

→ n →

12	21	38	76	27
74	14	14	29	60
21	8	25	10	71
68	45	29	15	76
97	8	12	2	6

m ↓

12	21	38	76	89
74	14	14	29	60
21	8	20	10	71
68	45	29	15	76
97	8	12	2	6

~~TM~~  
but  
Not  
Monge

Monotone

Find min of every row

$O(m + n \log m)$

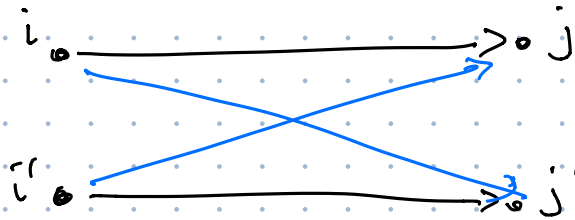
12	21	38	76	27
21	8	25	10	71
97	8	12	2	6

Totally Monotone

Then minima

in  $O(m+n)$  time

Monge



For any indices  $i < i'$  and  $j < j'$ :

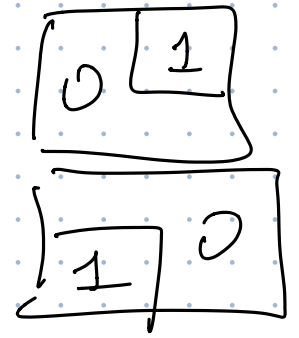
$$M[i, j] + M[i', j'] \leq M[i, j'] + M[i', j]$$

suffices to check  $i' = i + 1$   
 $j' = j + 1$

$O(mn)$

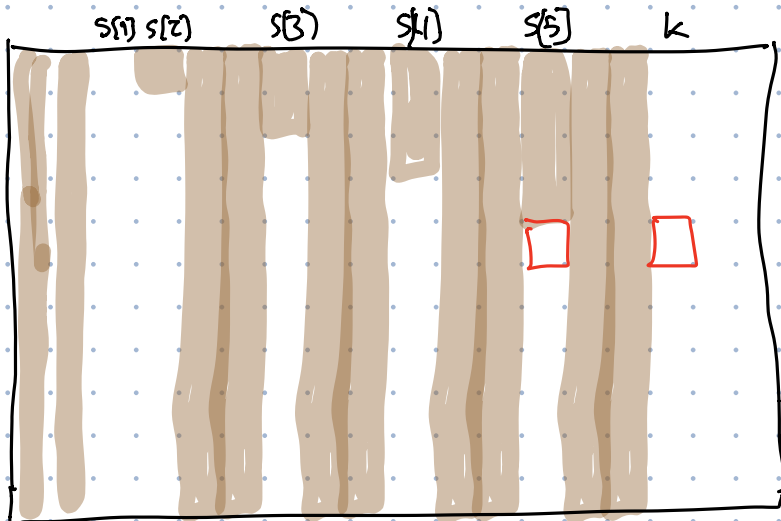
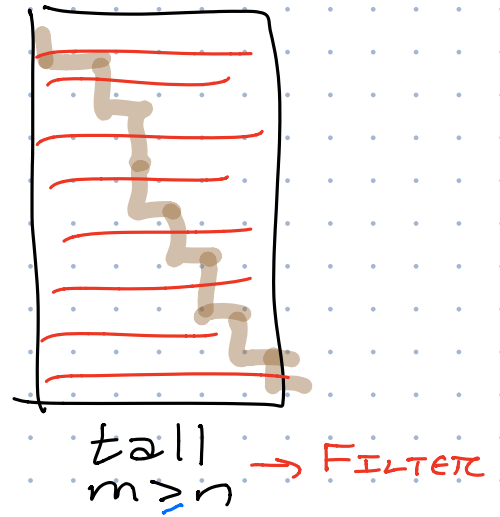
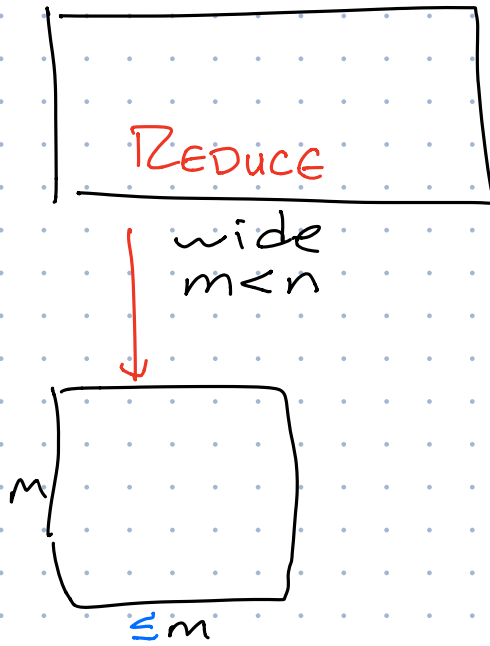
Lemma: Array is Monge iff one of the following

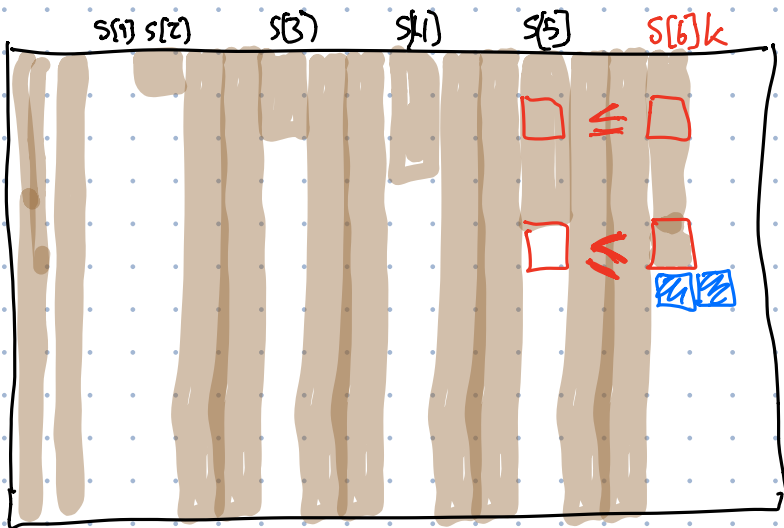
- Every row is const
- Every col is const
- All 0's except UTZ block of 1s  
or LL



- Monge + Monge
- c. Monge For any  $c > 0$
- Monge<sup>+</sup>

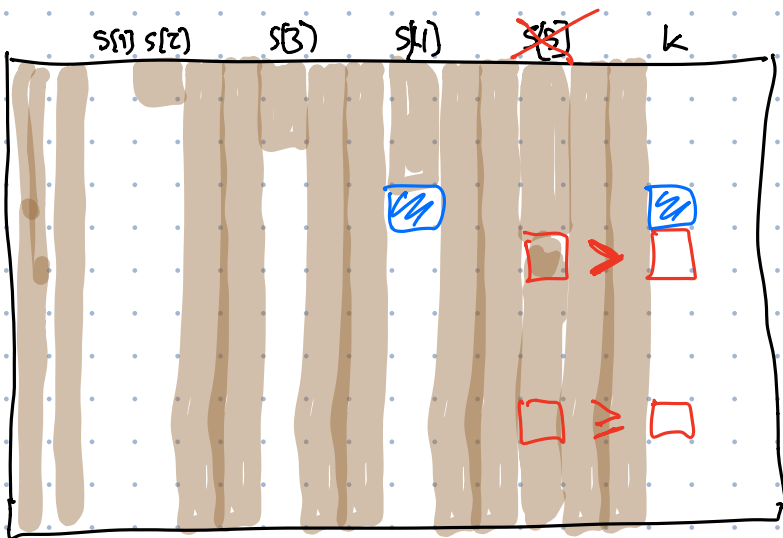
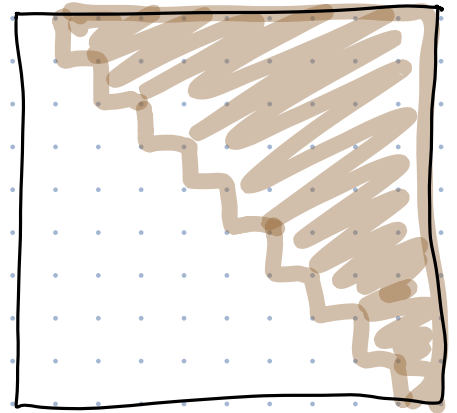
Shor  
Moran  
Aggarwal  
Wilbur  
Kane





After  $\leq 2n$  iterations

Totes Mono



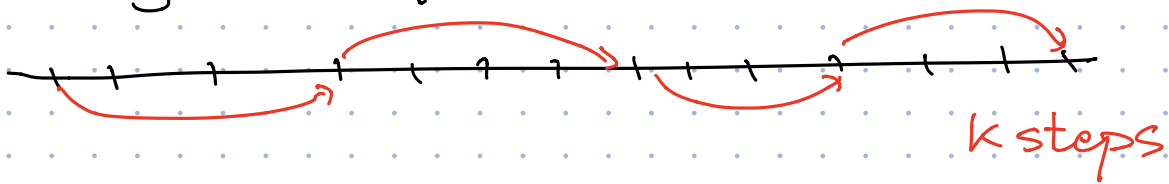
$$T(m, n) \begin{matrix} \nearrow \\ \text{rows} \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ \text{cols} \end{matrix} \leq \begin{cases} O(n) & m=1 \\ O(n) + T(m, m) & 1 < m < n & \text{REDUCE} \\ O(m) + \cancel{T(\frac{m}{2}, n)} + \cancel{T(n, n)} & m \geq n & \text{FILTER} \end{cases}$$

After  $O(\log(\frac{m}{n}))$  FILTERS, array is wide

$$O(m) + O(\frac{m}{2}) + O(\frac{m}{4}) + \dots = O(m)$$

$O(m + n)$  time

# Concave Min Weight Subsequence



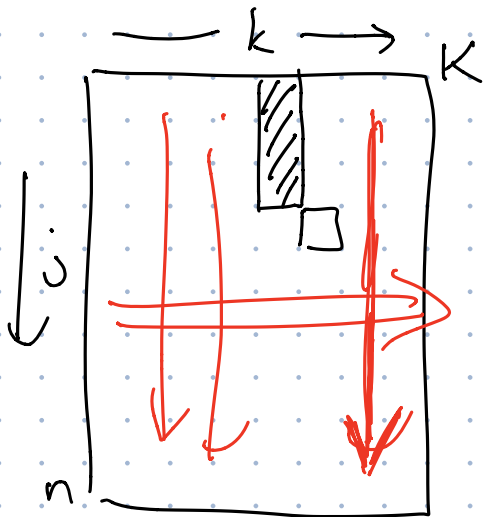
$w(i \rightarrow j)$  cost of  $i \rightarrow j$

Find  $k$  steps minimize  $\sum_{j=1}^k w(B[j-1] \rightarrow B[j])$

Need to find  $B[0..k]$  sorted array of indices  
 $B[0] = 1 \quad B[k] = n$

$OptCost(j, k) = \min$  cost of  $k$ -link path from 1 to  $j$   
 (we need  $OptCost(1, k)$ ).

$$OptCost(j, k) = \begin{cases} w(1 \rightarrow j) & k=1 \\ \infty & j < k \\ \min_{i < j} \{ OptCost(i, k-1) + w(i \rightarrow j) \} & \end{cases}$$



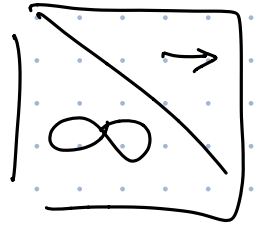
$O(n^2 k)$  time

```

for k = 1 to k
  for j = 1 to n
    if j = k
      OptCost[j, k] = ∞
    else
      for i = 1 to j-1
        look at  $OptCost(i, k-1) + w(i \rightarrow j)$ 
      OptCost[j, k] ← min
    
```

Suppose  $w(i \rightarrow j)$  is Monge

$$w[i, j] = \begin{cases} w(i \rightarrow j) & \text{if } i < j \\ \infty & \text{if } i \geq j \end{cases}$$



$$w(i \rightarrow j) = (j - i)^2$$

$$w(i \rightarrow j) + w(i+1 \rightarrow j+1) \text{ vs } w(i \rightarrow j+1) + w(i+1 \rightarrow j)$$

$$2(i-j)^2 \text{ vs } (i-j+1)^2 + (i-j-1)^2$$

$$D = i-j \quad 2D^2 \text{ vs } (D+1)^2 + (D-1)^2$$

$$\leftarrow 2D^2 + 2$$

$$w(i \rightarrow j) = (S[j] - S[i])^2$$

$$M[i, j] = \text{Opt Cost}(i, k-1) + w(i \rightarrow j)$$

$$A[i, j] + w[i, j]$$

$$\text{Monge} + \text{Monge} = \text{Monge}$$

rows constant

if  $w(i \rightarrow j)$  is Monge

$\Rightarrow O(nk)$  time