CS 425 / ECE 428 Distributed Systems Fall 2022

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Lecture 1-29

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Our First Goal in this Course was...

(First lecture slide)

To Define the Term Distributed System

Can you name some examples of Distributed Systems?

(First lecture slide)

- Client-Server (NFS)
- The Web
- The internet
- A wireless network
- DNS
- Gnutella or BitTorrent (peer to peer overlays)
- A "cloud", e.g., Amazon EC2/S3, Microsoft Azure
- A datacenter, e.g., NCSA, a Google datacenter, AWS

What are other examples you've seen in class?

What is a Distributed System?

FOLDOC definition

(First lecture slide)

A collection of (probably heterogeneous) automata whose distribution is transparent to the user so that the system appears as one local machine. This is in contrast to a network, where the user is aware that there are several machines, and their location, storage replication, load balancing and functionality is not transparent. Distributed systems usually use some kind of client-server organization.

Textbook definitions

(First lecture slide)

- A distributed system is a collection of independent computers that appear to the users of the system as a single computer.
 [Andrew Tanenbaum]
- A distributed system is several computers doing something together. Thus, a distributed system has three primary characteristics: multiple computers, interconnections, and shared state.

[Michael Schroeder]

A working definition for us

(First lecture slide)

A distributed system is a collection of entities, each of which is autonomous, programmable, asynchronous and failure-prone, and which communicate through an unreliable communication medium.

- Entity=a process on a device (PC, PDA)
- Communication Medium=Wired or wireless network
- Our interest in distributed systems involves
 - design and implementation, maintenance, algorithmics
- What Evidence/Examples have we seen?

Problems we have seen since then

- Time and Synchronization
- Global States and Snapshots
- Failure Detectors
- Multicast
- Mutual Exclusion
- Leader Election
- Consensus and Paxos
- Gossiping
- Peer to peer systems Napster, Gnutella Chord, BitTorrent
- Cloud Computing and Hadoop
- Sensor Networks
- Structure of Networks
- Datacenter Disaster Case Studies

Basic Theoretical Concepts

Cloud Computing

What Lies
Beneath

Problems we have seen since then (2)

- RPCs & Distributed Objects
- Concurrency Control
- 2PC and Paxos
- Replication Control
- Key-value and NoSQL stores
- Stream Processing
- Graph processing
- Spark
- ML
- Scheduling
- Distributed File Systems
- Distributed Shared Memory
- Security

← Basic Building Blocks

Distributed Services (e.g., storage)

New Emerging
Distributed Systems

Old but Important (Re-emerging)

What This Course is About

- Sports
- Movies
- Travel to Saturn
- Interviews
- Company Acquisitions
- (Not Kidding)

What This Course is About

- Sports: HW1
- Movies: HW2
- Travel to Saturn: HW3
- Interviews: HW4
- Company Acquisitions: MP1-4
- (Not Kidding)

What This Course is About (2)

- Midterm
- HW's and MP's

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How to get good grades (and regrades, and jobs in some cases)
(& that standard devs are important!)
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MPs: Amazing work, everyone!

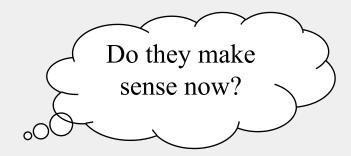
- You've built a new distributed system from scratch!
- And used some open-source distributed systems!

How far is your design from a full-fledged system?
What else do you need to do to make it competitive with open-source?

Rejoinder: Typical Distributed Systems Design Goals

Common Goals:

- Heterogeneity
- Robustness
- Availability
- Transparency
- Concurrency
- Efficiency
- Scalability
- Security
- Openness



Rejoinder: Typical Distributed Systems Design Goals

Common Goals:

- Heterogeneity can the system handle a large variety of types of PCs and devices?
- Robustness is the system resilient to host crashes and failures, and to the network dropping messages?
- Availability are data+services always there for clients?
- Transparency can the system hide its internal workings from the users?
- Concurrency can the server handle multiple clients simultaneously?
- Efficiency is the service fast enough? Does it utilize 100% of all resources?
- Scalability can it handle 100 million nodes without degrading service?
 (nodes=clients and/or servers) How about 6 B? More?
- Security can the system withstand hacker attacks?
- Openness is the system extensible?
- (Also: consistency, CAP, partition-tolerance, ACID, BASE, and others ...)

Problems we have seen in Class

(and their relation to other courses)

- Time and Synchronization
- Global States and Snapshots
- Failure Detectors
- Multicast Communications
- Mutual Exclusion
- Leader Election
- Consensus and Paxos
- Gossiping
- Peer to peer systems Napster, Gnutella Chord
- Cloud Computing
- Sensor Networks
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- Datacenter Disaster Case Studies

Core Material of this course

Related to other graduate classes in

department (e.g., CS523, CS525)

Problems we have seen in Class

(and their relation to other courses)

- RPCs & Distributed Objects
- Concurrency Control
- 2PC and Paxos
- Replication Control
- Key-value and NoSQL stores
- Stream Processing
- Graph processing
- Spark
- ML
- Scheduling
- Distributed File Systems
- Distributed Shared Memory
- Security

Core Material of this course

Related to CS 411/CS 511

Related to CS 525

Related to CS 421/CS 433

Related to CS 523/561

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CS525: Advanced Distributed Systems (taught by Indy)

CS 525, next offered Spring 2023

- Looks at hot topics of research in distributed systems: clouds, p2p, distributed algorithms,ML,
 sensor networks, and other distributed systems
- We will read many papers and webpages for classical and cutting-edge systems (research and production)
- If you liked CS425's material, it's likely you'll enjoy CS525
- Project: Choose between <u>Research project</u> or <u>Entrepreneurial project</u>
 - Your project will build a cutting edge research distributed system, and write and publish a paper on it
 - Your project will build a distributed system for a new startup company idea (your own!) and perform associated research with it
- Both graduates and undergraduates welcome! (let me know if you need my consent).
- Class size is around 70-100
- Previous research projects published in journals and conferences, some great startup ideas too!

Other Related Grad Courses

- CS525 Indy
- CS598AG (Aishwarya Ganesan) ML+Systems, Distributed computing
- CS598RA (Ram Alagappan) Storage systems
- CS598LR (Ling Ren) Consensus, Blockchain
- CS523 Tianyin Xu
- See also courses by Radhika Mittal (ECE, distributed storage), Andrew Miller (ECE, blockchain)

Questions?

A working definition for us

(First lecture slide)

A distributed system is a collection of entities, each of which is autonomous, programmable, asynchronous and failure-prone, and which communicate through an unreliable communication medium.

[Is this definition still ok, or would you want to change it?]
Think about it!

Final Exam

- Office Hours: Regular [All TAs and Indy] until Dec 10th (usual schedule).
 - Exceptions posted on Piazza (check before heading out to an OH)
- Final Exam Window: Online, timed. Dec 11 Sun 7 pm to Dec 13 Tue 10 pm (must finish before 10 pm)
 - Please follow all instructions on Piazza and website
 - Syllabus: Includes all material since the start of the course. There may be more emphasis on material since midterm.
 - During final exam time (Dec 11 to Dec 13) there will be a Piazza blackout; you can only post private questions ONLY about the exam questions (no questions on material)
- Please check Piazza before (and during) finals: updates/corrections will be posted in a pinned post there

Course Evaluations ("ICES")

- Please complete them online! (Search for mail from "ICES")
- Main purpose: to give us feedback on how useful this course was to you (and to improve future versions of the course)
- I won't see these evaluations until after you see your grades
- Answer all questions
- Please write your detailed feedback this is valuable for future versions of the course!