

Homework 2: Cryptanalysis

This homework is due **Wednesday, February 18, 2015 at 6 p.m.** and counts for 5% of your course grade. Late submissions will be penalized by 10% plus an additional 10% every 5 hours until received. Late work will not be accepted after 20.5 hours past the deadline. If you have a conflict due to travel, interviews, etc., please plan accordingly and turn in your homework early.

We encourage you to discuss the problems and your general approach with other students in the class. However, the answers you turn in must be your own original work, and you are bound by the Student Code. Solutions should be submitted electronically via SVN in plain text format by completing the template at the end of this document.

Solve both of the following problems. You will probably want to write some short programs to help; submit them along with your answers. This might be a good opportunity to try Python, but you may use any common language or numerical package.

1. Here is some ciphertext that was produced with a Vigenère cipher:

```
ULPKXWRJUGCCQDLBVKVINLCTZEVOKNLYCWQLYTCRQBMJASZDWLMIKZEGLIMKLLCFIMVE
ZYGMIAPFWVJJBALUKEZEAYJXETWWXRYZMCKUIDIAXGLVBIVPJUCGCQEAMRWSCEUIENXZF
UNZIKIYVUEVPGKAHXKVWEGWFGWBSSNFQIZNGGVOLMTFZCPIVNWIVVHDPJMRMMMDSHURLQN
ZUIZVMWSNVYXWGS LZJYALKJVXXATFCEASZXS NZJRAPUOIDXGDMWYVWLLUTJRNTVYEOMIW
ANPYEBLAHKZKZTL SRPXPPFNZXEBTGHR IHVZFLVKYLTSNZJRUVYIIGZJHNFVBIAZSZIXMC
KYTOWBSWXZNGQADCEZWWQEUKCIULLCTNGWXHOKZVANAYEXIIYVYCZGBCAWRGIVRAHVZVQY
YGFYIZYULPKXWRJUGCCQDZYRQMTJTUJZHWYEUKCIULLCTVPBSWIITEVOUIDKYBPJMTDIVN
WJIVGBTUYTMCXEGAIVTPTUUCBSZTLBDNEZPVYJDKVPVUIJYVOUIDKYBLLCFIETSSLUIIAD
SMJPPQXEA IENQIVAHXNYKSSFXJVQE ZGJCEZOLISMIIVAHGMEKEAWVWCYQUUQIZDSL PDXQD
LBVJVMEAWRGPGAGMJDF TPLISMIIVKOTCEAJKNVHFCEANZNMVQWUJDF TPLIUJWWMQUETO VZ
OHGMEKEAWRGQMLFMTMCXEGFFBCZPDUKZHPUBEJPWRQBRNVITKYUVRCTXIJJTPYUCDWAF
WMKCIMWWWKMSVTUZIJBRTWLWJYVOSNZJRELKCEQSTGWXZIEKLKYZIXPPMHZOILDLUKZWES
AWYLYMDLCFIILHZYKCIZCWKLDVQYYMLNTMNL YUXVQXAHRGWBZHLFQMLPLBVDVLPULPKXQZ
FEVTWBZDUNZRNZJWVHIVEAMLIGWYKNZOYBTGHRGXPPWZVVOFWXKCEBEZCJDWIGAICVXQZ
FIWOLMCAAYOSNYGNSZMVRXIIIXILEGCEXVQXAHROIWYWMVGJIDYCMZRQYLBVAMNEZUDZRLX
```

Assume that encrypting with the key letter A results in no change, B results in an increment by one place in the alphabet, C results in an increment by two places, etc.

What is the key? (Please show your work.)

2. Here is a table of the relative frequency of letters in English text:

A: 8.167%	B: 1.492%	C: 2.782%	D: 4.253%	E: 12.702%	F: 2.228%	G: 2.015%
H: 6.094%	I: 6.996%	J: 0.153%	K: 0.772%	L: 4.025%	M: 2.406%	N: 6.749%
O: 7.507%	P: 1.929%	Q: 0.095%	R: 5.987%	S: 6.327%	T: 9.056%	U: 2.758%
V: 0.978%	W: 2.360%	X: 0.150%	Y: 1.974%	Z: 0.074%		

Here is some plaintext:

ethicslawanduniversitypolicies to defend a system you need to be able to think like an attacker and that includes understanding techniques that can be used to compromise security however using those techniques in the real world may violate the law or the university's rules and it may be unethical under some circumstances even probing for weaknesses may result in severe penalties up to and including expulsion civil fines and jail time our policy insists that you must respect the privacy and property rights of others at all times or else you will fail the course acting lawfully and ethically is your responsibility carefully read the computer fraud and abuse act of 1986 a federal statute that broadly criminalizes computer intrusion this is one of several laws that govern hacking understand what the law prohibits you don't want to end up like this guy if in doubt we can refer you to an attorney please review our policies on responsible use of technology resources and our policy documents for guidelines concerning proper use of information technology at UMass as well as the engineering honor code as members of the university community you are required to abide by it

The *population variance* of a finite population X of size N and mean μ is given by

$$\text{Var}(X) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \mu)^2.$$

- (a) What is the population variance of the relative letter frequencies in English text?
- (b) What is the population variance of the relative letter frequencies in the given plaintext?
- (c) For each of the following keys — yz, xyz, wxyz, vwxyz, uvwxyz — encrypt the plaintext with a Vigenère cipher and the given key, then calculate and report the population variance of the relative letter frequencies in the resulting ciphertext. Describe and briefly explain the trend in this sequence of variances.
- (d) Viewing a Vigenère key of length k as a collection of k independent Caesar ciphers, calculate the mean of the frequency variances of the ciphertext for each one. (E.g., for key yz, calculate the frequency variance of the even numbered ciphertext characters and the frequency variance of the odd numbered ciphertext characters. Then take their mean.) Report the result for each key in part (c). Is the mean variance like those observed in part (b)? Part (c)? Briefly explain.
- (e) Consider the ciphertext that was produced with key uvwxyz. In part (d), you calculated the mean of six variances for this key. Revisit that ciphertext, and calculate the mean of the frequency variances that arise if you had assumed that the key had length 2, 3, 4, and 5. Does this suggest a variant to the Kasiski attack? (Don't say no!) Briefly explain. \square

Submission Template

```
#
# In a file named hw2.txt
#

# Problem 1:
key=XXXXXXXXXX

show_your_work_here ...

# Problem 2:
part_a_var_english=0.0000000
part_b_var_plaintext=0.0000000
part_c_var_ciphertexts=[0.0000000, 0.0000000, 0.0000000, 0.0000000, 0.0000000]
part_c_explain="briefly_describe_and_explain_trend ..."
part_d_means=[0.0000000, 0.0000000, 0.0000000, 0.0000000, 0.0000000]
part_d_explain="briefly_compare_and_explain_results ..."
part_e_means=[0.0000000, 0.0000000, 0.0000000, 0.0000000]
part_e_explain="briefly_explain_attack_variant ..."

show_your_work_here ...
```