

# Turing Machine (TM)

Ex1  $\{0^n 1^n 2^n \mid n \geq 1\}$

Ex2  $\{ww \mid w \in \{0,1\}^*\}$

Ex3  $\{0^{n^2} \mid n \geq 0\}$

- tricks - can copy, shift, ... (by marking)
- compose functions (subroutine)
  - do loops
  - keep multiple vars
- etc.

Def Let  $f: \Sigma^* \rightarrow \Sigma^* \cup \{\text{undef}\}$ .

A TM  $M$  computes  $f$  iff

$$\forall x \in \Sigma^*, \quad q_0 x \xrightarrow[M]{*} q_{acc} f(x) \text{ if } f(x) \neq \text{undef}$$

$M$  does not accept  $x$  else

Let  $f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N} \cup \{\text{undef}\}$

$M$  computes  $f$  iff

$$\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, \quad q_0 0^n \xrightarrow[M]{*} q_{acc} 0^{f(n)} \text{ if } f(n) \neq \text{undef}$$

not accept else

Let  $f: \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N} \cup \{\text{undef}\}$

$$n_1 \quad n_2 \quad * \quad \rightarrow \quad f(n_1, n_2)$$

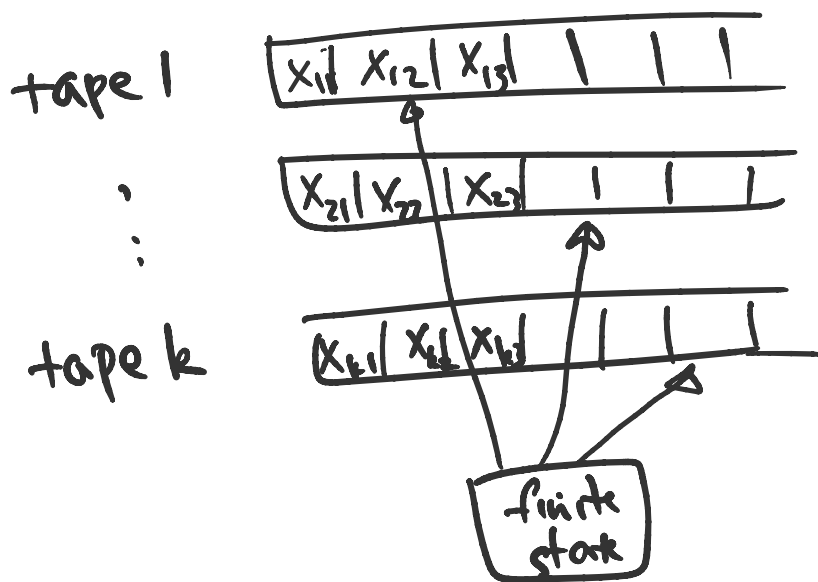
Let  $f: \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$  ...  
 similar  $q_0 0^{n_1} \# 0^{n_2} \xrightarrow{M} q_{acc} 0^{f(n_1, n_2)}$

Ex

- $f(n) = 2n$
- $f(m, n) = mn$
- $f(n) = 2^n$
- $\lfloor \log_2 n \rfloor$
- Fibonacci #
- ...

## Extensions

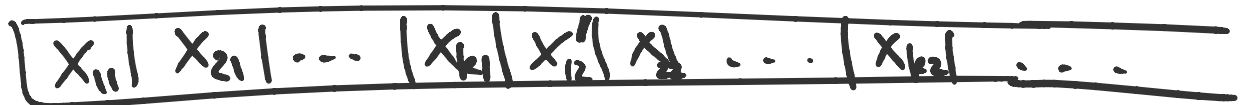
- multitape TM



e.g.

$\{0^n, n 2^n \mid n \geq 1\}$

Can be simulated by single-tape TM



- non-deterministic TM

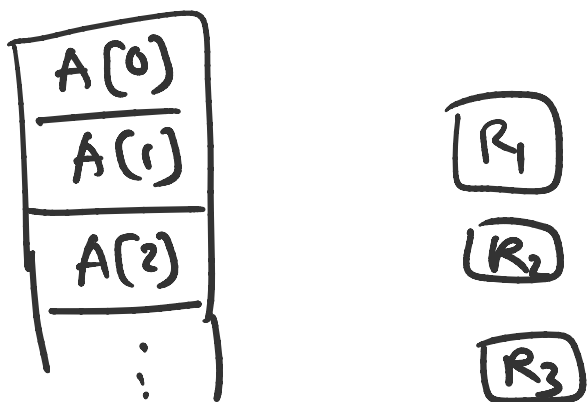
can be simulated by det. TM

idea - try all possible execution paths  
simultaneously

(exponential slow down)

- Random Access Machine (RAM)

memory as an array + finite # registers



instruction set:

$R_i := c$

$R_i := R_i + R_j$

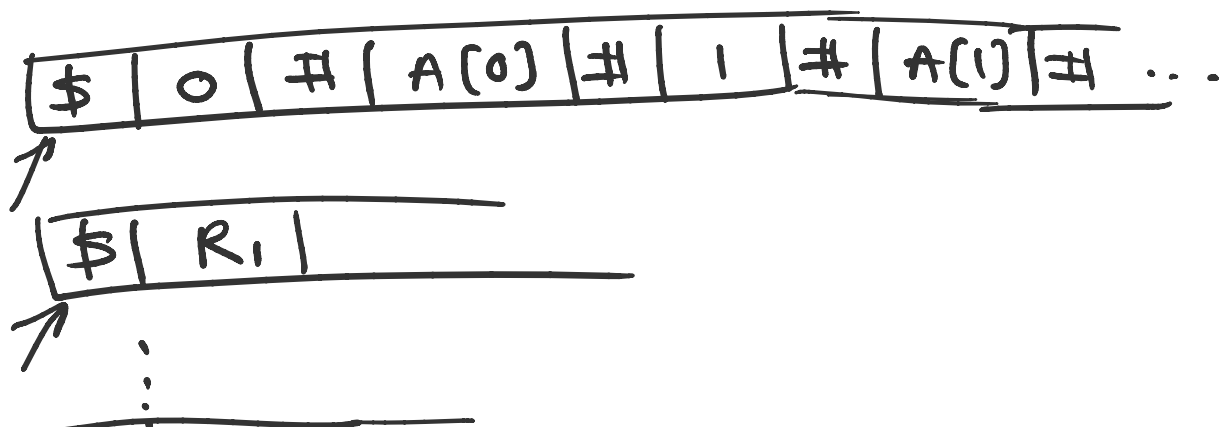
$R_i := A(R_j)$

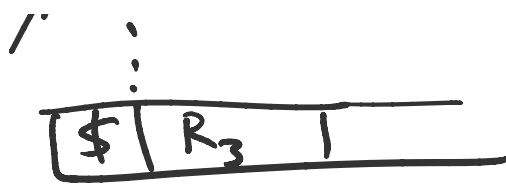
$A(R_i) := R_j$

goto line  $l$

if  $R_i = 0$  goto line  $l$

can be simulated by TM





## Church-Turing Thesis

Any lang/function can be solved by  
 some systematic procedure, i.e. "algorithm"  
 iff it can be accepted/computed by a TM.

Rmk: "thesis" can't be proved mathematically  
 (think of as "def'n" / "axiom")

Caveat: assume no bounds on time & space

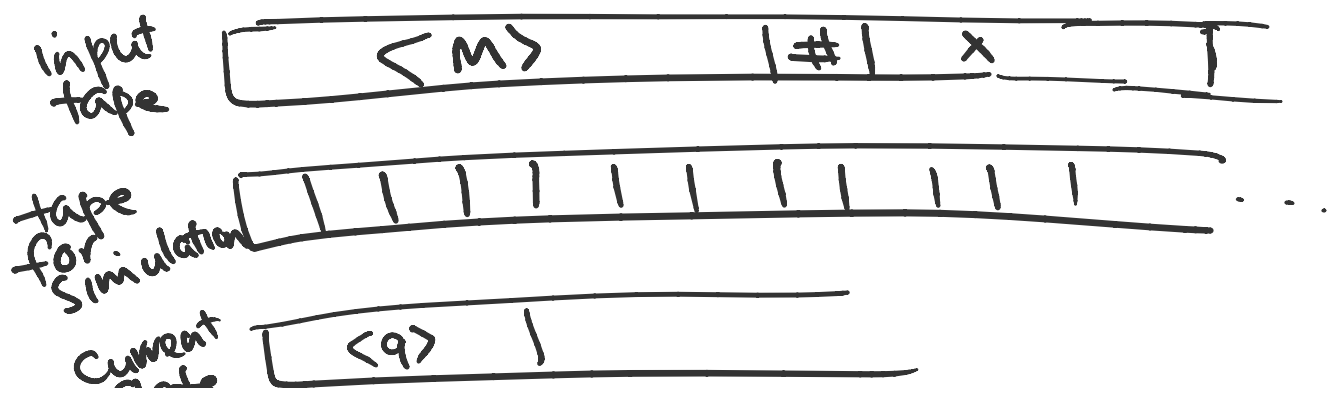
## A Universal TM

a TM that simulates all TMs



"stored-program computer"

let  $\langle M \rangle$  denote code for M



Current State  $\boxed{\langle q \rangle}$

## An Undecidable Problem: Halting

$$L_{\text{halt}} = \{ \langle M \rangle \# x \mid \text{TM } M \text{ halts on input string } x \}$$

(it is r.e.)

Thm (Turing '36)  $L_{\text{halt}}$  is not recursive, i.e. undecidable.

Pr: By contradiction.

Suppose you claim to have a <sup>TM/</sup> program  $M_0$  that solves  $L_{\text{halt}}$ .

I'll construct a counterexample:  $\langle M_{\text{bad}} \rangle \# w_{\text{bad}}$

$M_{\text{bad}}$  is the following program:

On input  $\langle M \rangle$ ,  
run  $M_0$  on  $\langle M \rangle \# \langle M \rangle$   
If  $M_0$  returns yes,  
then go to infinite loop  
else halt.

$$w_{\text{bad}} = \langle M_{\text{bad}} \rangle$$

Case 1.  $M_0$  outputs yes on  $\langle M_{\text{bad}} \rangle \# \langle M_{\text{bad}} \rangle$

$M_{\text{bad}}$  on input  $\langle M_{\text{bad}} \rangle$  goes to infinite loop

So  $M_0$  is wrong!

So  $M_0$  is wrong!

Case 2.  $M_0$  outputs no on  $\langle M_{bad} \rangle \# \langle M_{bad} \rangle$

$M_{bad}$  on input  $\langle M_{bad} \rangle$  halts

So  $M_0$  is wrong!

□

---