Version: 1.0

Prove that each of the following problems is NP-hard.

- Prove that the following problem is NP-hard: Given an undirected graph G, find any integer k > 374 such that G has a proper coloring with k colors but G does not have a proper coloring with k 374 colors.
- A **bicoloring** of an undirected graph assigns each vertex a set of *two* colors. There are two types of bicoloring: In a *weak* bicoloring, the endpoints of each edge must use *different* sets of colors; however, these two sets may share one color. In a *strong* bicoloring, the endpoints of each edge must use *distinct* sets of colors; that is, they must use four colors altogether. Every strong bicoloring is also a weak bicoloring.
 - **2.A.** Prove that finding the minimum number of colors in a weak bicoloring of a given graph is NP-hard.
 - **2.B.** Prove that finding the minimum number of colors in a strong bicoloring of a given graph is NP-hard.

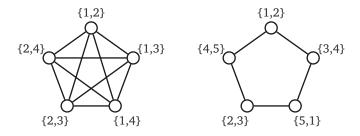


Figure 1: Left: A weak bicoloring of a 5-clique with four colors. Right: A strong bicoloring of a 5-cycle with five colors.