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## CS 374 LAB 19: MORE SHORTEST PATHS

Date: March 30, 2018.

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1. Let  $G = (V, E)$  be a directed graph with edge length  $\ell : E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$ . A subset of the edges  $E' \subseteq E$  are considered risky. Describe an algorithm that given  $G = (V, E)$ , the edge lengths  $\ell$ , the risky subset  $E'$ , a node  $s$  and an integer  $h$  finds for each node  $v \in V$  the shortest path distance from  $s$  to  $v$  among all paths that contain at most  $h$  risky edges.
2. Now suppose there are two different types of risky edges: blue and red. Let  $E_1 \subset E$  be the blue risky edges and  $E_2 \subset E$  be the red risky edges. You want to solve the same single-source shortest path problem but now the paths are constrained to use at most  $h_1$  blue risky edges and at most  $h_2$  red risky edges.