cs473 Algorithms		Out: Fri., 2022-02-18 17:00
	Problem Set #4	
Prof. Michael A. Forbes		Due: Fri., 2022-02-25 17:00

Submissions must obey the following guidelines when using *reductions* to solve problems, in particular when using algorithms for computing maximum flows as a black-box.

- Construction: Submissions must completely describe the relevant capacitated graph by describing the vertices, the edges (with direction), and capacities. The source s and sink t must also be identified.
- Forward reduction: Submissions must describe an algorithm to, given the original input, construct the above mentioned capacitated graph. This includes a correctness and complexity analysis.
- Backwards reduction: Submissions must describe an algorithm to, given a maximum flow in the constructed capacitated graph, efficiently solve the original problem. This includes a correctness and complexity analysis. An argument for correctness will typically require two directions. First, if the resulting maximum flow is large in value, then the produced solution to the original problem is correct. Second, if the resulting maximum flow is small in value, then the produced solution to the original problem is correct.
- Complexity: The overall complexity of the entire algorithm must be specified as a function of the original input (**not** as a function of the constructed capacitated graph).
- Submissions should assume that maximum flows can be computed in O(nm) time on graphs with n vertices and m edges, and in particular should **not** reproduce a maximum flow algorithm unless required.

Analogous guidelines exist for reductions to other problems whose algorithms were presented in lecture or auxiliary reading, such as shortest paths with negative edge lengths, or maximum bipartite matching.

All problems are of equal value.

- 1. Best minimum cut. Erickson Chapter 10, Problem #16, (a) and (c) only (https://jeffe.cs.illinois.edu/teaching/algorithms/book/10-maxflow.pdf).
- 2. Node capacities. Kleinberg-Tardos Chapter 7, Problem #13.
 - (a) Give a polynomial-time algorithm to find an (s,t)-maximum-flow in such a node-capacitated network.
 - (b) Define an (s,t)-cut for node-capacitated networks, and show that the analogue of the max-flow min-cut theorem holds true.
- 3. Placing tokens. Erickson Chapter 11, Problem #9 (https://jeffe.cs.illinois.edu/teaching/algorithms/book/11-maxflowapps.pdf).