

Welcome to CS473 (CS 498 DL1)

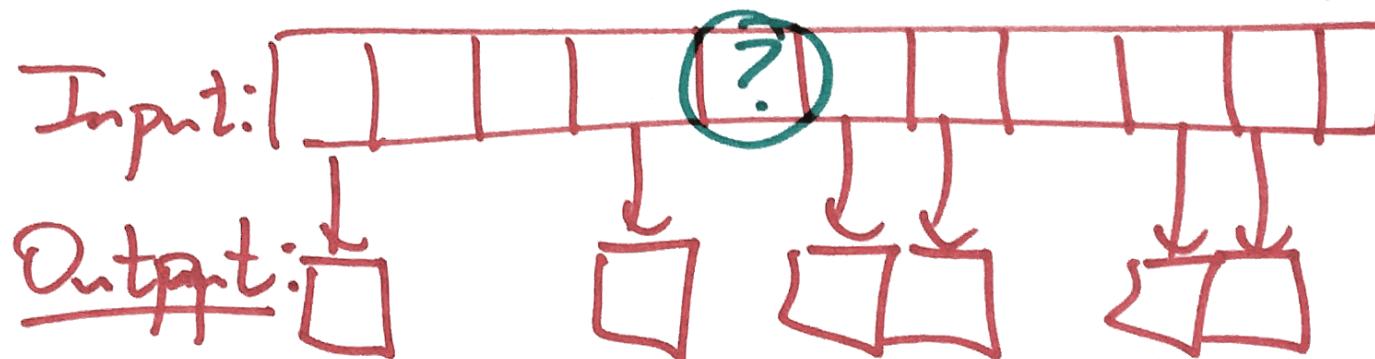
Algorithms

Jeff

Dynamic Programming

Optimization/Construction problem

→ Series of decisions
↑ what decisions?



Formulate decisions as a recursive
problem → specify

→ recurrence

CORRECT

Make the recurrence iterative

EFFICIENT

Longest Increasing Subsequence

A =

1 8 7 8 7 9 7 8 1 1 1 4 8 9 4 9 1 1 8 9 8 9 & Hey!

① Seq. of decisions



Is this in the LIS
assuming prev decisions
are correct?

② Problem: $LIS(i, j) =$ Length of
Longest increasing subsequence
of $A[i:j..n]$ such that all
entries are larger than $A[i]$

$LIS(A) = \max_{i=0}^n LIS(0, i)$

③ Recurrence:

$$\text{LIS}(i, j) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } j > n \\ \text{LIS}(i, j+1) & \text{if } A[j] \leq A[i] \\ \max \left\{ \text{LIS}(i, j+1), 1 + \text{LIS}(j, j+1) \right\} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

\square
 $A[i]$

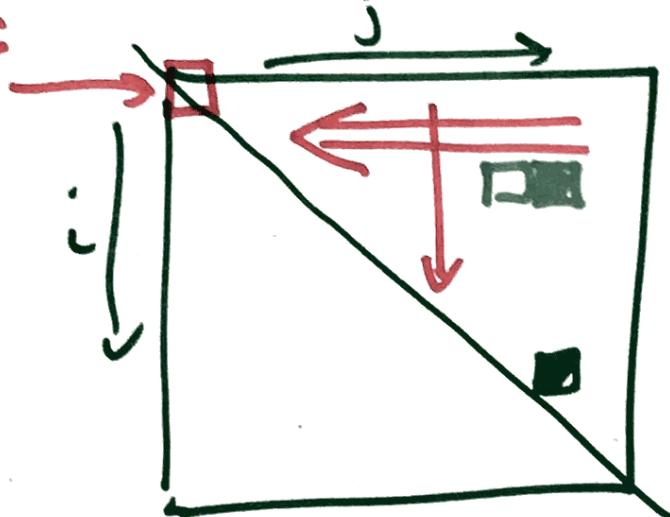
$\boxed{?}$
 $A[j, \dots, n]$

④ Iterative

Memoization structure:

array LIS[0..n, 1..n+1]

Answer:



Order:

for $j \leftarrow n$ down to 1

 for $i \leftarrow 0$ to $n-j-1$

$O(n^2)$
time

Recurrence

Decisions: What's next in the output subseq?

Problem: $LIS(i) =$

Length of longest increasing subseq. of $A[1..n]$ that starts with $A[i]$

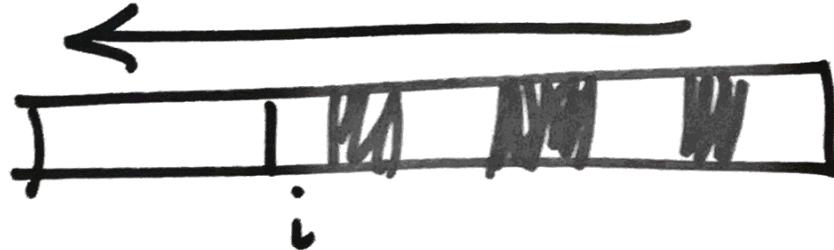
Global: $A[0] \leftarrow -\infty$

return $LIS(0) - 1$

$$LIS(i) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } i < j \leq n \\ \max \{ LIS(j) \mid \begin{array}{l} j \neq i \\ A[j] > A[i] \end{array} \} + 1 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Where $\max \emptyset = 0$

LIS [1..n]



$O(n^2)$ time

for $i \leftarrow n$ to 0
recurrence