Sample Questions for Midterm 2 (CS 421 Fall 2023)

Some of these questions may be reused for the exam.

1. Put the following function in full continuation passing style:

let rec sum_odd $n = if n \le 0$ then 0 else $((2 * n) - 1) + sum_odd (n - 1);$; Use addk, subk, mulk, leqk, for the CPS forms of the primitive operations (+, -, *, <=). All other procedure calls and constructs must be put in CPS

2. Given the following OCAML datatype:

type int_seq = Null | Snoc of (int_seq * int)

write a tail-recursive function in OCAML all_pos: int_seq -> bool that returns true if every integer in the input int_seq to which all_pos is applied is strictly greater than 0 and false otherwise. Thus all_pos (Snoc(Snoc(Snoc(Null, 3), 5), 7)) should returns true, but all_pos (Snoc(Null, -1)) and all_pos (Snoc(Snoc(Null, 3), 0)) should both return false.

- 3. Write the definition of an OCAML variant type (algebraic data type) **reg_exp** to express abstract syntax trees for regular expressions over a base character set of booleans. Thus, a boolean is a **reg_exp**, epsilon is a **reg_exp**, a parenthesized **reg_exp** is a **reg_exp**, the concatenation of two **reg_exp**'s is a **reg_exp**, the "choice" of two **reg_exp**'s is a **reg_exp**, and the Kleene star of a **reg_exp** is a **reg_exp**.
- 4. Given the following rules for CPS transformation:

[[x]] K => K x

[[c]] K => K c

[[let x = e1 in e2]] K = > [[e1]] (FN x - > [[e2]] K)

$$[[e1 \oplus e2]] K=> [[e2]] (FN a -> [[e1]] (FN b -> K (b \oplus a)))$$

where e1and e2 are OCaml expressions, K is any continuation, x is a variable and c is a constant, give the step-by-step transformation of

[[let
$$x = 2 + 3$$
 in $x - 4$]] REPORTk

- 5. Review and be able to write any give clause of **cps_exp** from MP5. On the exam, you would be given all the information you were given in MP5.
- 6. Give a polymorphic type derivation for $\{\}$ l- let id = fun x -> x in id id true : bool