

CS 498 VR

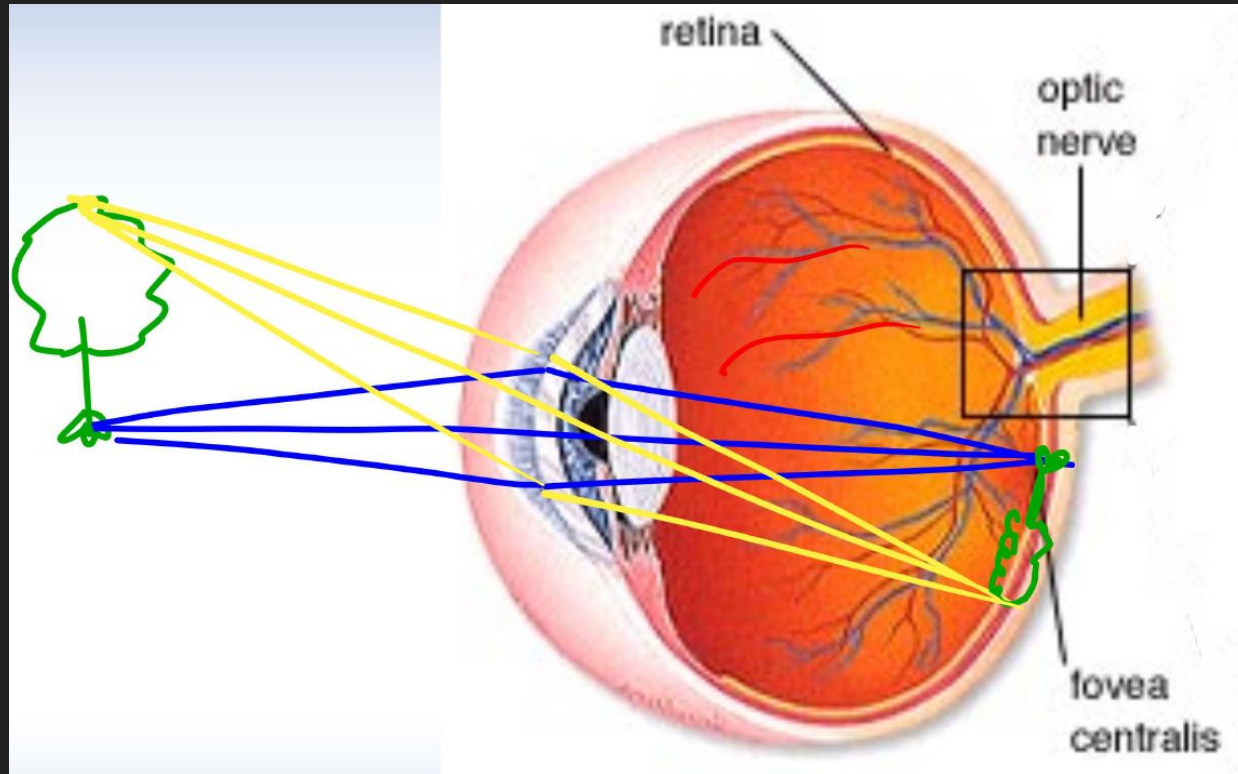
Lecture 13 - 3/7/2018

go.illinois.edu/VRlect13

Review

- How do we perceive the color of an object? And how does the color of the light source itself change how we perceive color?
- How do Fresnel lenses cut costs in comparison to spherical lenses?

Peripheral Vision

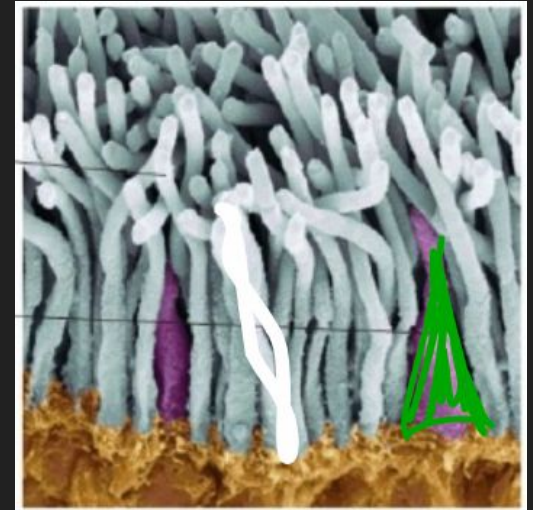
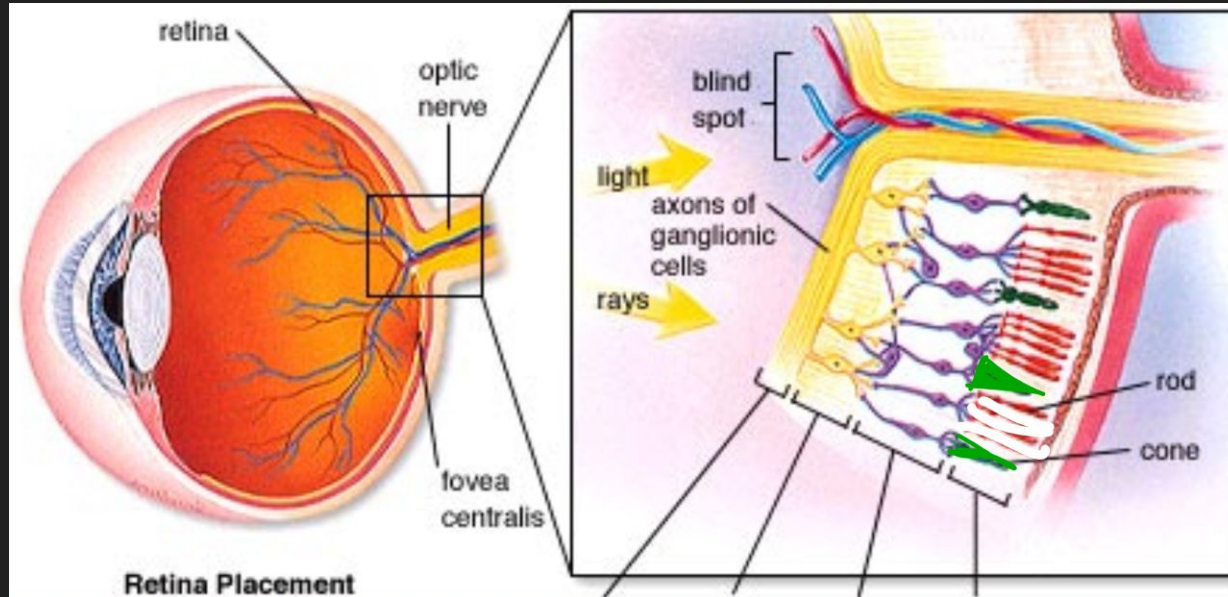


Photoreceptors

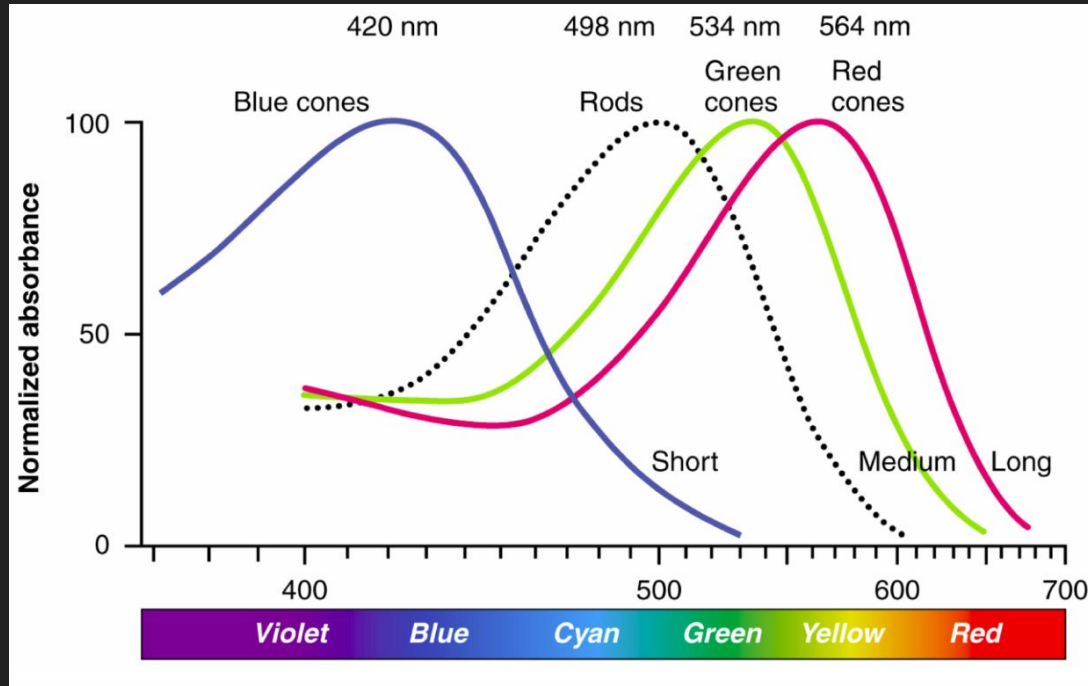
There are two types:

Rods
120,000,000
Low light
Black/white
Peripheral vision

Cones
6,000,000
Bright light
Color, RGB
Straight, high-res



Rods and Cones Sensitivity



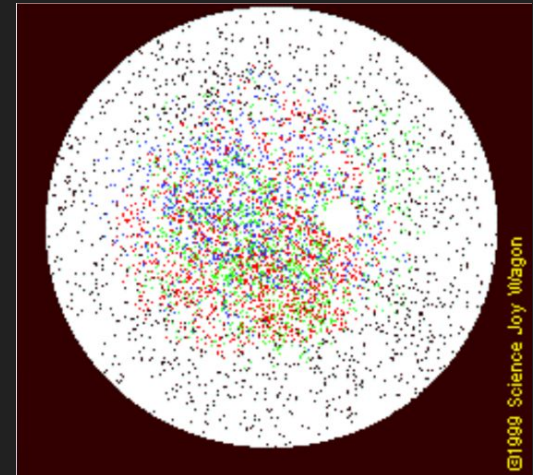
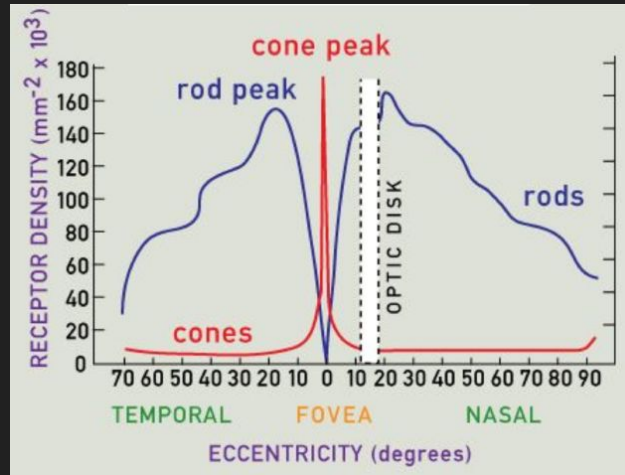
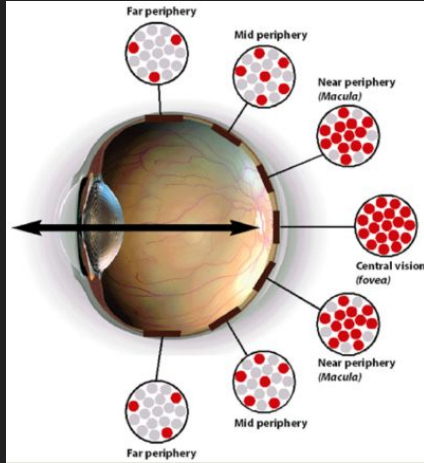
- Examples:
1. We do not see colors at night, or on periphery
 2. Red rose at dusk
 3. Green leaf at dusk

Rods and Cones Placement

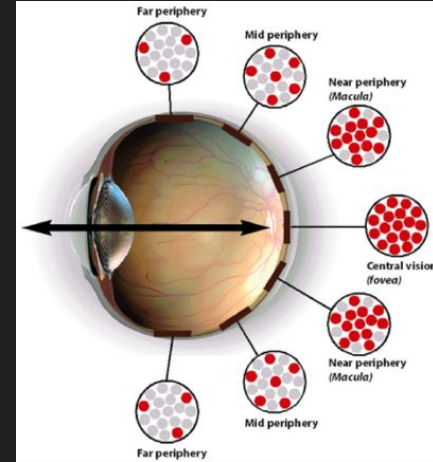
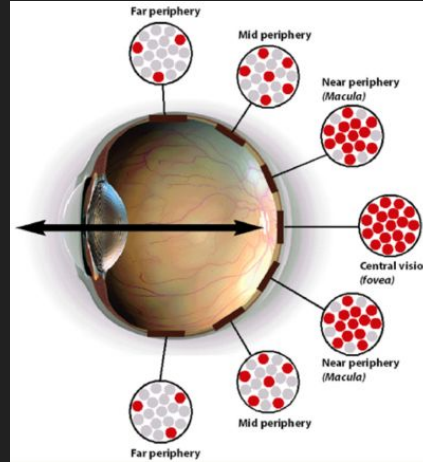
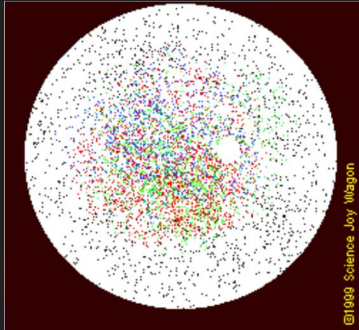
Which eye is this?

Why is there asymmetry?

Density at fovea: $\sim 200,000 \text{ rec}/1 \text{ mm}^2$



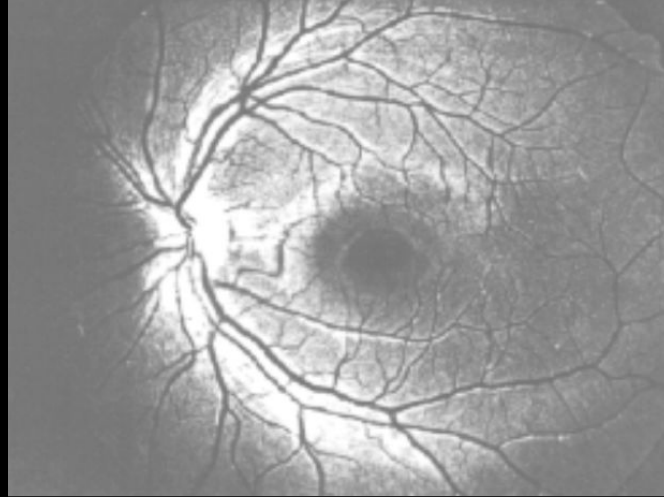
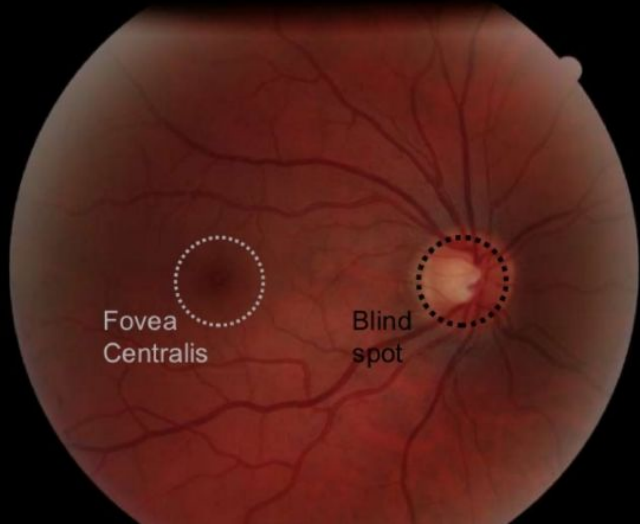
Examples



Examples	Day, light	Dusk, night
Straight		
Periphery		
Damaged rods		
Bright red charts		
Faint red charts		

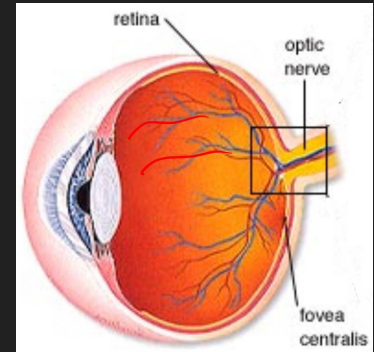
How to see “stuff” blocking photoreceptors

Right Eye

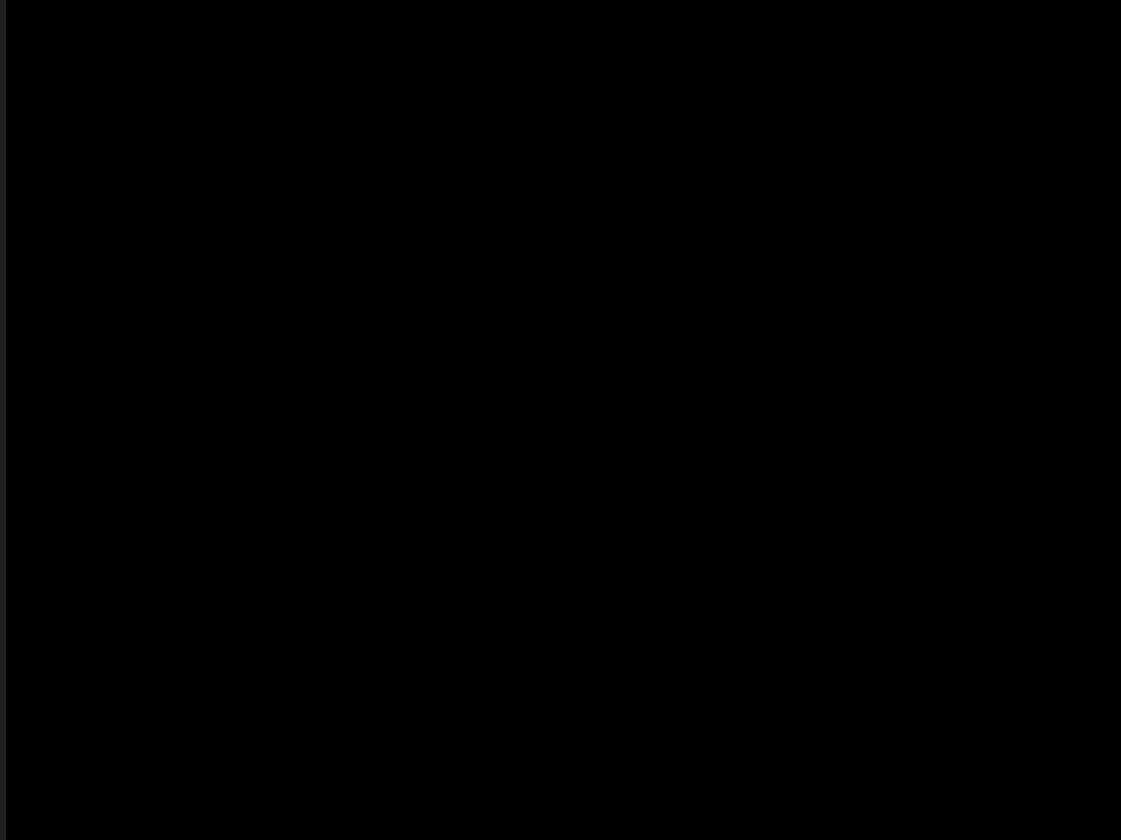


Hypothesis: We only see moving stuff!

Would astigmatism affect seeing eye blood vessels?



How to see “stuff” blocking photoreceptors



A lot is not known about the human eye



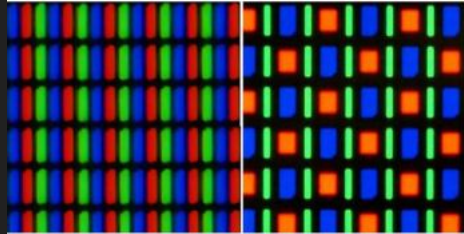
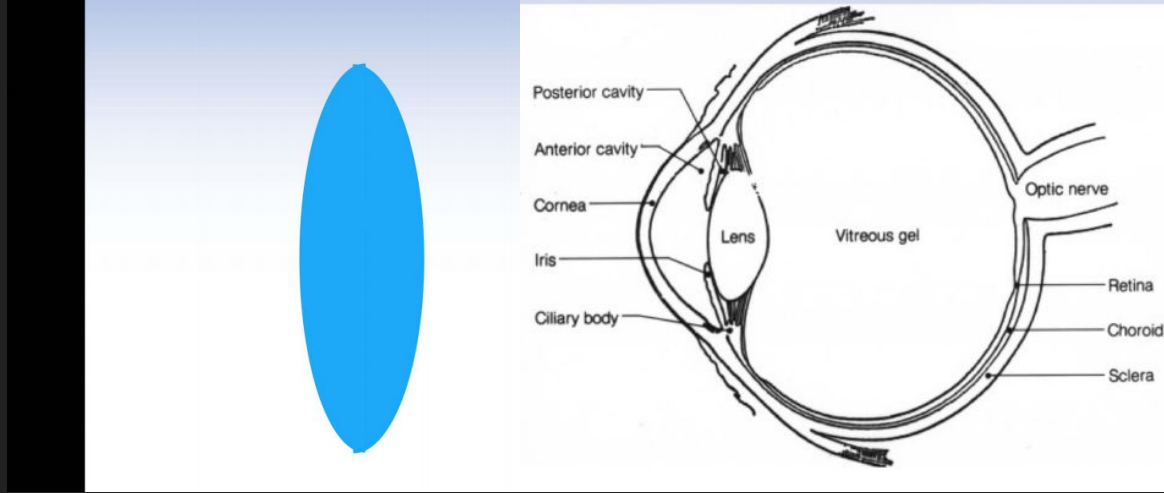
Concentrate on the 4 dots for 30 secs.
Then, shift your eyes to the wall and blink.
Who do you see???

How much display resolution is enough in VR?

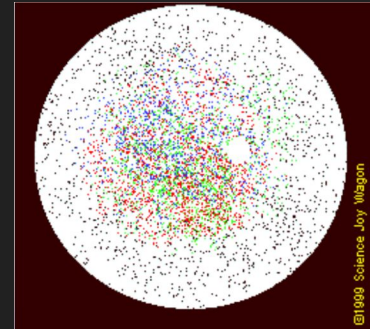
Output pixels: RGB

Interface

Input pixels: Photoreceptors



Is 1080p per eye enough?



How much display resolution is enough in VR?

Conservative estimate:

photoreceptors = # pixels

$$\text{Resolution} = \sqrt{\# \text{ pixels}} =$$

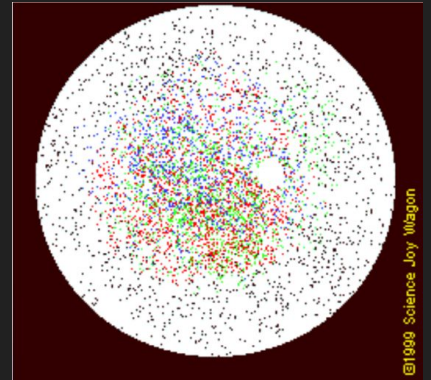
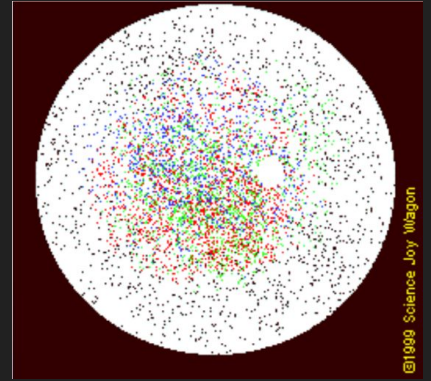
Current resolution?

CV1 res is 1080x1200 per eye, 2160x1200 total

Overkill?

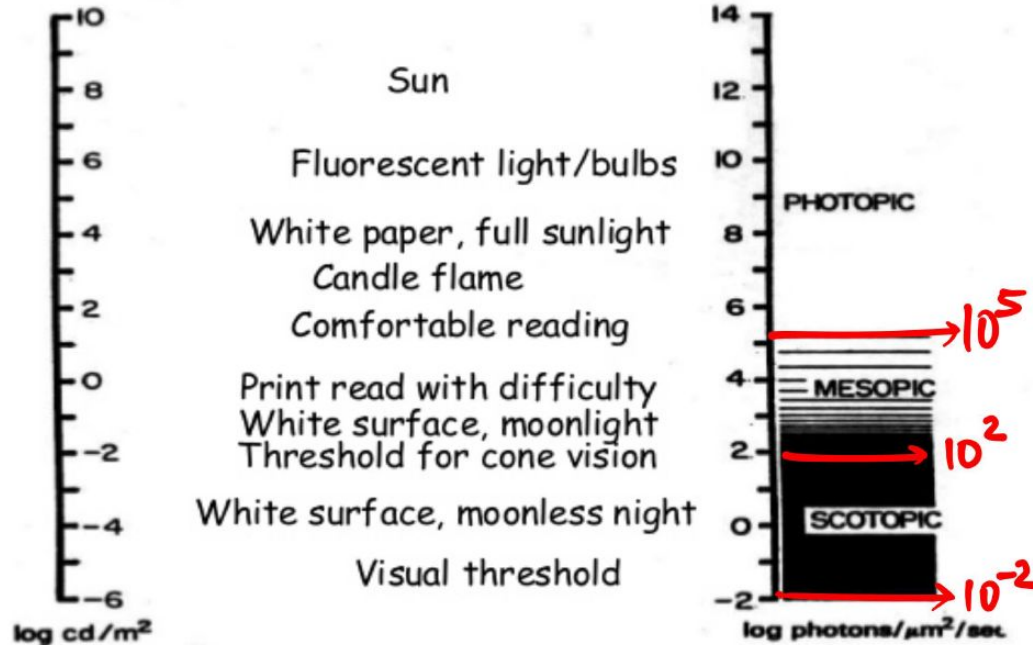
pixels = highest density/mm² x Retinal area (mm²)

$$\text{Resolution} = \sqrt{\# \text{ pixels}} =$$



Light Intensity

Luminance and retinal illumination

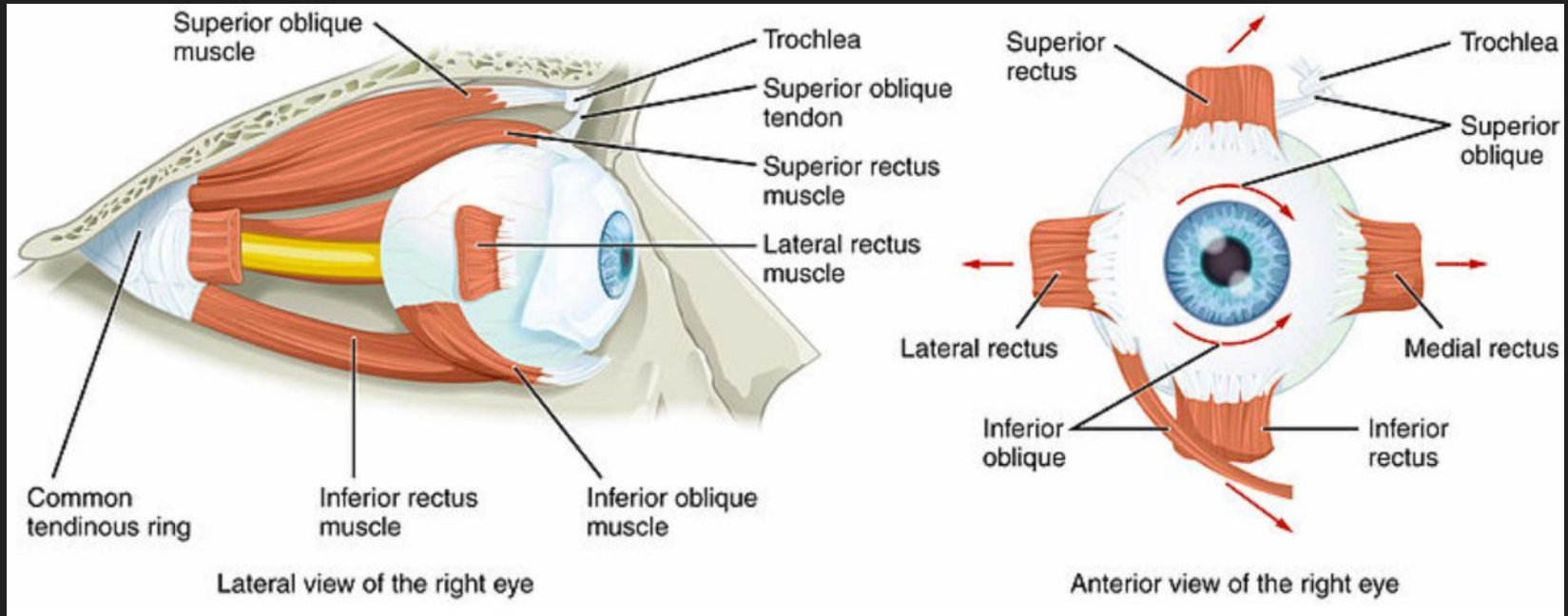


The range of luminances (left) and retinal illumination (right) found in the natural world

Scotopic vs. Photopic Vision

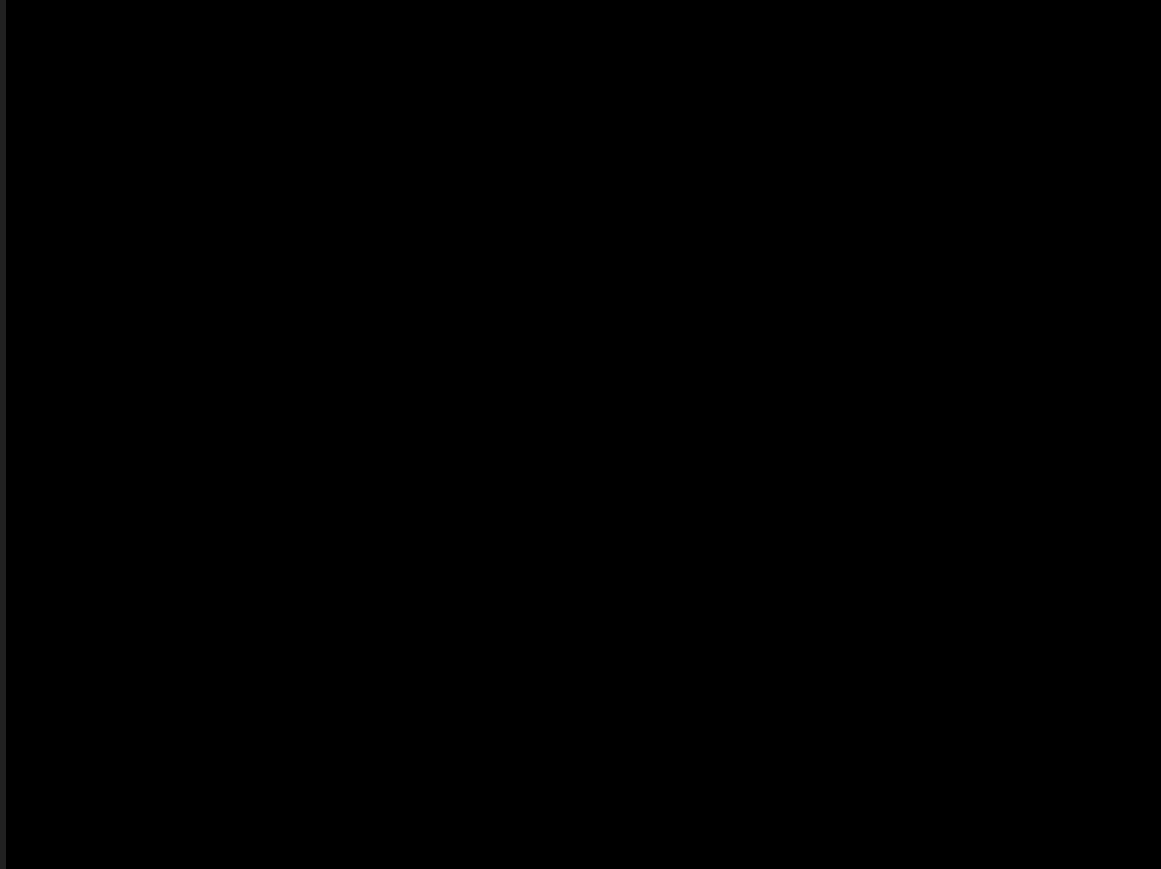
	Scotopic Vision	Photopic Vision
Photoreceptors	Rods	Cones
Light levels	$< 10^2 \text{ ph}/\mu\text{m}^2/\text{sec}$	$> 10^5 \text{ ph}/\mu\text{m}^2/\text{sec}$
Color	Monochromatic	Trichromatic
Adaptation	35 mins	10 min

Eye Muscles



Implications for VR: 1) Uncanny Valley
2) Foveated rendering

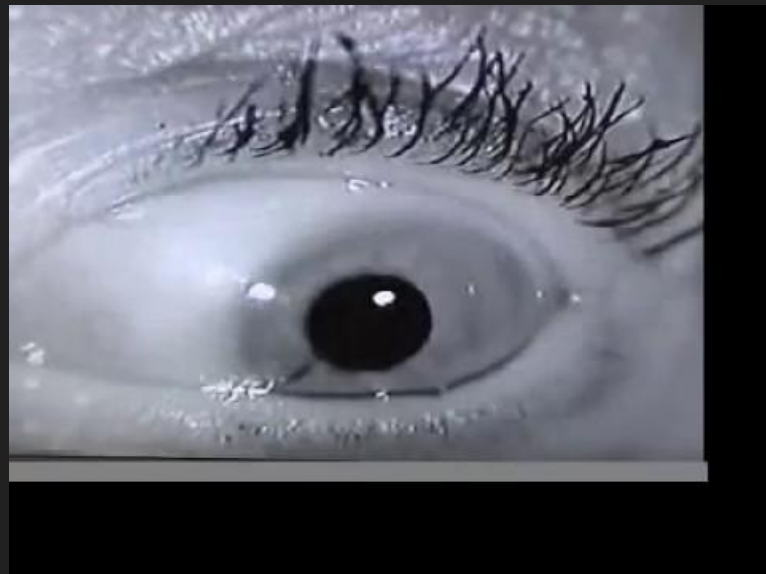
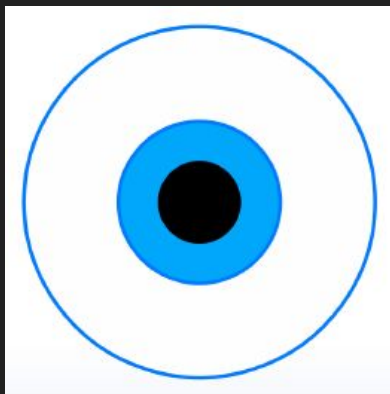
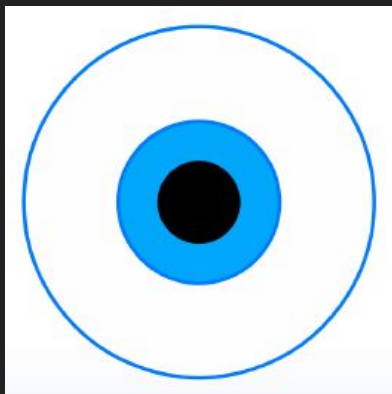
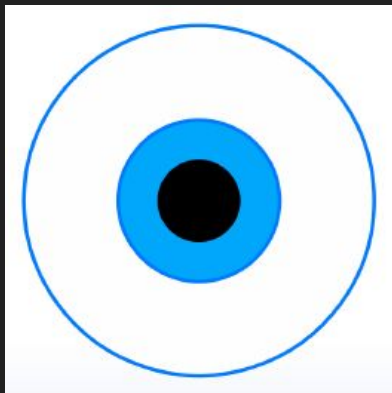
Eye Muscles



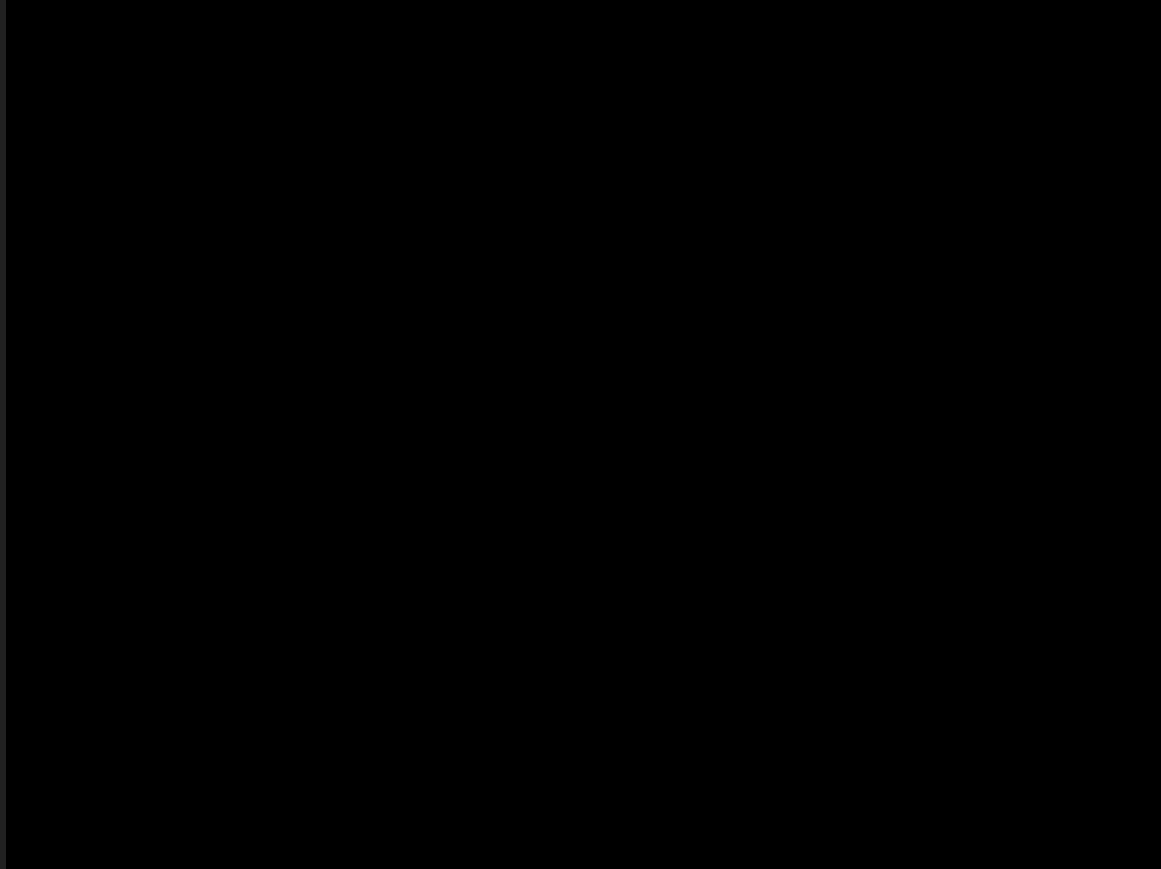
VR is an interdisciplinary topic

- VR is **NOT** a purely CS topic.
- If you work in a VR company, expect to work side by side with computer scientists, engineers, psychologists, optical engineers, optometrists, neuroscientists and artists.
- Most of the design questions in VR are open problems, almost everything is **unchartered territory**.
- Pick any field, you probably can make a difference there with VR.
- A great place to make impact and change the world.

Sanity Check: DOFs



Eye Motion Modes



Eye Motion Modes

	Conjugate	Disjunctive
Voluntary	Saccades Pursuit	Vergence (Convergence + divergence)
Involuntary	Vestibulo-ocular reflex (VOR) Optokinetic Microsaccades	N/A

Review

- Explain the four main differences between rods and cones
- Why are many navigation lights colored bright red?
- How long will it take for us to start seeing things really well when going from a room with really bright light to very dark light? Which mode of vision is this?

Announcements

- MP 4 due March 26th - but start early!
 - Takes a long time to do & lab will be full closer to due date so start now!
- From now on, you will have **mandatory weekly final project meetings** - TA for your project will contact you
- Your attendance will be logged and work you completed will be kept track of. You could get a lower grade than the rest of your team if you don't contribute equally to the final project

Read LaValle, Chapter 4, 5

