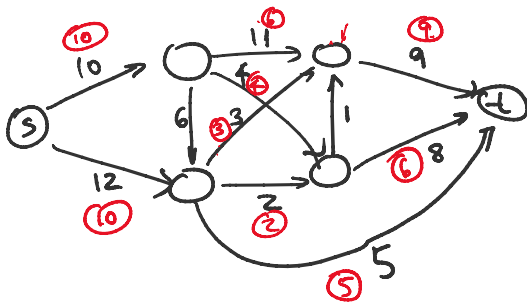


Max Flow

Problem Given directed graph $G = (V, E)$, $s, t \in V$
 $|V| = n, |E| = m,$
 where each $e \in E$ has a capacity $c(e) > 0,$
 find flow from s to t with max value.



value 20

Def A flow is $f: E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ s.t.
 $\forall (u, v) \in E, \quad 0 \leq f(u, v) \leq c(u, v)$

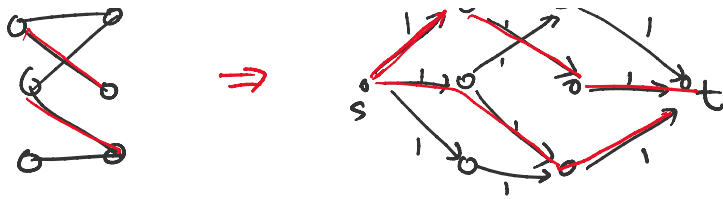
flow conservation $\forall v \in V - \{s, t\}: \sum_{u: (u, v) \in E} f(u, v) = \sum_{w: (v, w) \in E} f(v, w)$

Value of $f = |f| = \sum_{v: (s, v) \in E} f(s, v)$
 $(= \sum_{v: (v, t) \in E} f(v, t))$

Convention: make $f(v, u) = -f(u, v)$ if $(u, v) \in E$
 & $f(u, v) = 0$ if $(u, v), (v, u) \notin E.$
 then flow conservation means $\sum_{w \in V} f(v, w) = 0.$

Appn / Special Case 1: max bipartite matching



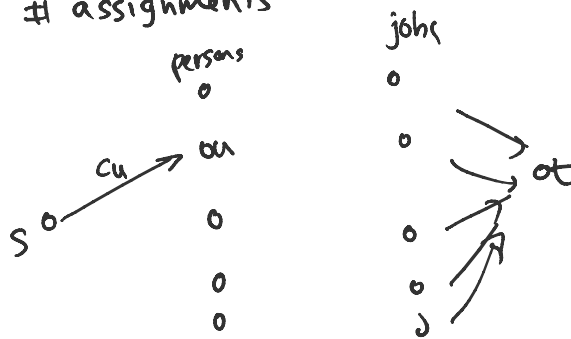


(turns out: opt flow is integral)

Appl/Special Case 2: find max # of ^{edge-disjoint} paths from s to t in dir. graph.

(vertex-disjoint undir.) ...

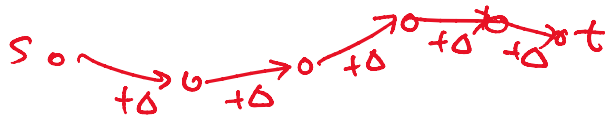
Appl/Special Case 3: assignment problems
 assign jobs to people
 each person u can be $\leq c_u$ jobs
 max # assignments

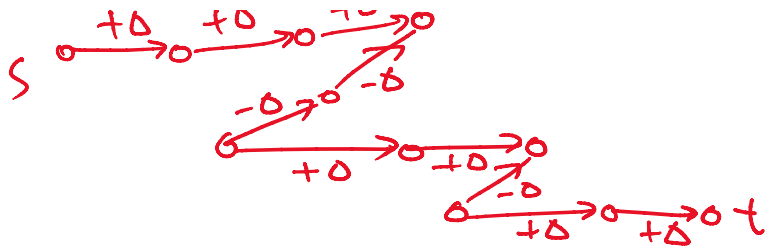


Etc.

Ford & Fulkerson's Alg'm ('56)

idea - local improvement again
 augmenting path again





Def

Let f be a flow.

Define G_f : residual graph

if $(u,v) \in E$, $f(u,v) < c(u,v)$,

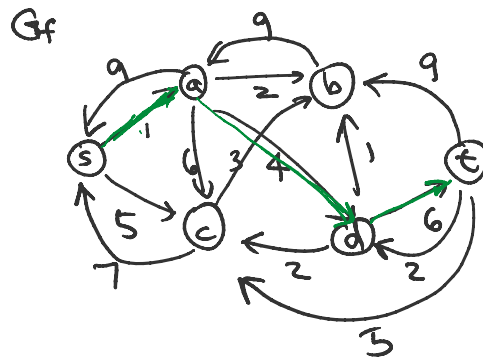
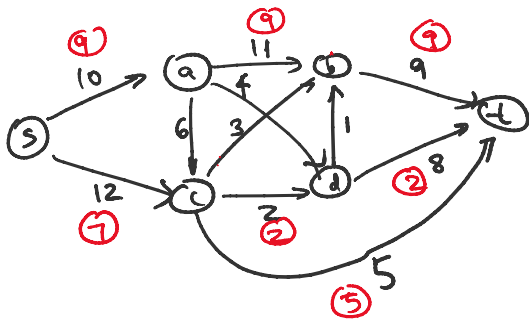
add (u,v) in G_f with capacity $c_f(u,v) = c(u,v) - f(u,v)$

if $(v,u) \in E$, $f(v,u) > 0$,

add (u,v) in G_f with capacity $c_f(u,v) = f(v,u)$

not saturated

Ex



Algm:

$f =$ zero flow

repeat {

find an s -to- t path p in G_f

if not exist, return f

$\Delta =$ min edge capacity in p in G_f

$\forall (u,v) \in p$, $f(u,v) += \Delta$
 $f(v,u) -= \Delta$.

called augmenting path

called bottleneck value

}

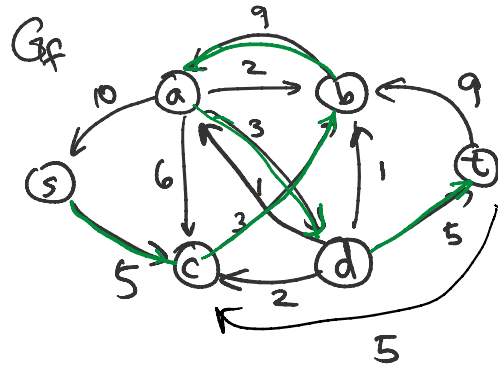
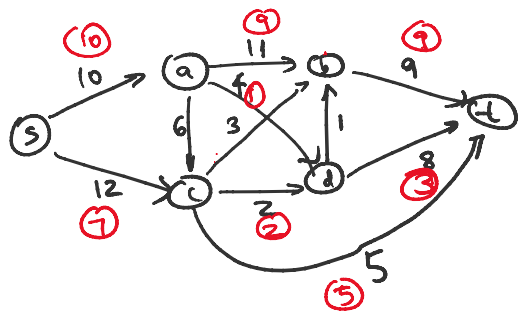
Ex

$\Delta = 1$

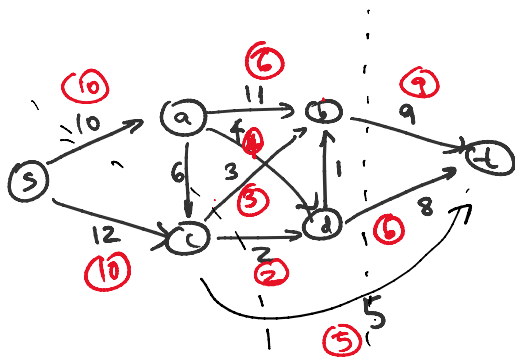


G_f

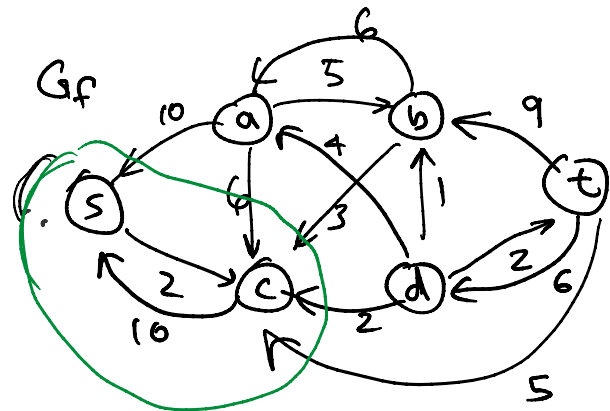




$\Delta = 3$:



value 20



no path from s to t

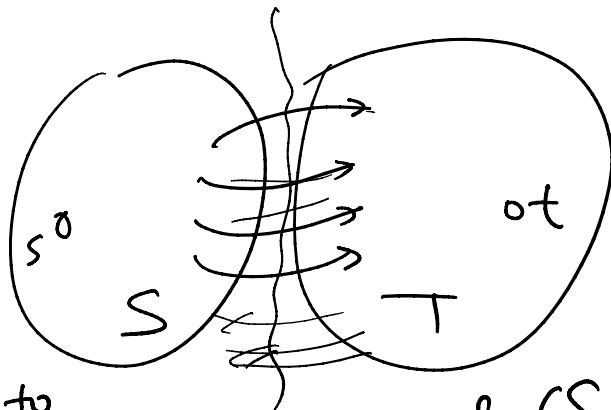
Correctness:

Thm 1 flow f is optimal \Leftrightarrow It has no augmenting path.

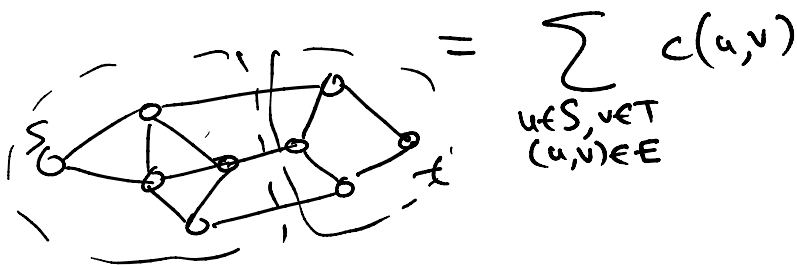
Pf: how?

Min s-t Cut

Def An s-t cut is a partition (S, T) of V with $s \in S, t \in T$



want to minimize the capacity of (S, T)



Obs max flow value \leq min- (s, t) -cut capacity.

Pf: $|f| = \sum_{u \in S, v \in T} f(u, v) \leq \sum_{\substack{u \in S, v \in T \\ (u, v) \in E}} c(u, v) - \sum_{\substack{u \in S, v \in T \\ (v, u) \in E}} 0$
 $=$ capacity of (S, T) , \square

Thm 2 max flow value $=$ min- (s, t) -cut capacity

Pf of Both Thms:

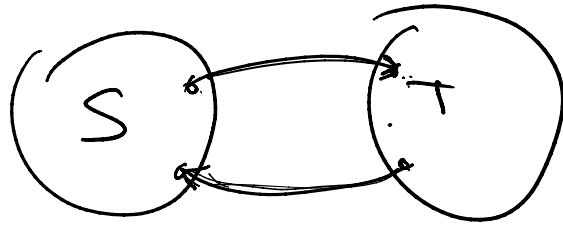
Let f be flow with no aug path.

Look at G_f .

s & t are not reachable in G_f

Let $S =$ all vertices reachable from s in G_f

$T = V - S$.



$$\forall u \in S, v \in T, (u, v) \in E \Rightarrow f(u, v) = c(u, v)$$

$$(v, u) \in E \Rightarrow f(u, v) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{max flow value} &\geq |f| = \sum_{\substack{u \in S \\ v \in T}} f(u, v) = \text{capacity of } (S, T) \\ &\geq \text{capacity of min cut} \\ &\geq \text{max flow by obs value} \end{aligned}$$

□

Runtime Analysis:

each iteration takes $O(m)$ time by DFS/BFS

if capacities are integers in $\{1, \dots, U\}$,

$$\# \text{ iterations} \leq |f^*| \leq nU$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{O(mnU)} \text{ total time}$$