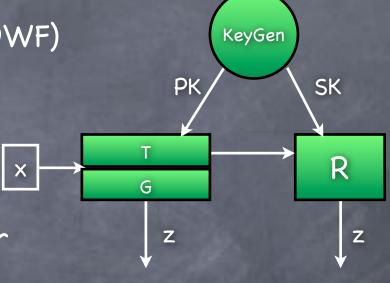
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Will start with "Trapdoor OWP"



(KeyGen,f,f') (all PPT) is a trapdoor oneway permutation (TOWP) if

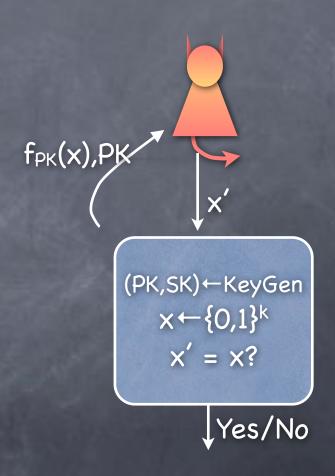
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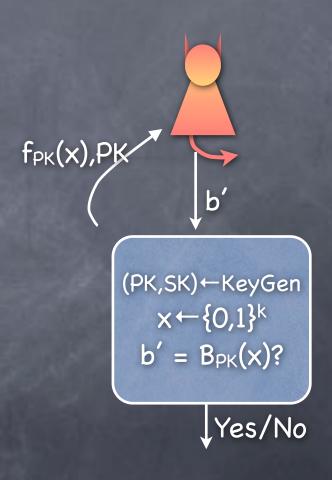
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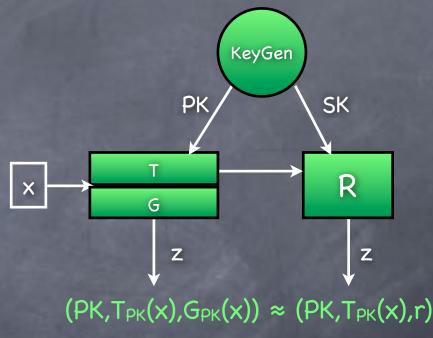
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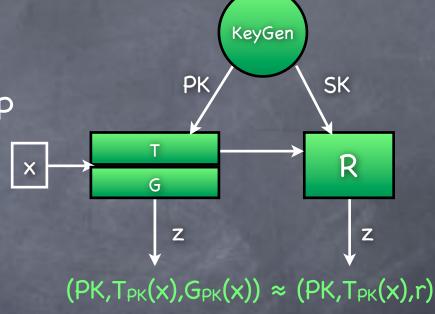


## Trapdoor PRG from Trapdoor OWP



# Trapdoor PRG from Trapdoor OWP

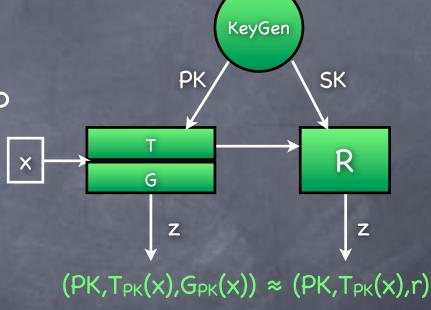
Same construction as PRG from OWP



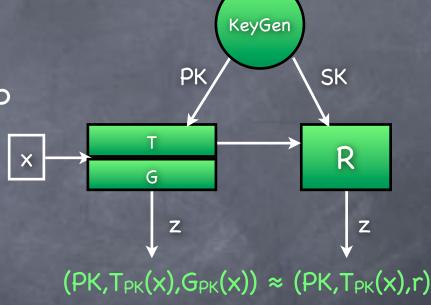
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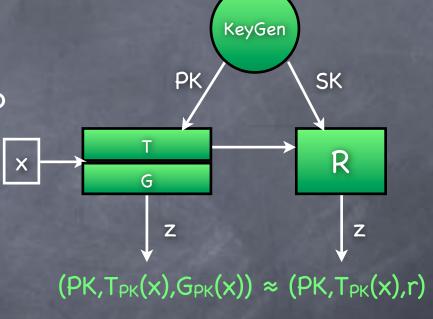
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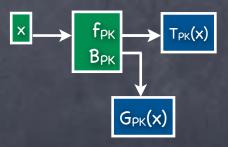


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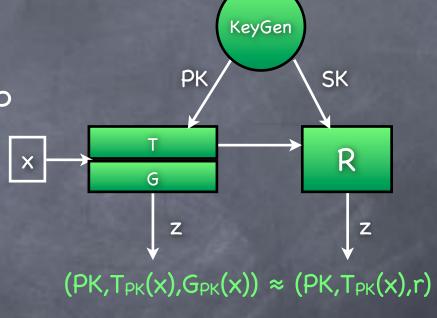


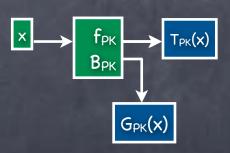
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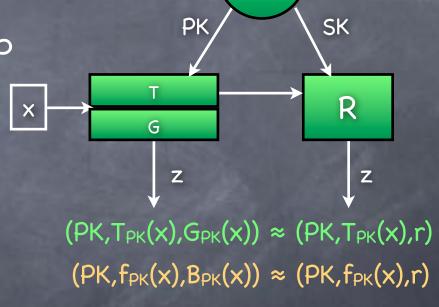


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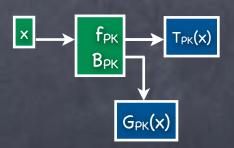




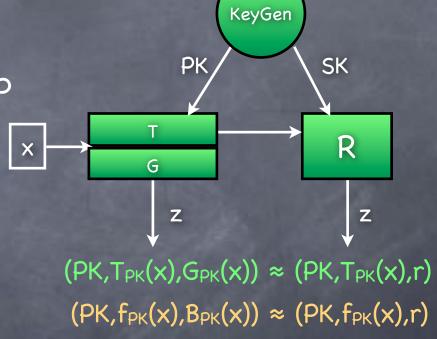
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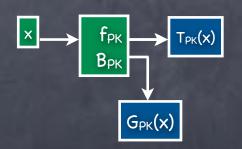


KeyGen

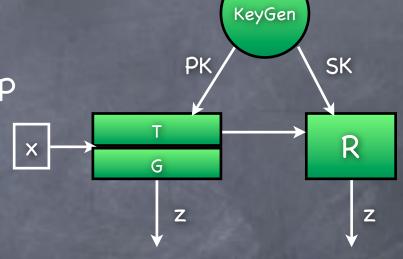


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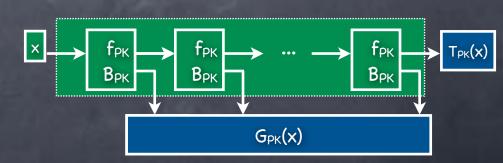




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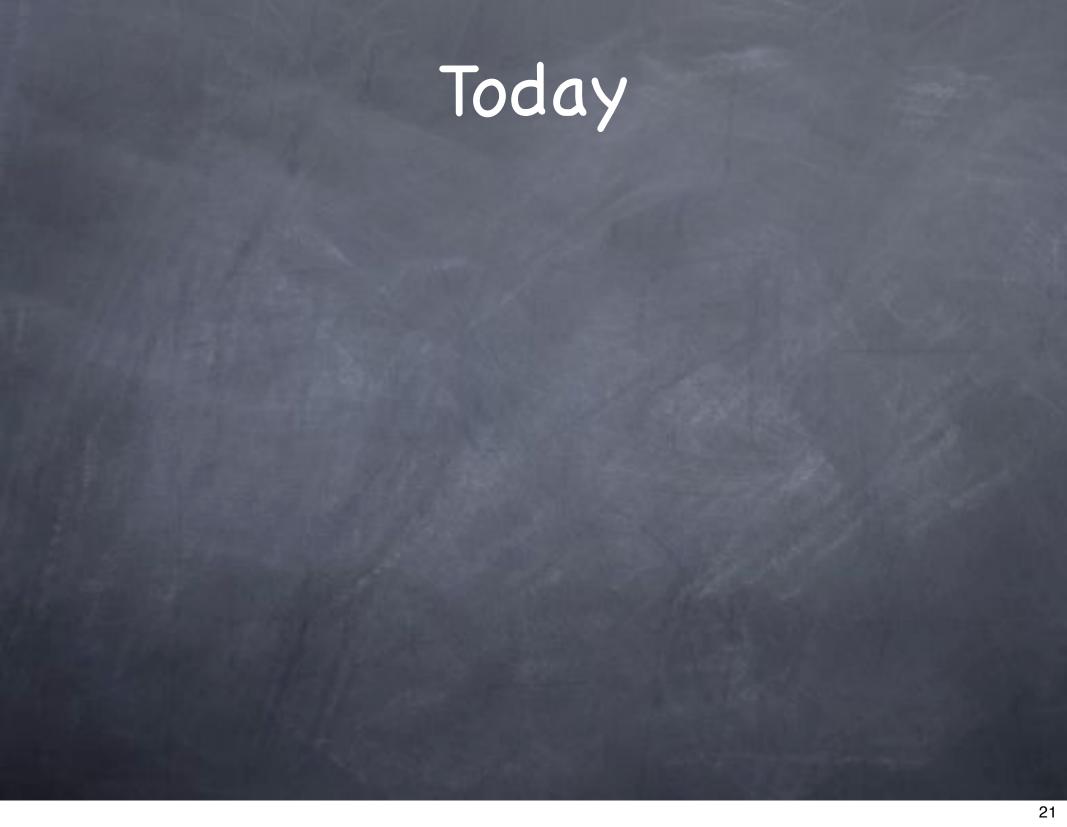
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see handou



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