

Linear Programming

$$\max_{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n} f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$$

$$h_i(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \leq 0 \quad \forall i \in \{1, \dots, m\}$$

Kantorovich 1939

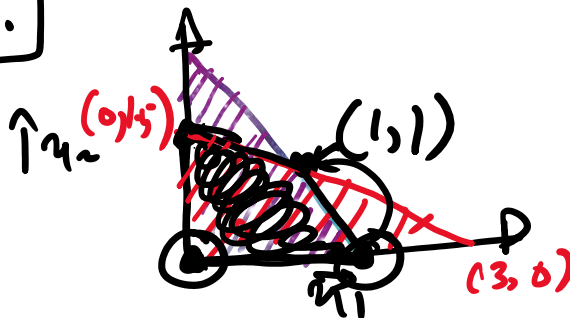
ex. $\max \quad 4x_2 + 3x_1$ $\} \rightarrow$ objective fn

$\text{s.t.} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 2x_2 + x_1 \leq 3 \\ x_1 + x_2 \leq 2 \\ x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{array} \right\} \text{Polytope}$

$$4x_2 + 3x_1 = \underbrace{(2x_2 + x_1)}_{\leq 3} + 2\underbrace{(x_1 + x_2)}_{\leq 2} \leq 3 + 4 = \underline{\underline{7}}$$

$x_1 = x_2 = 1.$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2x_2 + x_1 \leq 3 \\ x_1 + x_2 \leq 2 \end{array}$$



Applications :

Max-flow
(s, t)

$$x_{u \rightarrow v} \quad \forall (u, v) \in E$$

$$\max \sum_{(u, v) \in E} x_{s \rightarrow v}$$

||

$$x_{u \rightarrow v} \geq 0$$

$$x_{u \rightarrow v} \leq c_{u \rightarrow v}$$

$$\sum_{(u, v) \in E} x_{u \rightarrow v} \leq \sum_{(v, u) \in E} x_{v \rightarrow u} \quad \forall v \in V \setminus \{s, t\}$$

Linear Program

$$\pi = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \max \sum_{j \in (n)} c_j x_j \\ \sum_{j \in (n)} a_{ij} x_j \leq b_i \quad \forall i \in (m) \end{array} \right.$$

Replace every x_j by $y_j - z_j$

$$\pi' = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \max \sum_{j \in (n)} c_j (y_j - z_j) \\ \text{s.t.} \sum_{j \in (n)} a_{ij} (y_j - z_j) \leq b_i \quad \forall i \in (m) \\ y_j, z_j \geq 0 \end{array} \right.$$

Standard Form $\Rightarrow \max c^T x$
s.t. $Ax \leq b$

$$\text{s.t. } Ax \leq b \\ x \geq 0$$

SIMPLEX ALGORITHM

$$\text{max } \sum_j c_j x_j$$

$$\text{s.t. } \sum_j a_{ij} x_j \leq b_i \\ x_j \geq 0$$

$$n = \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{non-basic} \\ \text{variables} \end{array} \right|$$

$$m = \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{basic} \\ \text{variables} \end{array} \right|$$

$$\text{max } \sum_j c_j x_j \\ \sum_i a_{ij} x_j + s_i = b_i \\ x_j \geq 0 \quad \forall j \in (n) \\ s_i \geq 0 \quad \forall i \in (m)$$

$$\text{Slack-form} \\ \text{max } c^T x \\ Ax = b \\ x \geq 0$$

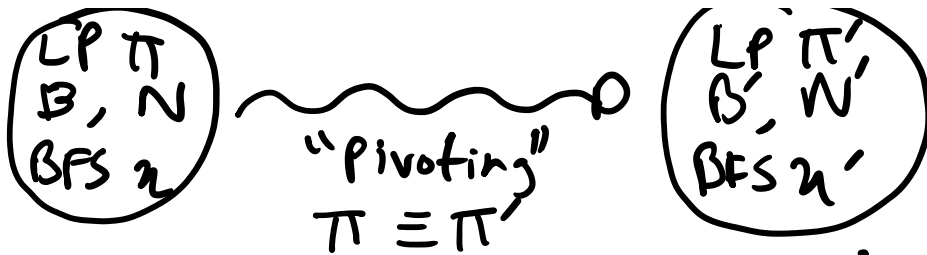
Basic-solution \rightarrow A solution where all non-basic variables are set to zero.

Feasible-solution \rightarrow A solution which satisfies the system of equalities & non-negativity.

Optimal solution \rightarrow A feasible solution with the maximum value of the OBJ function.

High-level-structure of the Simplex Alg





$$B' = B \setminus \underbrace{\{a_{ij}\}}_B \cup \underbrace{\{a_{ij}\}}_N$$

$$N' = N \setminus \{a_{ij}\} \cup \{a_{ij}\}$$

$$|B'| = |B|, \quad |N'| = |N|$$

$$OBJ(x') > OBJ(x)$$

PIVOTING

$$\max \quad \underline{v} + \sum_j c_j x_j$$

$$s.t. \quad \underbrace{s_i}_{BV} = b_i - \sum_j a_{ij} x_j \quad \forall i$$

$$s_i \geq 0 \quad \forall i, \quad x_j \geq 0 \quad \forall j$$

$\exists e \text{ s.t. } c_e > 0 \Rightarrow \text{increase } x_e.$

$$s_i = b_i - a_{ie} x_e \geq 0 \Rightarrow x_e \leq \frac{b_i}{a_{ie}}$$

Set $x_e = \min_{\substack{i \in (n) \\ s.t. a_{ie} > 0}} \frac{b_i}{a_{ie}} :$

Let i^* be $\arg \min_{i \in (n)} \frac{b_i}{a_{ie}}$ } $\left. \begin{array}{l} s_{i^*} = 0 \\ s_i = b_i - a_{ie} x_e \end{array} \right\}$

$R' = n \setminus \{e\} \cup \{i^*\}$

$$\begin{cases} B' = B \setminus \{s_{i^*}\} \cup \{x_e\} \\ N' = N \setminus \{x_e\} \cup \{s_{i^*}\} \end{cases}$$

update π to π'

$$s_{i^*} = b_{i^*} - \sum_j a_{i^*j} x_j$$

$$\Rightarrow x_e = \frac{b_{i^*}}{a_{ie}} - \sum_{j \neq e} \frac{a_{i^*j}}{a_{ie}} x_j - \frac{s_{i^*}}{a_{ie}} \quad (*)$$

Replace every occurrence of x_e in the objective function and all OTHER constraints by $(*)$

Moved from



$$OBJ(\pi') > OBJ(\pi)$$

Running time :- $\binom{n+m}{n}$

Initialization :-

$$\min \pi_0$$

$$S_i = b_i - \sum_j a_{ij} x_j + \pi_0$$

$$S_i \geq 0 \quad \forall i \in (m)$$

$$x_j \geq 0 \quad \forall j \in (n)$$

$$\pi_0 \geq 0$$

Start with $\pi_0 = L$ (arbitrarily large)
 $L > \max_{i \in (m)} |b_i|$

Fundamental Theorem of Linear Programming

Given any LP Π ,

- 1) If no optimum soln exists, then Π is either infeasible or unbounded
- 2) If \exists feasible solution, then there exists a basic feasible soln.
- 3) If \exists optimum solution, there exists a basic optimum solution

1) Ellipsoid Alg \rightarrow First Poly-time alg for LP
Kacharian 1979

2) Interior Point Alg \rightarrow Karumakar 1984.