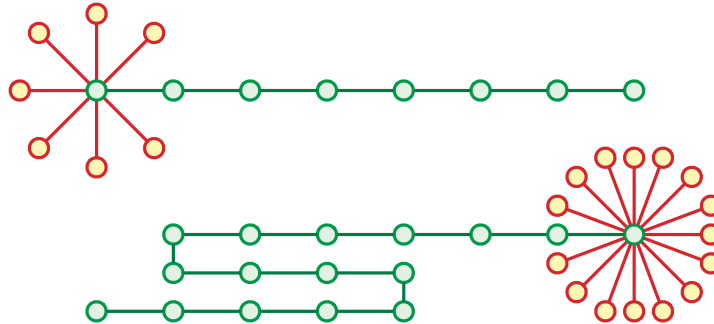


1. **LONGEST DANDELION:** A *dandelion of length ℓ* consists of a path of length ℓ , with exactly ℓ new edges attached to one end. Prove that it is NP-hard to find the longest dandelion subgraph of a given undirected graph.



Two dandelions, one of length 7 and the other of length 15.

2. **HIGH-DEGREE INDEPENDENT SET:** Suppose we are given a graph G and an integer k . Prove that it is NP-hard to decide whether G contains an independent set of k vertices, each of which has degree at least k .

[Hint: Reduce from the **decision** version of the **INDEPENDENTSET** problem: Given a graph G and an integer k , does G contain an independent set of size k ?]

3. **HALF-CLIQUE:** Suppose we are given a graph G with $2n$ vertices, for some integer n . Prove that it is NP-hard to decide whether G contains a complete subgraph with n vertices?

[Hint: Reduce from the **decision** version of the **CLIQUE** problem: Given a graph G and an integer k , does G contain a clique of size k ?]