

CS/ECE 374 A ✧ Spring 2026
☞ Midterm 1 Practice 3 ☞
February 21, 2026

Name:	
NetID:	

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- ***Don't panic!***
 - You have 120 minutes to answer five questions. The questions are described in more detail in a separate handout.
 - If you brought anything except your writing implements, your **hand-written** double-sided 8½" × 11" cheat sheet, and your university ID, please put it away for the duration of the exam. In particular, please turn off and put away *all* medically unnecessary electronic devices.
 - Please clearly print your name and your NetID in the boxes above.
 - Please also print your name at the top of every page of the answer booklet, except this cover page. We want to make sure that if a staple falls out, we can reassemble your answer booklet. (It doesn't happen often, but it does happen.)
 - Proofs or other justifications are required for full credit if and only if we explicitly ask for them, using the word ***prove*** or ***justify*** in bold italics.
 - **Do not write outside the black boxes on each page.** These indicate the area of the page that our scanners will actually scan. If the scanner can't see your work, we can't grade it.
 - If you run out of space for an answer, please use the overflow/scratch pages at the back of the answer booklet, but **please clearly indicate where we should look.** If we can't find your work, we can't grade it.
 - **Only work that is written into the stapled answer booklet will be graded.** In particular, you are welcome to detach scratch pages from the answer booklet, but any work on those detached pages will not be graded. Please let us know if you detach a page accidentally. We will provide additional scratch paper on request.
 - Please return ***all*** paper with your answer booklet: your question sheet, your cheat sheet, and all scratch paper. **Please put all loose paper *inside* your answer booklet.**
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Consider the function `compress0s` defined in the question handout. Let L be an arbitrary regular language.

- (a) *Prove* that $\{w \in \Sigma^* \mid \text{compress0s}(w) \in L\}$ is regular.
- (b) *Prove* that $\{\text{compress0s}(w) \mid w \in L\}$ is regular.
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Let L be the language of all strings over $\{0, 1\}$ that contain at least 374 consecutive 1s.

- (a) Give a regular expression that matches L . [Hint: Use the notation R^k to denote the concatenation of k copies of R .]
 - (b) Describe a DFA whose language is L . [Hint: Do not try to **draw** your DFA!]
 - (c) **Prove** that any DFA whose language is L must have at least 375 states, using a fooling set argument.
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Consider the recursive function Bond defined in the question handout.

(a) *Prove* that $|\text{Bond}(w)| \geq |w|$ for all strings w .

(b) *Prove* that $\text{Bond}(x \cdot y) = \text{Bond}(x) \cdot \text{Bond}(y)$ for all strings x and y .

Let L be the language $\{0^a 1^b 0^c \mid a = b \text{ or } a = c \text{ or } b = c\}$

1. **Prove** that L is *not* a regular language.
 2. Describe a context-free grammar for L . You do not need to justify your answer.
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For each statement below, check “Yes” if the statement is *always* true and check “No” otherwise, and write a *brief* (one short sentence) explanation of your answer. Read these statements very carefully—small details matter!

For any string $w \in (\{0, 1\})^*$, let w^C denote the *bitwise complement* of w , obtained by flipping every 0 in w to a 1, and vice versa. For example, $\varepsilon^C = \varepsilon$ and $000110^C = 111001$.

(a) If $2 + 2 = 5$, then zero is odd.

 Yes No

(b) $\{0^n 1 \mid n > 0\}$ is the only infinite fooling set for the language $\{0^n 10^n \mid n > 0\}$.

 Yes No

(c) $\{0^n 10^n \mid n > 0\}$ is a context-free language.

 Yes No

(d) The context-free grammar $S \rightarrow 00S \mid S11 \mid 01$ generates the language $\{0^n 1^n \mid n \geq 0\}$.

 Yes No

(e) Every regular language is recognized by a DFA with exactly one accepting state.

 Yes No

(f) Any language that can be decided by an NFA with ε -transitions can also be decided by an NFA without ε -transitions.

 Yes No

(g) If L is a regular language over the alphabet $\{0, 1\}$, then $\{xy^C \mid x, y \in L\}$ is also regular.

 Yes No

(h) If L is a regular language over the alphabet $\{0, 1\}$, then $\{ww^C \mid w \in L\}$ is also regular.

 Yes No

(i) The regular expression $(00 + 11)^*$ represents the language of all strings over $\{0, 1\}$ of even length.

 Yes No

(j) Let L_1, L_2 be two regular languages. The language $(L_1 + L_2)^*$ is also regular.

 Yes No

(scratch paper)

(scratch paper)

(scratch paper)