## CS 374 Lab 22: Reductions, Undecidabile and Non-R.E. Languages

Date: April 13, 2018.

**Problem 1**. [Category: Proof] For each of the languages below indicate whether it is (a) decidable (a.k.a. recursive), (b) recognizable (a.k.a. recursively enumerable) but not decidable, or (c) not recognizable.

You may use the following facts:

- the language Selfreject =  $\{\langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ does not accept } \langle M \rangle \}$  is not recursively enumerable;
- the language Accept =  $\{\langle M, w \rangle \mid M \text{ accepts } w\}$  is recursively enumerable but not decidable.
- $L_1 = \{ \langle M, w \rangle \mid M \text{ does not halt on input } w \}.$
- $L_2 = \{ \langle M, w, n \rangle \mid M \text{ accepts } w \text{ within } n \text{ steps} \}.$
- $L_3 = \{ \langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ accepts } \langle M \rangle \}.$

**Problem 2.** [Category: Proof] We saw in class that the language ACCEPT =  $\{\langle M, w \rangle \mid M \text{ accepts } w\}$  is undecidable. Use a reduction to argue that the language  $L = \{\langle M_1, M_2, w \rangle \mid \text{ exactly one of } M_1 \text{ and } M_2 \text{ accepts } w\}$  is undecidable.

**Problem 3.** [Category: Proof] Can you show that L from the previous problem is not recognizable? *Hint:* In the previous problem you showed ACCEPT  $\leq_m L$ . Show that  $\overline{\text{ACCEPT}} \leq_m L$  using similar ideas, and then use the fact that  $\overline{\text{ACCEPT}}$  is not recognizable to complete the proof.