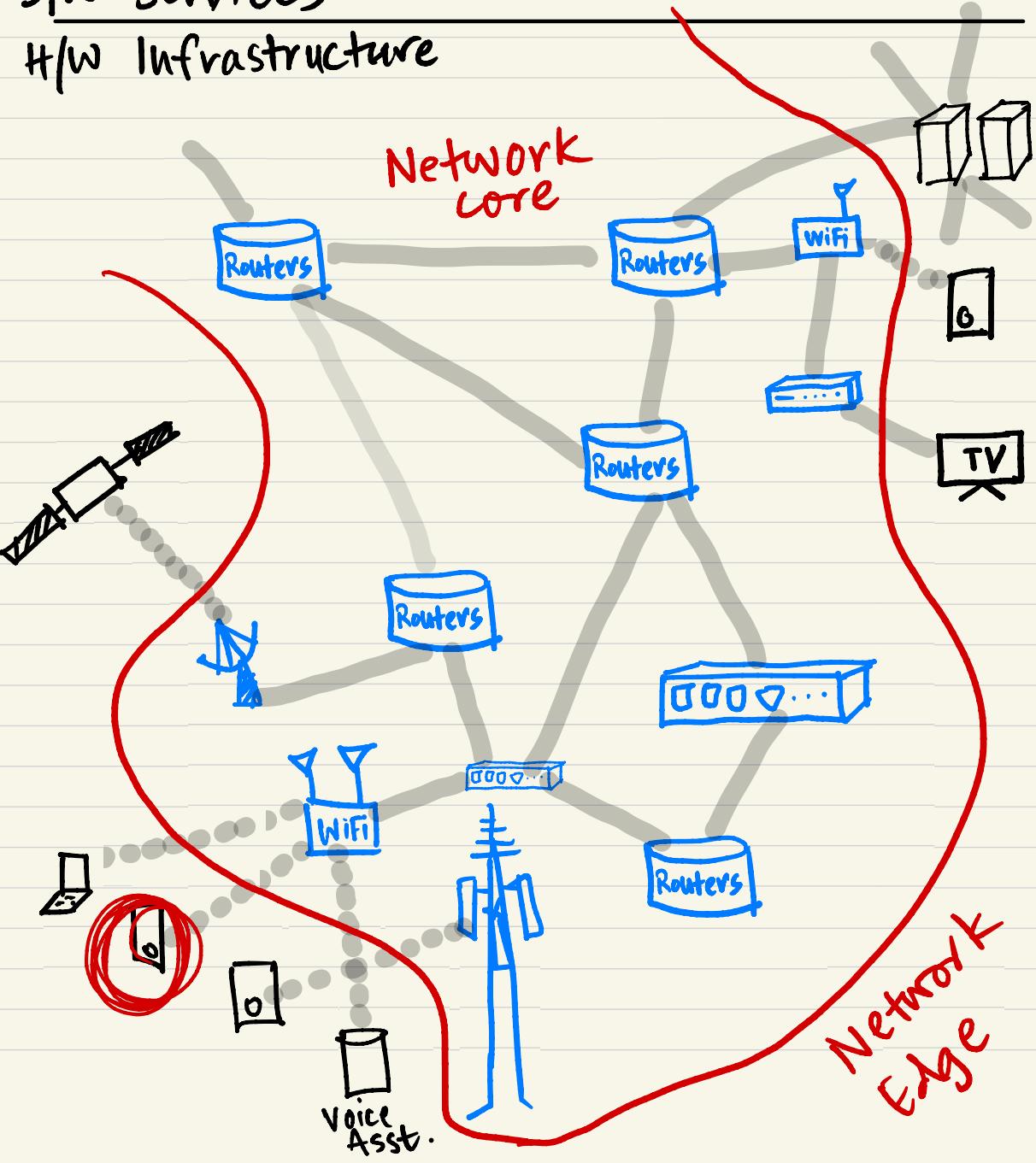


S/W Services

H/W Infrastructure



Keywords

- Devices, hosts, end-systems, nodes (includes satellites, servers...)
- Routers, switches (includes cell towers, WiFi, ground stations)
- Links (backbone, access networks, last mile)
- Applications (zoom, web, Dropbox, WhatsApp, email, DNS...)
- Protocols (HTTP, TCP, IP, WiFi, OFDM)
 - ↳ Internet standards, RFC, IETF
- Communication Service
 - ↳ ① Connection-less
 - ↳ ② Connection-oriented

```
graph LR; A[Communication Service] --> B[① Connection-less]; A --> C[② Connection-oriented]; B --> D[Guarantees]; C --> E["Best effort  
(somewhat  
unreliable)"]
```

real life protocols analogy?

real life road analogy

- Network Edge
 - ↳ ① Client/Server
 - ↳ ② P2P
 - ↳ ③ Hybrid
- ↳ Network computing

```
graph LR; A[Network computing] --> B[Cloud]; A --> C[Fog]; A --> D[Edge]
```
- ↳ Links at the edge (Residential or institutional access networks, last mile networks)

- Bandwidth
- Data rate, bit rate
- Bit error rate, packet error rate
- Packet loss, congestion

① Dial up modem

② ADSL

③ Cable

```
graph LR; A[Cable] --- B[cable network architecture]
```

④ Wireless

```
graph LR; A[Wireless] --- B[WiFi / cellular / satellite]
```

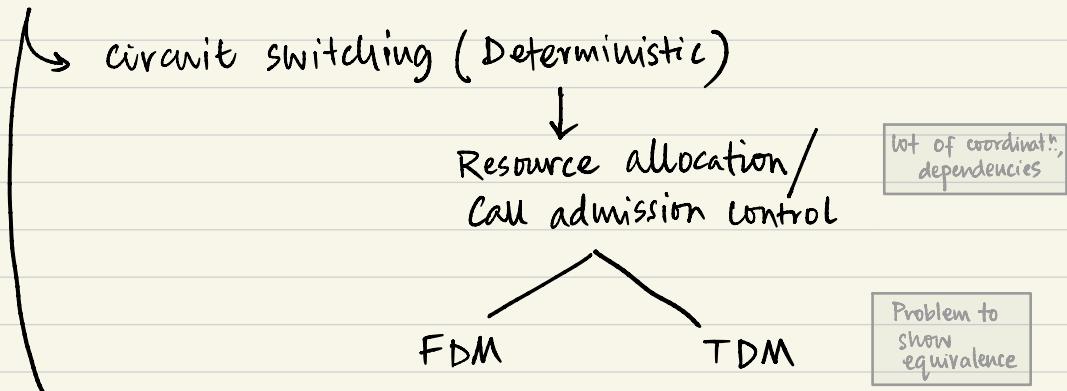
{

- Picture
- tradeoff

• Spectrum map

- Wireless SNR, Shannon's law
- Carrier frequency

- Network core



- Internet service Providers (ISPs)

- Tier 1, 2, 3 ... hierarchical
- Partnerships, peering
- Geo-political, socio-economic factors

↳ Discuss tradeoffs

show taxonomy picture

- Internet protocol stack

- 5 layers (app, transport, network, link, physical)
- Encapsulation
- Layering philosophy → horizontal
- End to end principle

• show headers
• highlight eze layers, and local layers (net, link)

Is high tput \Leftrightarrow low latency?

Vacation analogy

- Throughput, goodput
- Latency, delay

↳ Processing, Queueing delay
Propagation delay, transmit time

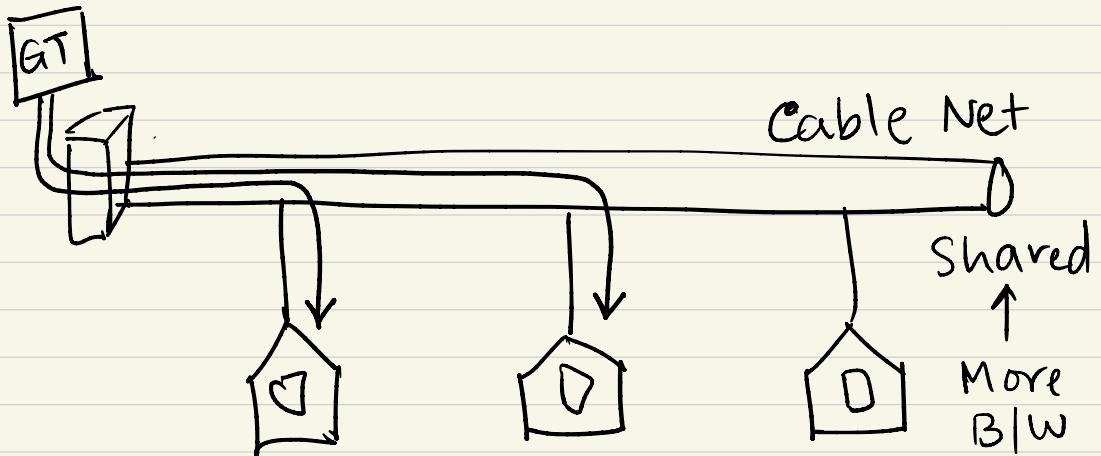
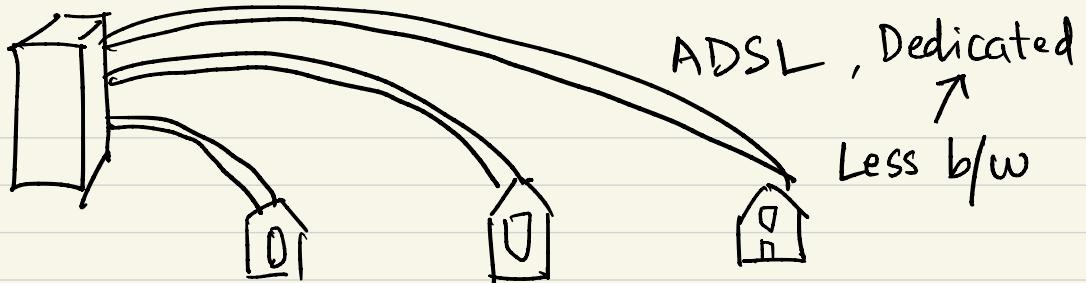
- Avg. queueing delay vs. traffic intensity

- Real Internet delays

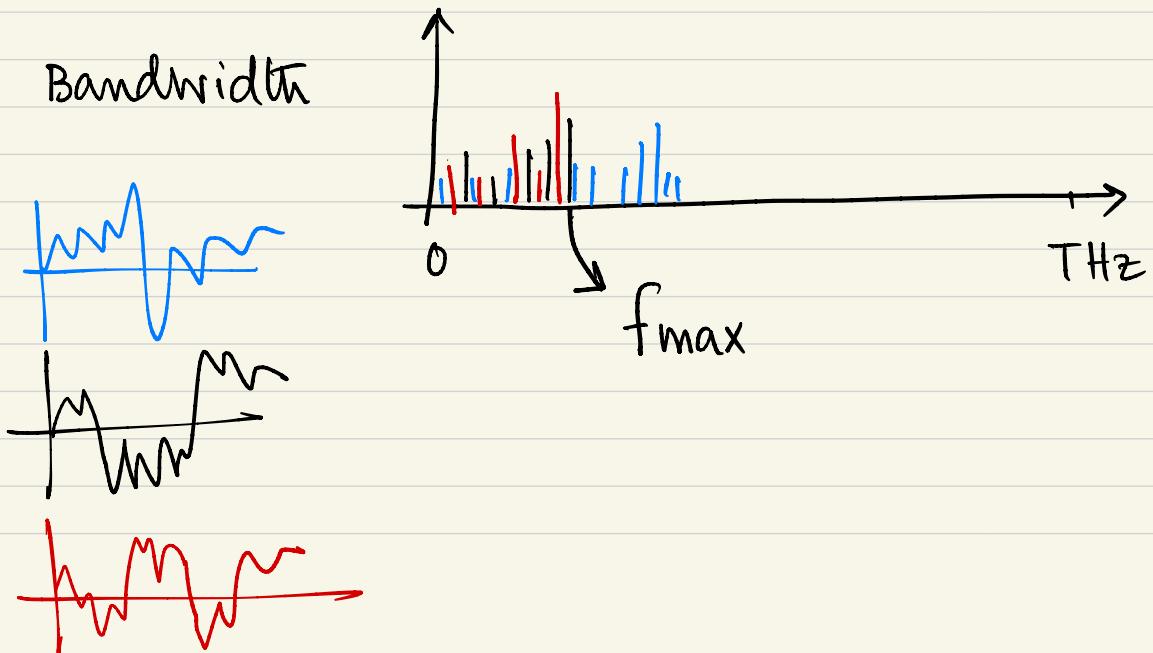
↳ Traceroute

show on laptop

why
 H



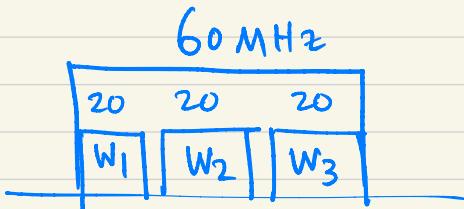
Multicast



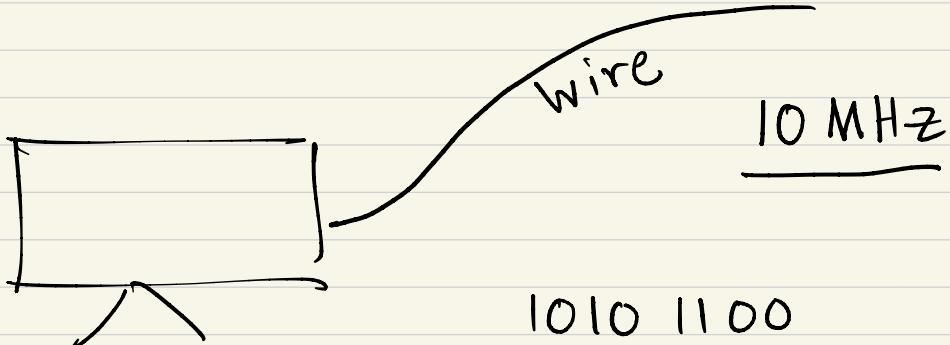
Bits/s \Rightarrow Bit rate

$$\text{Bit rate (c)} = B \log \left(1 + \frac{\text{SNR}}{B} \right)$$

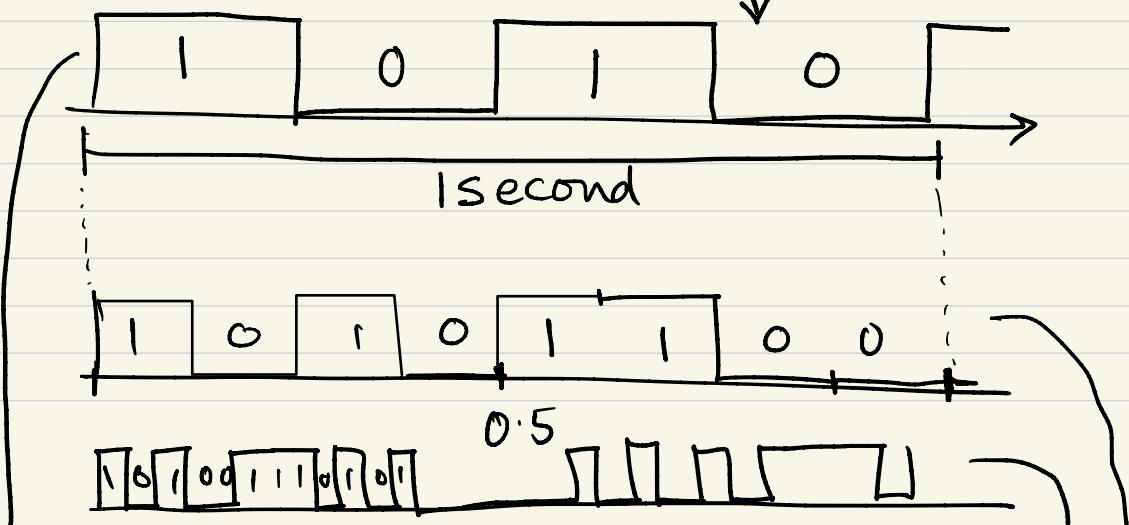
$\frac{\text{Signal}}{\text{Noise}} \rightarrow \text{Ratio}$



Bandwidth



1010 1100



FFT

FFT

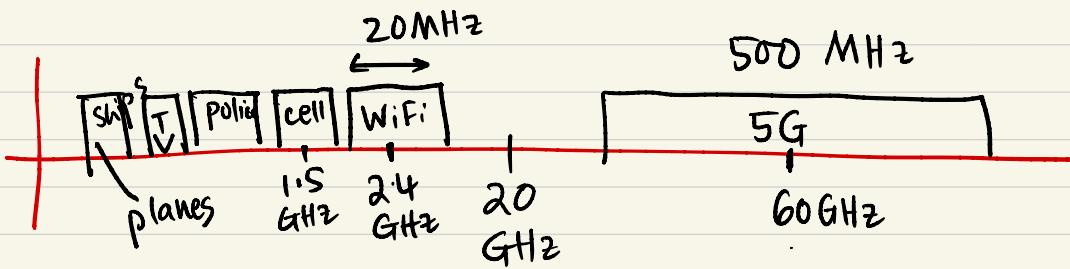
f_{\max}^A

f_{\max}^C

f_{\max}^B

$$f_{\max}^C > f_{\max}^B > f_{\max}^A$$

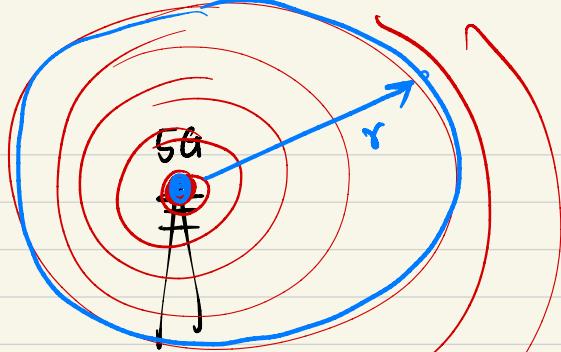
5G



60 GHz, Low range

2.4 GHz, med range

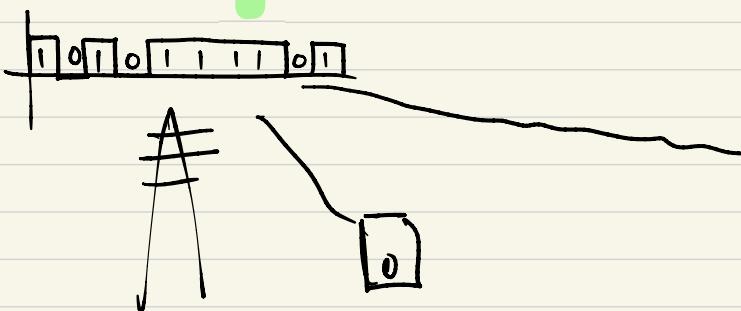
1.9 GHz, long range



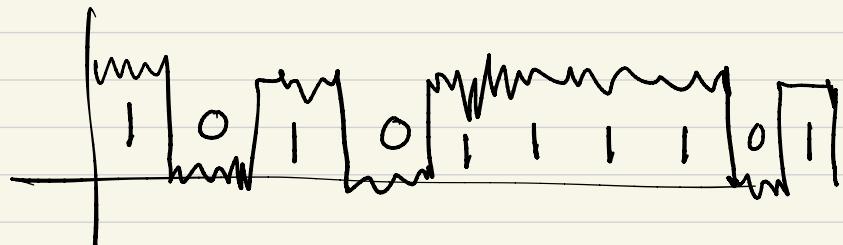
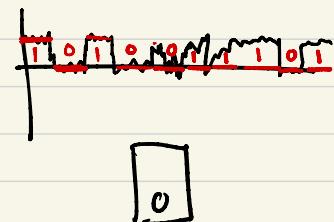
$$P_r = \frac{P_t}{4\pi r^2}$$

0

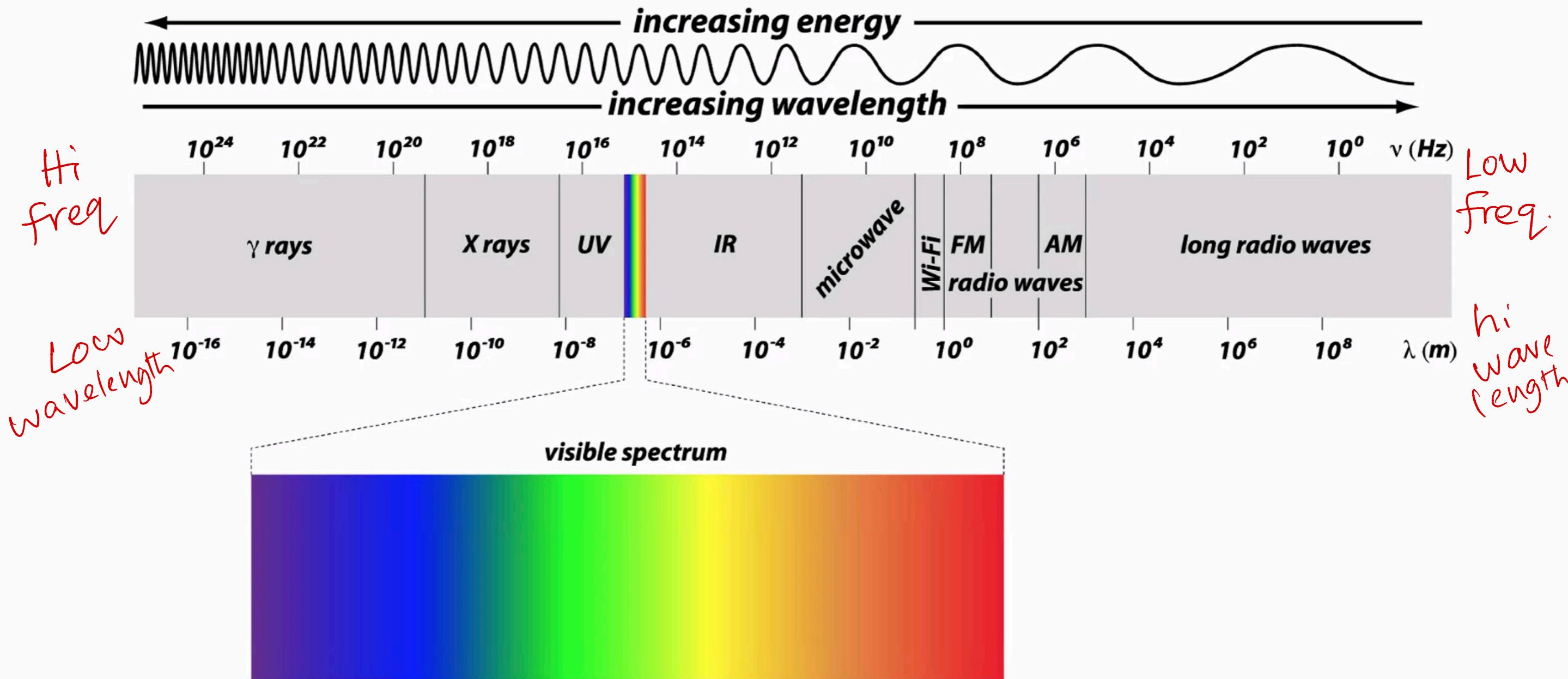
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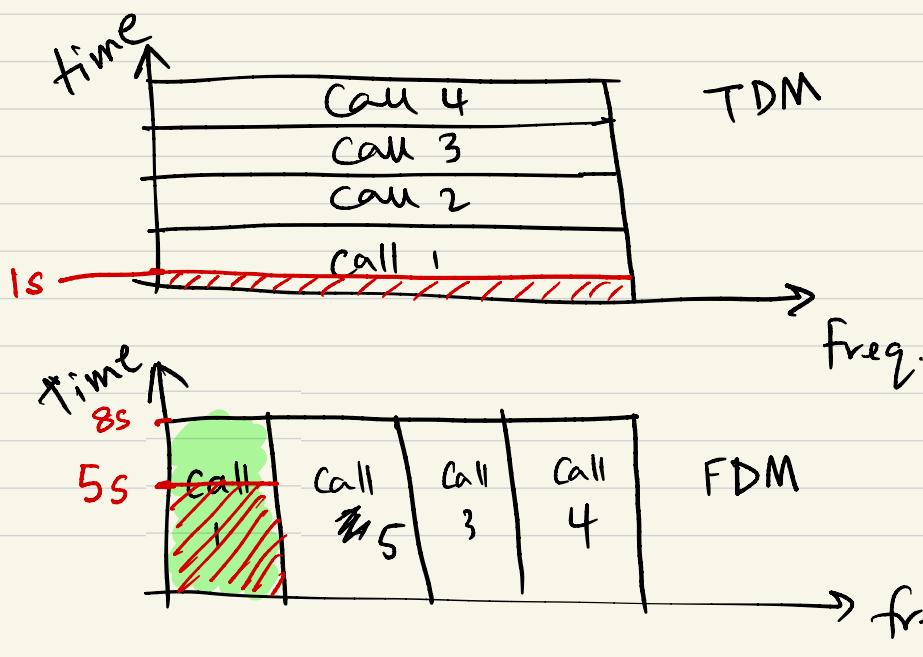
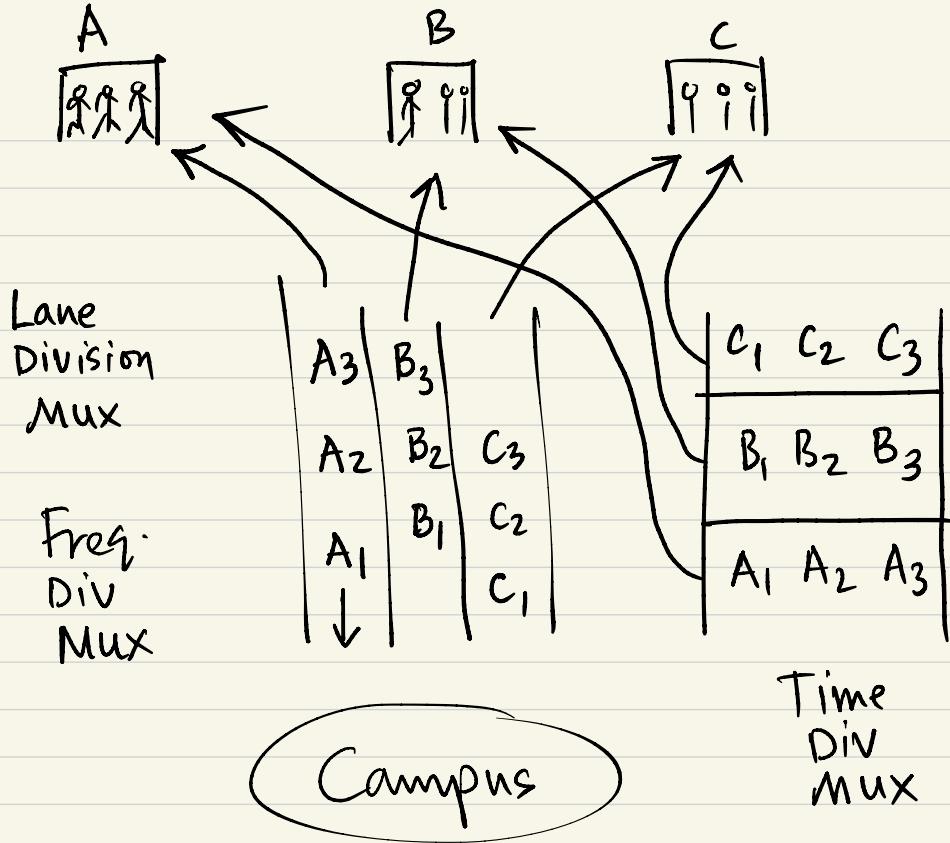


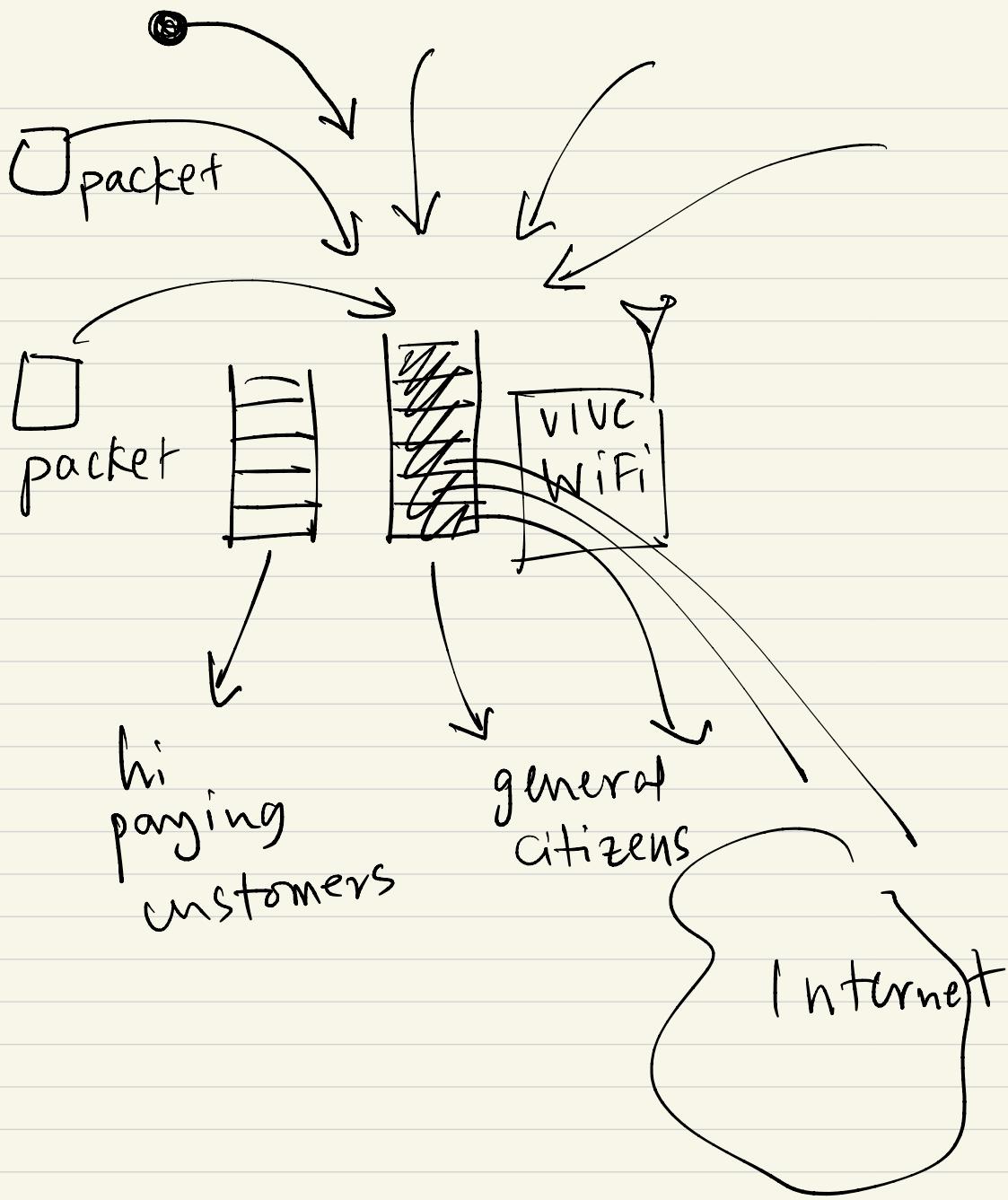
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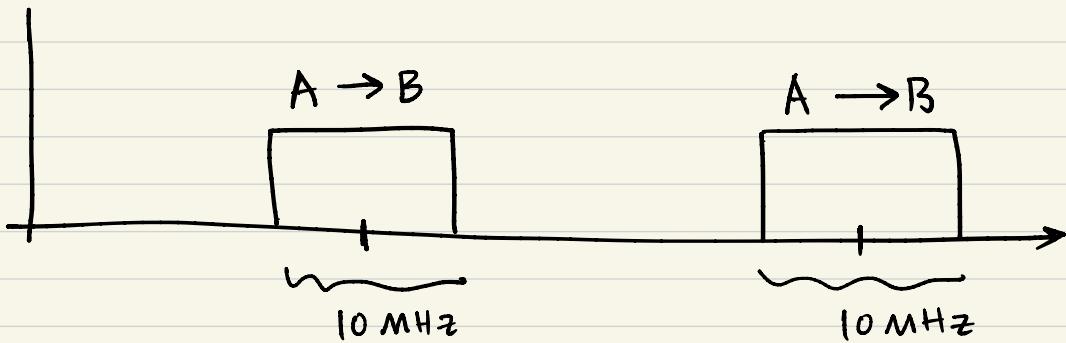
The electromagnetic spectrum is the key to remote sensing







$$C = B \log(1 + SNR)$$



Both will have similar bit rate.

