

4.3

Closure Properties of NFAs

Closure properties of NFAs

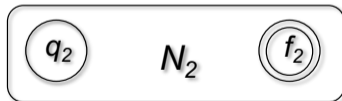
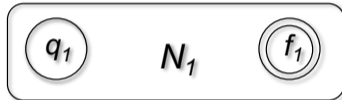
Are the class of languages accepted by **NFAs** closed under the following operations?

- union
- intersection
- concatenation
- Kleene star
- complement

Closure under union

Theorem

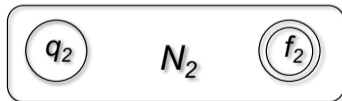
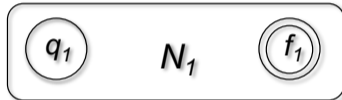
For any two NFAs N_1 and N_2 there is a NFA N such that $L(N) = L(N_1) \cup L(N_2)$.



Closure under union

Theorem

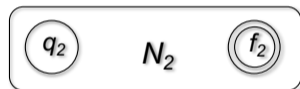
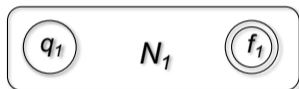
For any two NFAs N_1 and N_2 there is a NFA N such that $L(N) = L(N_1) \cup L(N_2)$.



Closure under concatenation

Theorem

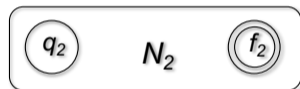
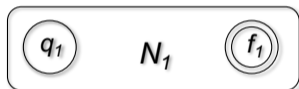
For any two NFAs N_1 and N_2 there is a NFA N such that $L(N) = L(N_1) \cdot L(N_2)$.



Closure under concatenation

Theorem

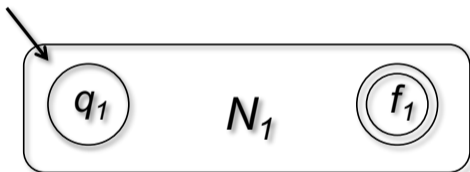
For any two NFAs N_1 and N_2 there is a NFA N such that $L(N) = L(N_1) \cdot L(N_2)$.



Closure under Kleene star

Theorem

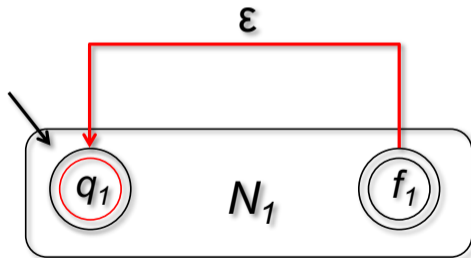
For any NFA N_1 there is a NFA N such that $L(N) = (L(N_1))^*$.



Closure under Kleene star

Theorem

For any NFA N_1 there is a NFA N such that $L(N) = (L(N_1))^*$.

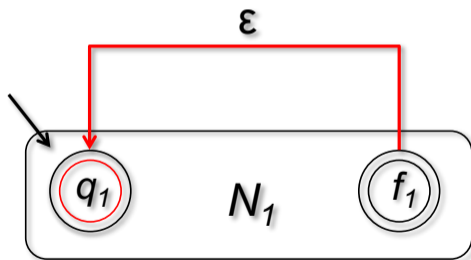


Does not work! Why?

Closure under Kleene star

Theorem

For any NFA N_1 there is a NFA N such that $L(N) = (L(N_1))^*$.

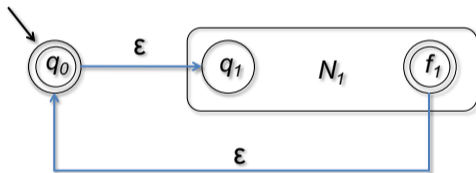


Does not work! Why?

Closure under Kleene star

Theorem

For any NFA N_1 there is a NFA N such that $L(N) = (L(N_1))^*$.



THE END

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(for now)