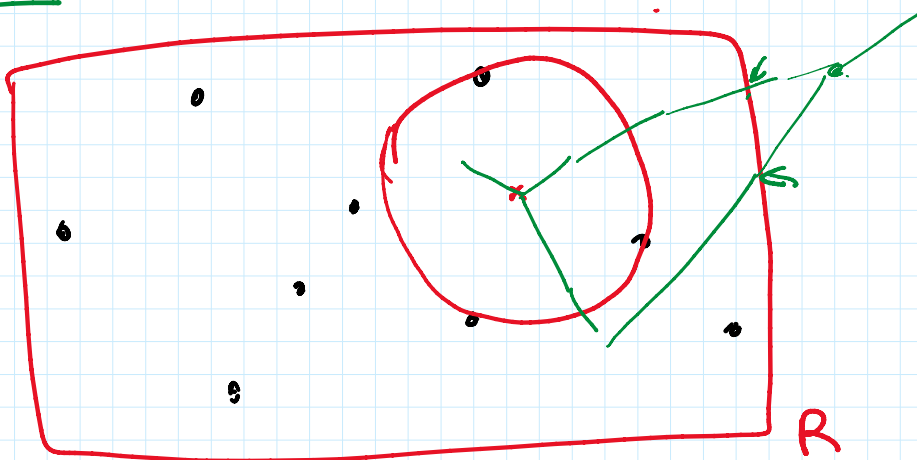


Applications of Voronoi Diagrams / Delaunay Triangulations

Prob 2 Largest empty circle



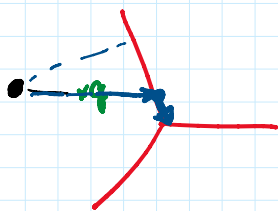
Obs

optimal center is either

- (i) a Vor vertex or
- (ii) intersection of a Vor edge with an edge of R or
- (iii) vertex of R.

Pf:
Sketch

to maximize $f(q) = \text{dist from } q \text{ to nearest site}$
over $q \in R$

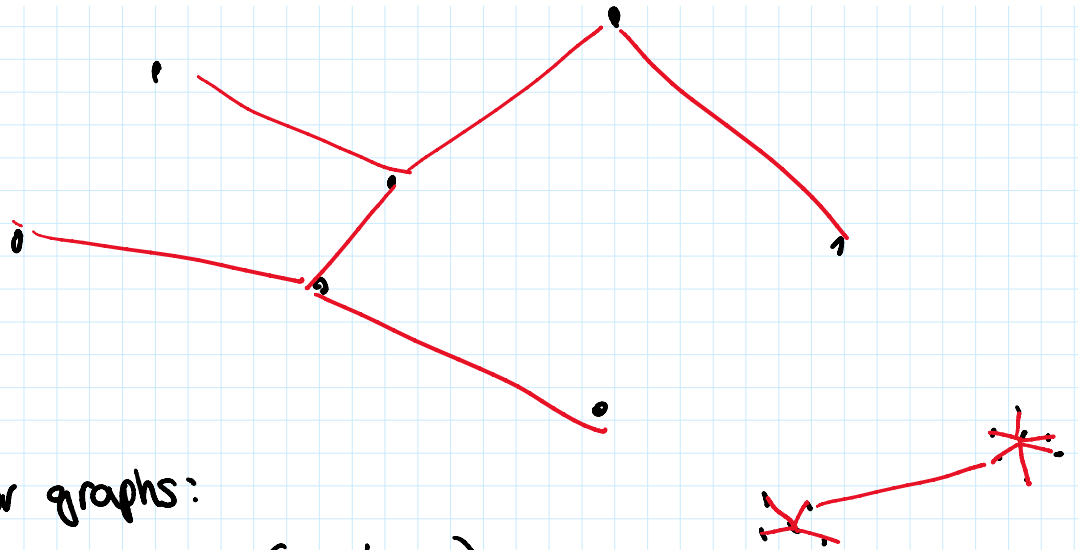


$$\Rightarrow O(n \log n) + O(n) = \boxed{O(n \log n)}_{\text{time}}$$

for VD

Prob 3

Euclidean Min Spanning Tree (EMST)



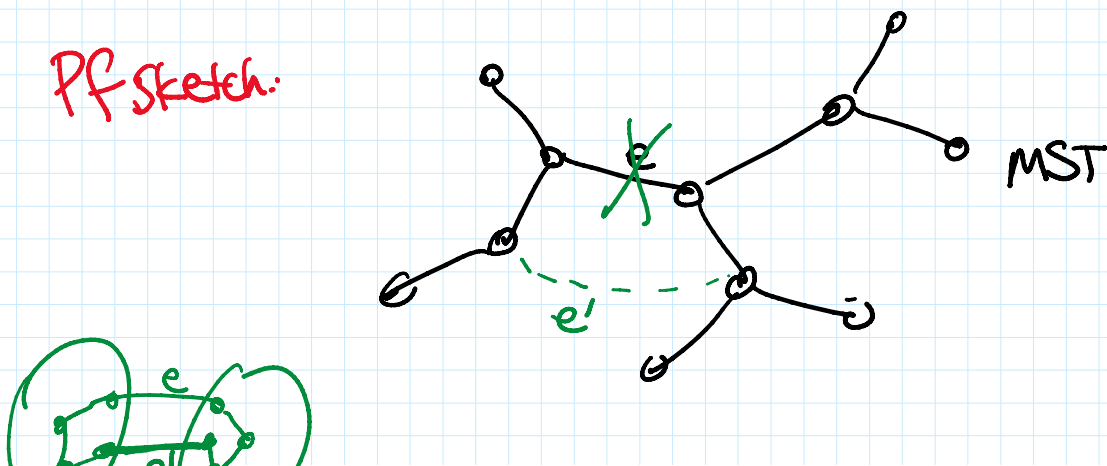
MST for graphs:

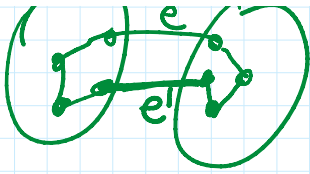
- (Kruskal $O(m \log n)$)
- (Prim $O(n^2)$, $O(m \log n)$, $O(n \log n + m)$.)
- Boruvka $O(m \log n)$
- Chazelle '97 $O(m \alpha(n))$
- Karger, Klein, Tarjan '94 $O(m)$ rand.

EMST: build complete graph & run Prim's $\Rightarrow \boxed{O(n^2)}$ time

Fact for any cycle C , the heaviest edge e_i in C can't be in the MST.

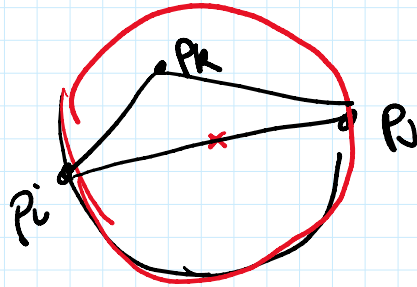
PF sketch:





Thm $EMST \subseteq DT.$

Pf: if $p_i p_j$ is in EMST,



draw circle thru p_i, p_j with center at midpoint

this circle is empty

$$d(p_i, p_k) < d(p_i, p_j)$$

$$d(p_k, p_j) < d(p_i, p_j).$$

by fact $\Rightarrow p_i p_j$ can't be in MST of complete graph.

□

Algm: build DT $+ \text{run Prim/Kruskal in DT}$ $\leftarrow m=O(n)$
 $O(n \log n)$ $O(n \log n)$

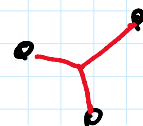
$$= \boxed{O(n \log n)}$$

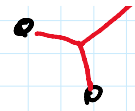
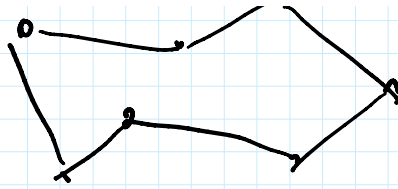
3P: $O(n^3)$

Rmk: approx algs for related NP-hard problems:

TSP

min Steiner tree



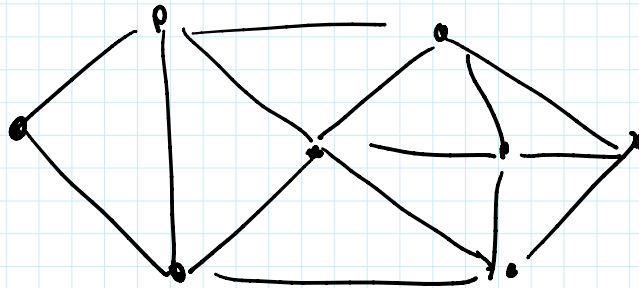
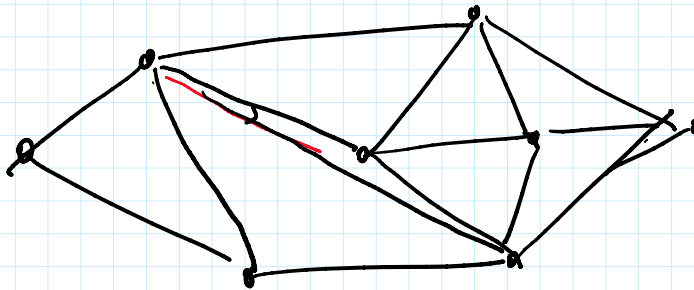


⋮

Prob 4 "Best" triangulation of a point set

One way to define "best"

- maximize smallest angle
- in case of tie, maximize next smallest angle, etc.



motivation - piecewise-linear interpolation
finite-element methods
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