Design Turing machines $M=(Q, \Sigma, \Gamma, \delta$, start, accept, reject) for each of the following tasks, either by listing the states $Q$, the tape alphabet $\Gamma$, and the transition function $\delta$ (in a table), or by drawing the corresponding labeled graph.

Each of these machines uses the input alphabet $\Sigma=\{1, \#\}$; the tape alphabet $\Gamma$ can be any superset of $\{1, \#, \square, \triangleright\}$ where $\square$ is the blank symbol and $\triangleright$ is a special symbol marking the left end of the tape. Each machine should reject any input not in the form specified below.

1. On input $1^{n}$, for any non-negative integer $n$, write $1^{n} \# 1^{n}$ on the tape and accept.
2. On input $\#^{n} 1^{m}$, for any non-negative integers $m$ and $n$, write $1^{m}$ on the tape and accept. In other words, delete all the \#s and shift the 1 s to the start of the tape.
3. On input $\# 1^{n}$, for any non-negative integer $n$, write $\# 1^{2 n}$ on the tape and accept. [Hint: Modify the Turing machine from problem 1.]
4. On input $1^{n}$, for any non-negative integer $n$, write $1^{2^{n}}$ on the tape and accept. [Hint: Use the three previous Turing machines as subroutines.]
