

CS418
GLSL Shader
Programming Tutorial
(II)
Textures in Shader

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MP3

- MP3 is now available
 - Mesh Display based on GLSL
 - Animation by vertex transformation
 - Per-pixel Phong Shading
 - Tangent-Space Normal Mapping

Today's Agenda

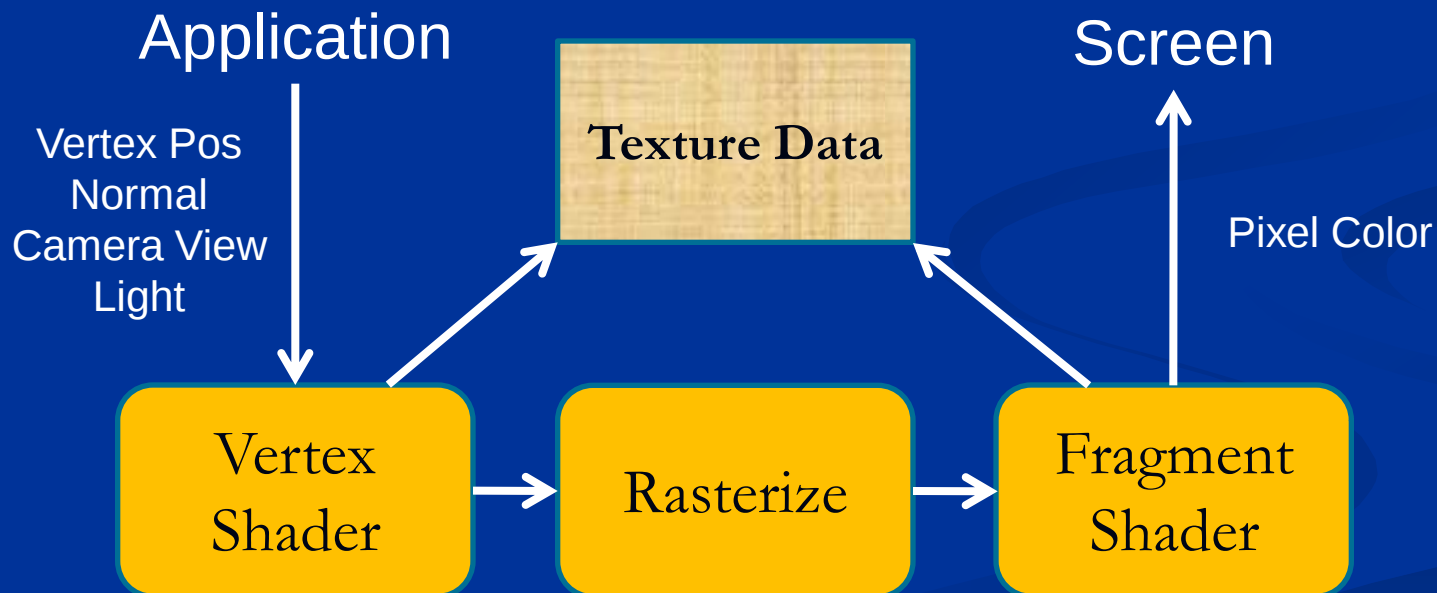
- Texture in Shader
- Normal Mapping
- Displacement / Parallax Mapping
- Q & A

Texture

- Texture can be :
 - Image → Texture mapping
 - Normal Map → Detail shading
 - Matrix Table → GPGPU
- In general → a table storing data for your shader.

Texture in Shader

- Accessible in both Vertex & Fragment Shader



Multi-Texture

- OpenGL supports multi-texturing
 - Blend multiple texture together
 - Useful application : light map, normal map

Single Texture

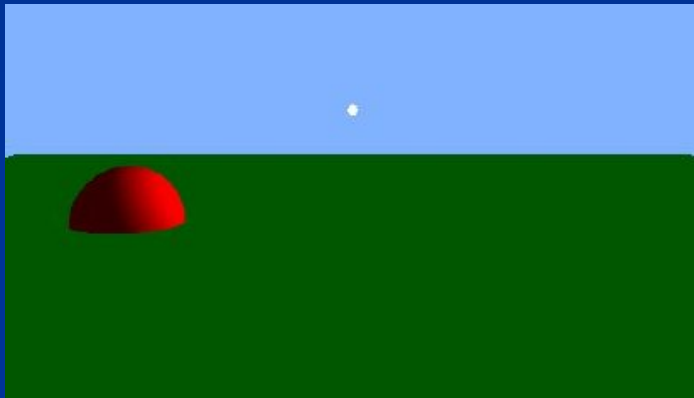


Multi-Texture

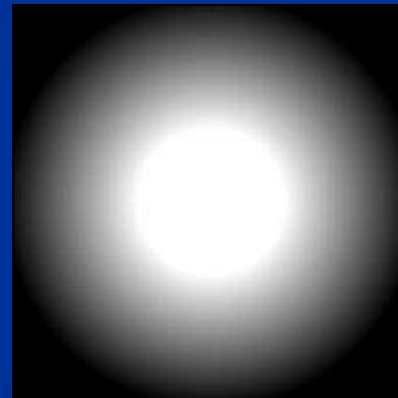


Light map

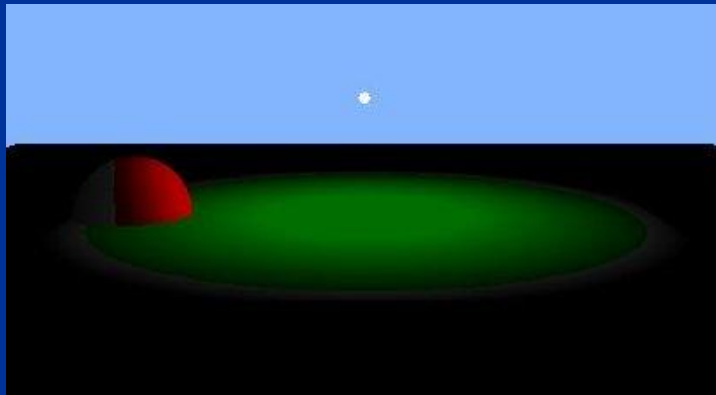
- Use texture to enhancing lighting effect



+



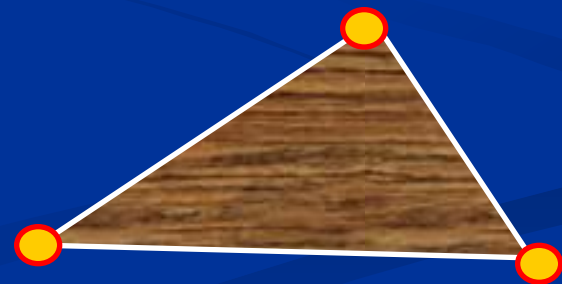
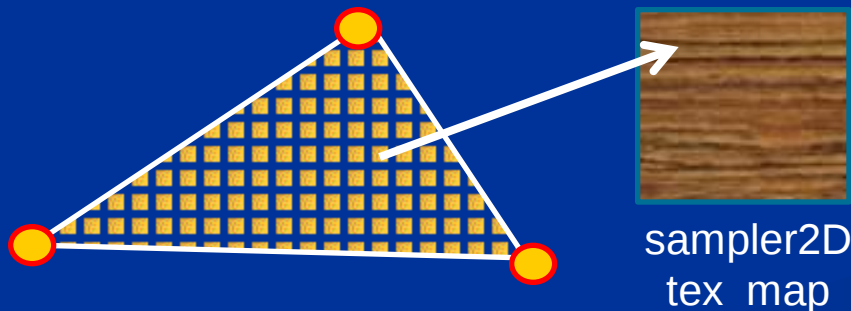
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Using Texture in Shader

- Sampler2D (1D, etc)
 - Uniform variable
 - Represent a texture image
- texture2D(sampler, texcoord)
 - Access a 2D texture (sampler)

```
uniform sampler2D tex_map;  
varying vec2 texcoord;  
  
void main (void)  
{  
    gl_FragColor =  
    texture2D(tex_map,texcoord);  
}
```



Setup Texture for GLSL

- Create texture and obtain **TexID**.
 - Identical to creating texture in OpenGL
- Get the sampler uniform location.
- Bind the texture **TexID** to texture unit **N**.
- Pass **N** as an integer by glUniform.
- Still use **glTexCoord** to pass texture coordinates into shader
- Access texture coordinate in shader : **gl_MultiTexCoord[0-7]**

Code

```
glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0 + 0); // set unit-0 to current texture unit

int loc = glGetUniformLocation(shader_program,"tex_map");
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, iTexID);

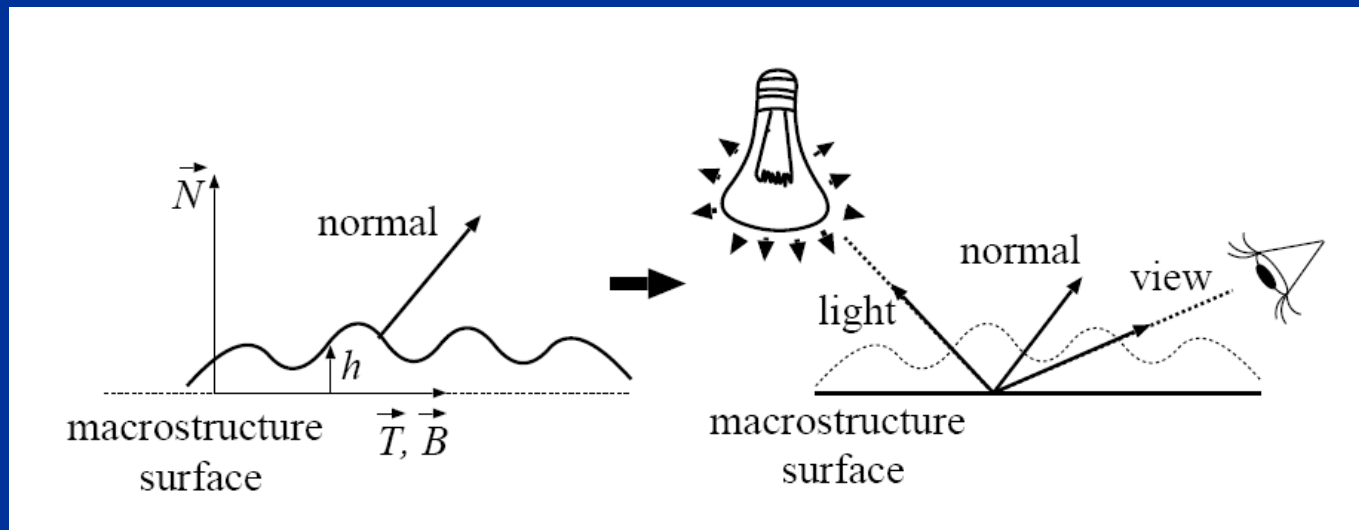
glUniform1i(loc, 0);
```

```
uniform sampler2D tex_map;
varying vec2 texcoord;

void main (void)
{
    gl_FragColor =
        texture2D(tex_map,texcoord);
}
```

Normal Map

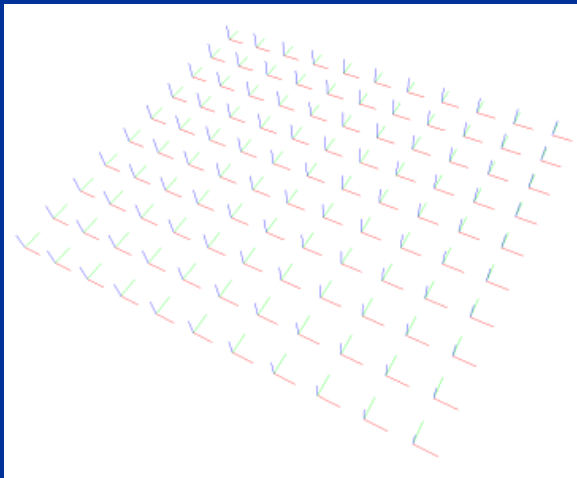
- Encoding small surface bump as texture color
- Object space VS Tangent Space



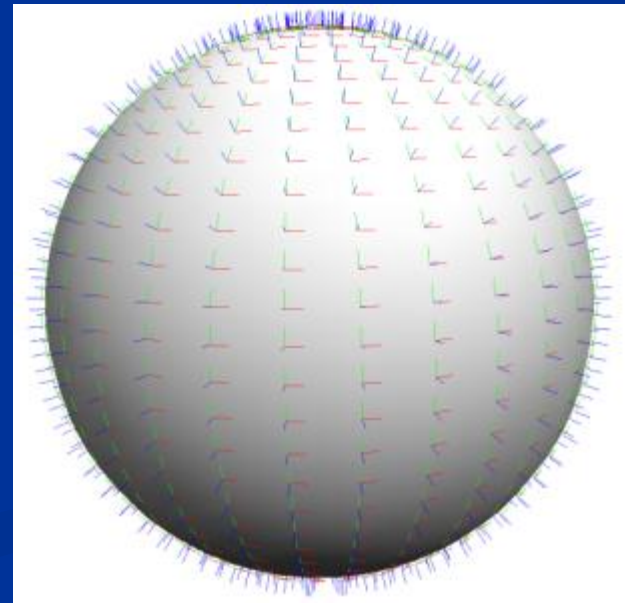
Compute TBN

- We need normal ($\mathbf{N}$), tangent ($\mathbf{T}$), bi-normal ($\mathbf{B}$) vectors at each vertex.

Simple for a plane

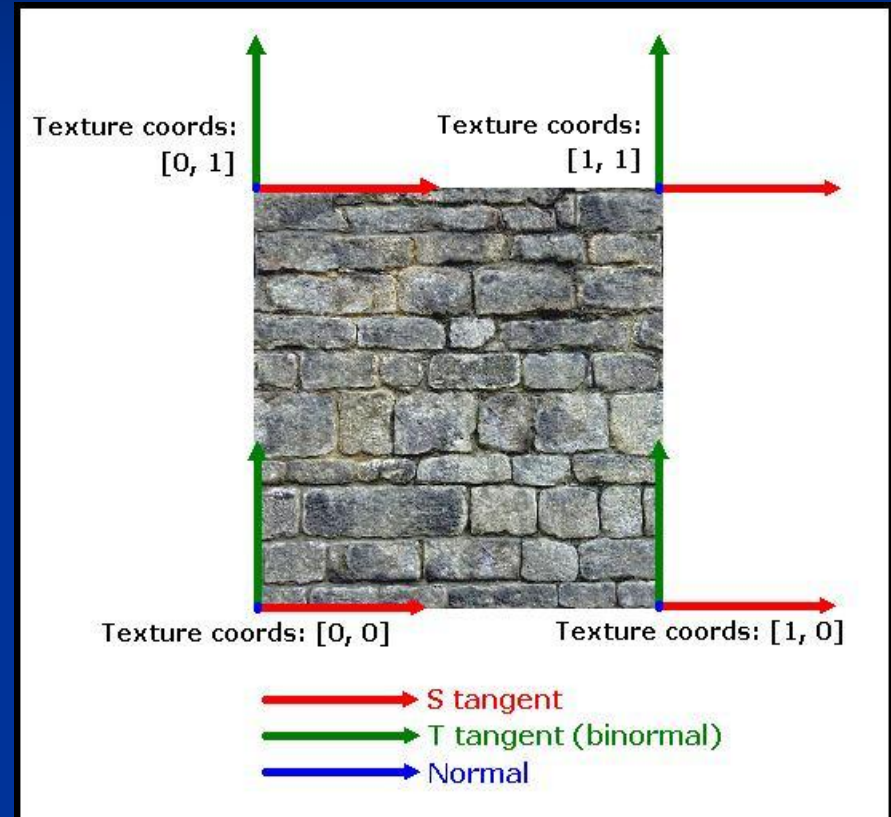


What about a sphere ?



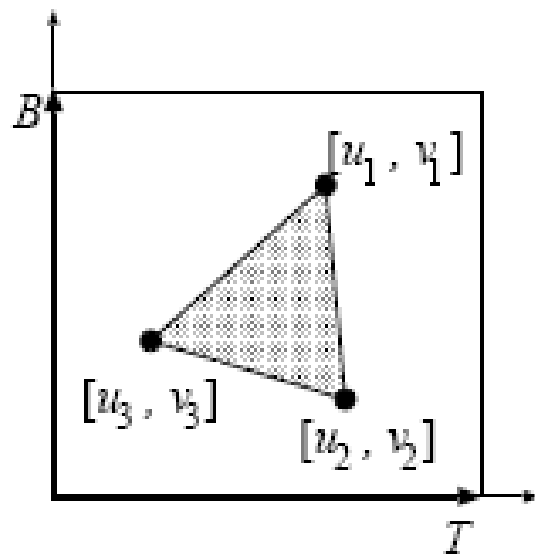
Compute TBN

- Use texture coordinates (s,t) to determine T/B vectors
- T should map to **s-direction** in texture coord. So is **B**.

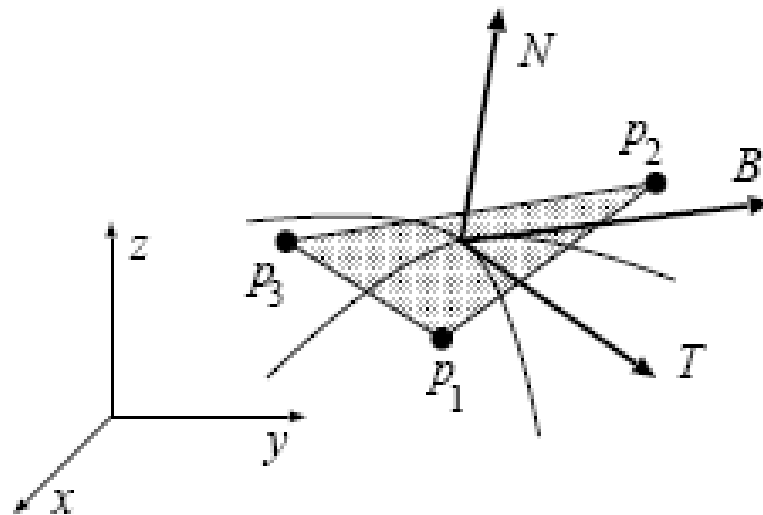


Compute TBN

■ How ?

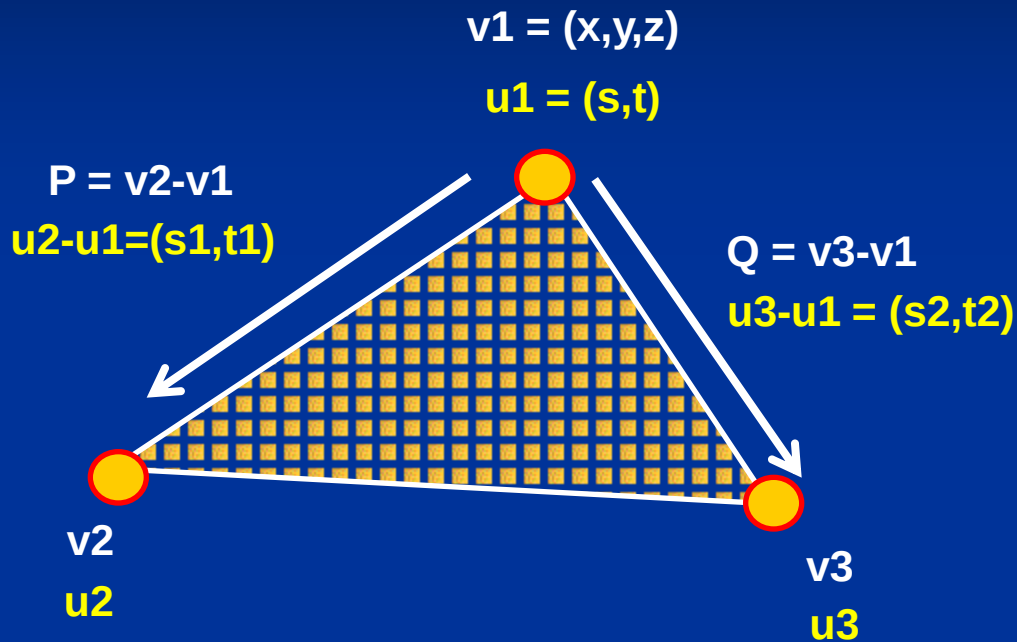


texture space



local modeling space

Compute TBN

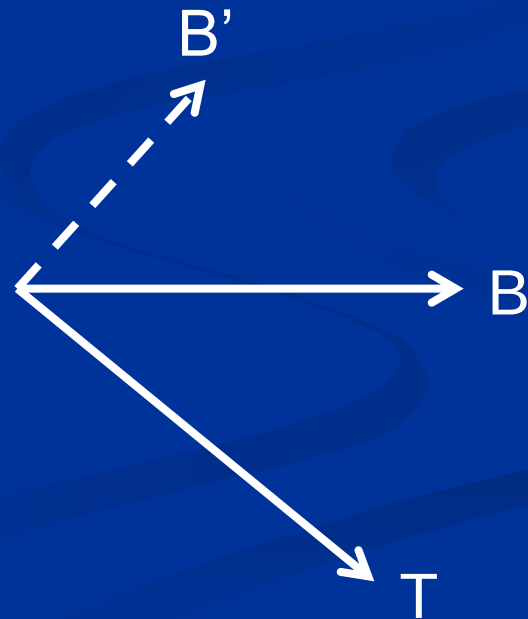


$$P = v2 - v1 = \text{Tangent} * s1 + \text{Binormal} * t1$$

$$Q = v3 - v1 = \text{Tangent} * s2 + \text{Binormal} * t2$$

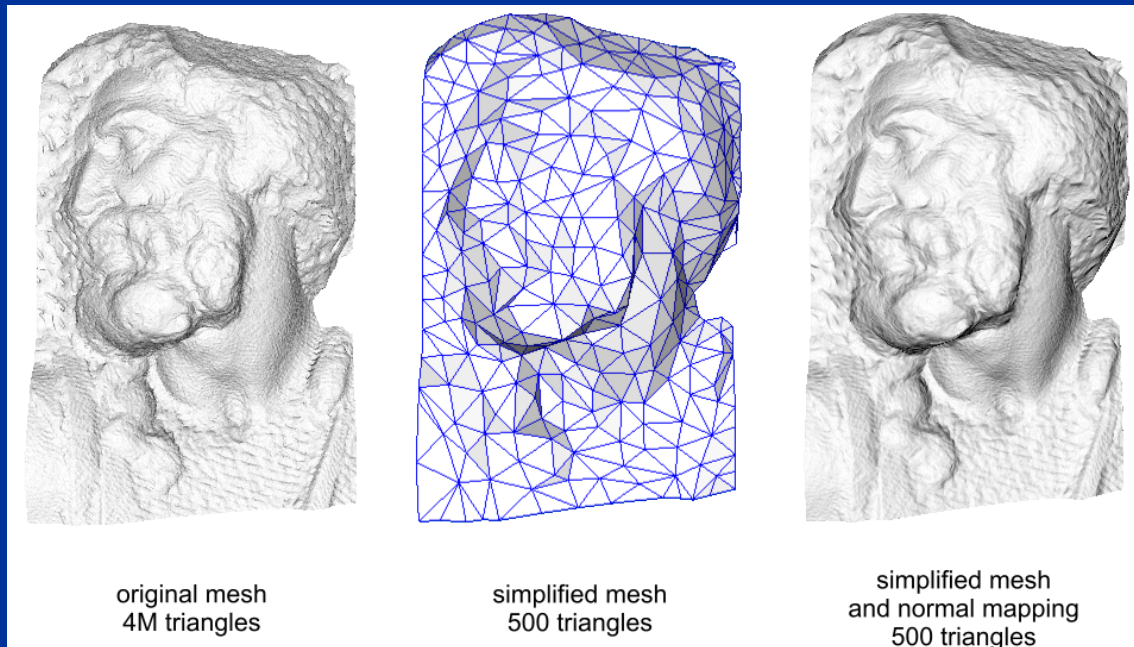
Compute TBN

- Compute Tangent, Bi-Normal for each face.
- Average T,B from adjacent faces to find vertex T/B.
- Make sure they are orthogonal and unit length:
 - $B' = B - (B \cdot T) * T$
 - unitize B' and T
 - $N = B' \text{ cross } T$



Normal Map Results

- At fragment shader :
 - Take normal vector (nx,ny,nz) from normal map.
 - Map to correct range (Image : 0~1, Normal : -1~1).
 - New normal = $n_x * T + n_y * B + n_z * N$



More than Normal Mapping

- Normal map can fake shading details, but geometry is the same.
 - No occlusion
 - Smooth silhouette at object.
- Recent improvement :
 - Displacement mapping
 - Parallax Mapping

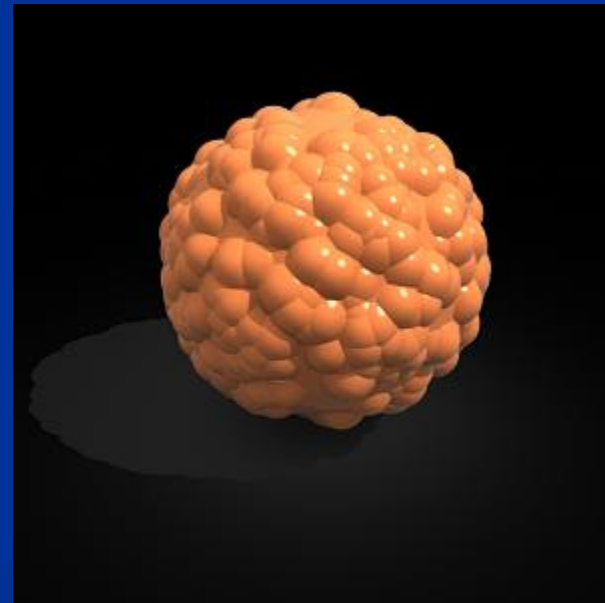
Displacement Map

- Change vertex positions in addition to normal.

Normal Map

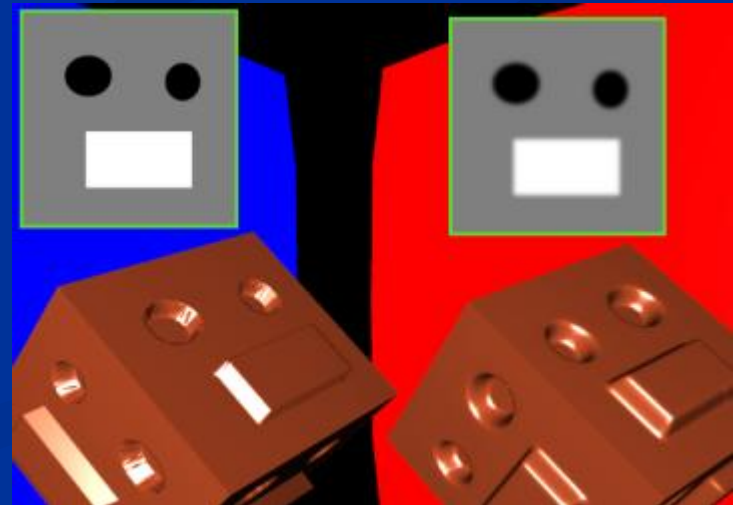
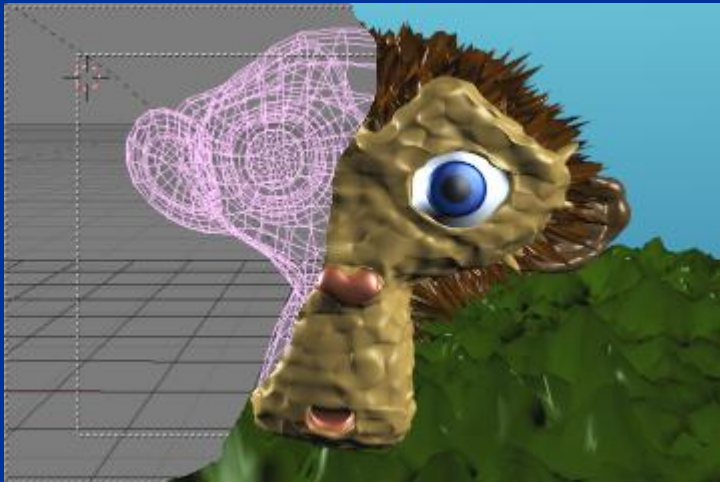


Displacement Map



Displacement Map

- How displacement map works :
 - Subdivide input mesh into suitable detail
 - Offset vertex position in normal direction.
 - Store the corresponding offset in texture map.
 - Require texture access at Vertex Shader.



Parallax Map

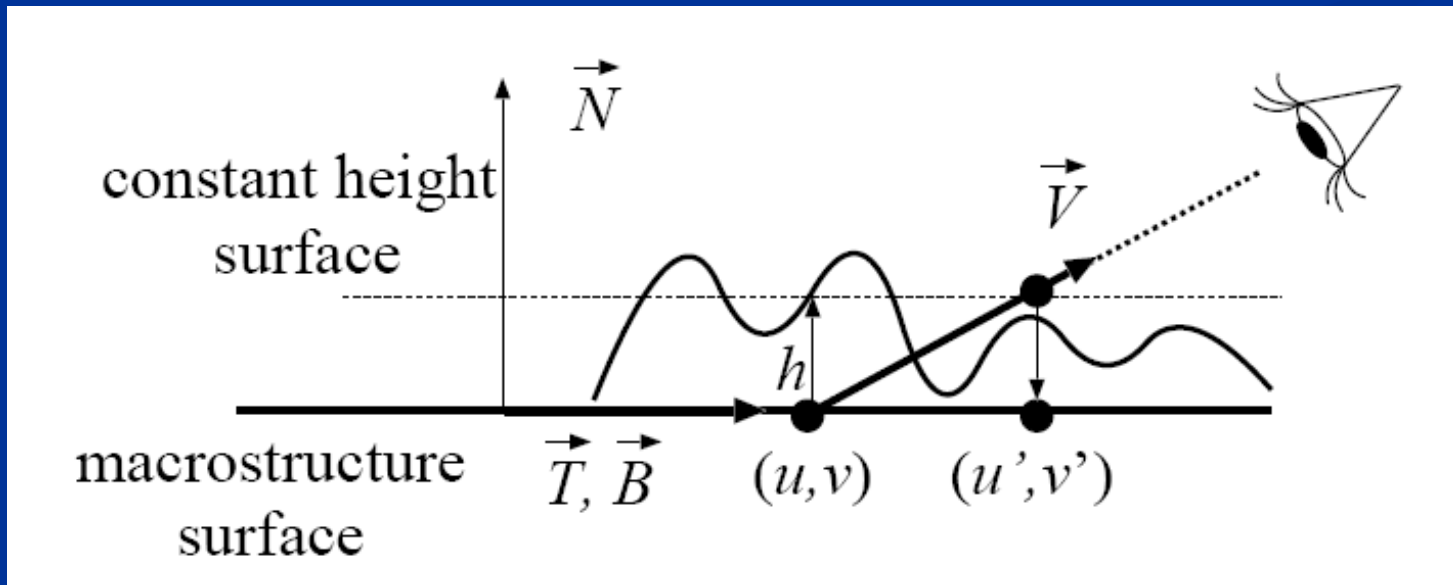
- Problem with displacement map
 - Can only offset “vertex position” in shader.
 - Quality directly depends on number of vertices
 - Can we do per-pixel displacement ?



Parallax Map in Crysis

Parallax Map

- Not only fake the shading, fake the occlusion.
- Shift texture coordinate based on height map at fragment shader.



Parallax Map

- Problems :
 - Doesn't work as well at grazing angle.
 - No correct silhouette.
 - Artifact for large height scale.



Without Parallax



With Parallax

Q&A

■ Summary

■ GLSL Quick Reference

- http://www.opengl.org/sdk/libs/OpenSceneGraph/glsl_quickref.pdf

■ Normal Map

- Compute TBN on CPU and pass them as attributes to GPU.
- Remember to re-normalize T,B,N in fragment shader.