## CS 580: Algorithmic Game Theory, Fall 2023 HW 0

## Instructions:

- 1. The purpose of this homework is to reacquaint you with topics, ideas and tools that will be needed in this course.
- 2. This homework is **NOT** for submission and will **NOT** be graded.
- 1. Let  $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n$  be fixed real numbers and X be a random variable that takes value  $a_i$  with some probability  $p_i$ . Define the set of probability distributions that maximize E[X].
- 2. Consider throwing n balls into n bins where each ball is thrown independently and uniformly at random into a bin.
  - (a) What is the probability that a given bin (say the first bin) is empty?
  - (b) What is the probability that it contains exactly k balls?
  - (c) What is the expected number of bins that are empty?
- 3. Consider the following linear program:

$$\begin{array}{ll} max & c^T x \\ s.t. & Ax \leq b \\ & x \geq 0 \end{array}$$

- (a) Write the dual linear program of the above LP.
- (b) Write the corresponding complementary slackness conditions.
- (c) Using the complementary slackness conditions, derive the strong duality theorem. (If  $x^*$  is an optimal solution to the primal LP and  $y^*$  is an optimal solution to the dual LP, then  $c^T x^* = b^T y^*$ .)
- 4. A wheel of size k consists of a cycle on k vertices along with an additional vertex connected to every vertex in the cycle. As an example, you can see a wheel of size 8 in the figure below. The WHEEL problem is the following: Given an undirected graph G = (V, E) and an integer k, does G contain a wheel of size k as a subgraph? Prove that WHEEL is NP-Complete.



(Hint: To show NP-hardness reduce from the Hamiltonian cycle problem.)