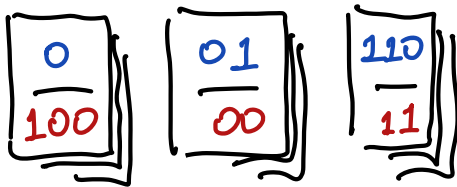


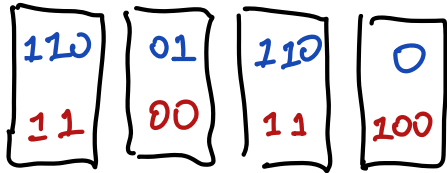
NP-hard = no fast algorithms

3SAT, coloring, TSP, ...

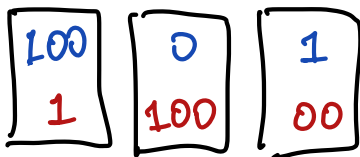
Undecidable = no algorithm at all



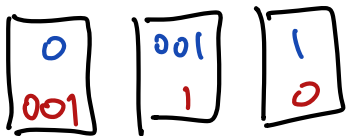
Post Correspondence Problem



110011100



No solution \rightarrow answer = FALSE



Shortest solution has length 75

COLLATEZ(n):

```

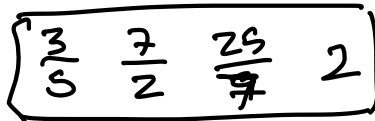
while n > 1
  if n is even
    n ← n/2
  else
    n ← 3n+1
return TRUE

```

$7 \rightarrow 22 \rightarrow 11 \rightarrow 34 \rightarrow 17 \rightarrow \dots$

FRACTRAN

John Conway



Undecidable

Formally: Turing Machine

Informally: Python

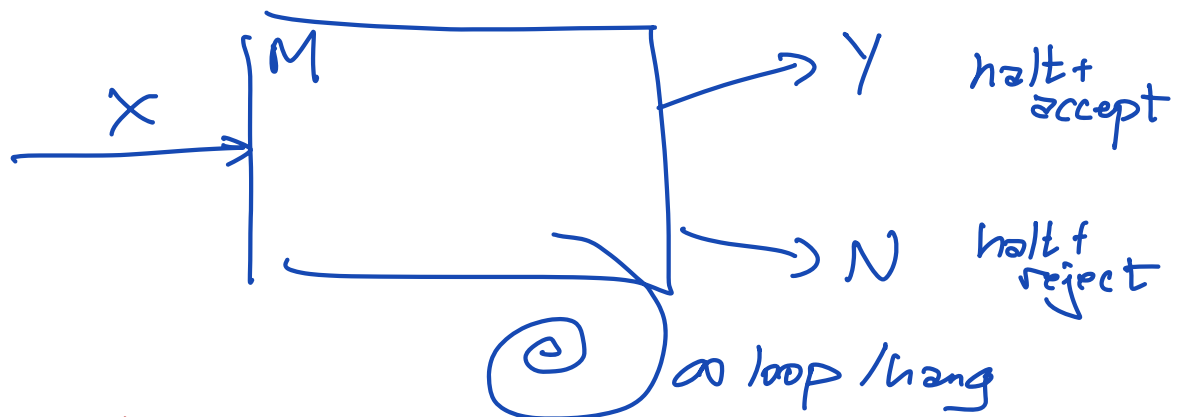
Code: executable code / machine
Description: source
Descriptions are interpretable by code

M = machine

$\langle M \rangle$ = description

exec. code $\xleftarrow{\text{compiles}}$ Python source
chip $\xleftarrow{\quad}$ Verilog

Decision problems — correct answer is Yes or No



input $x \in \Sigma^*$

languages $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ACCEPT}(M) = \{x \in \Sigma^* \mid M \text{ accepts } x\} \\ \text{REJECT}(M) = \text{rejects} \\ \text{HANG}(M) = \text{hangs on} \end{array} \right.$

SELFREJECT: Given $\langle M \rangle$, does M reject $\langle M \rangle$?

Suppose program SR decides SELFREJECT

$\text{ACCEPT}(SR) = \text{SELFREJECT}$

$\text{REJECT}(SR) = \Sigma^* \setminus \text{SELFREJECT}$

$\text{HANG}(SR) = \emptyset$

For all machines M :

SR accepts $\langle M \rangle \Rightarrow M$ rejects $\langle M \rangle$

SR rejects $\langle M \rangle \Rightarrow M$ does not reject $\langle M \rangle$

In particular

SR accepts $\langle SR \rangle \Rightarrow$ SR rejects $\langle SR \rangle$

SR rejects $\langle SR \rangle \Rightarrow$ SR does not reject $\langle SR \rangle$

Diagonalization

Non-presidents Club can't exist
because every club needs a president.