## Algorithms \& Models of Computation <br> CS/ECE 374, Fall 2020 <br> 18.1.2 <br> But wait! Things get worse: Negative cycles

## Negative Length Cycles

## Definition 18.2.

A cycle $\boldsymbol{C}$ is a negative length cycle if the sum of the edge lengths of $\boldsymbol{C}$ is negative.


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What is the shortest path distance between $\boldsymbol{s}$ and $\boldsymbol{t}$ ? Reminder: Paths have to be simple...

## Shortest Paths and Negative Cycles

Given $\boldsymbol{G}=(\boldsymbol{V}, \boldsymbol{E})$ with edge lengths and $\boldsymbol{s}, \boldsymbol{t}$. Suppose
(1) $\boldsymbol{G}$ has a negative length cycle $\boldsymbol{C}$, and
(2) $\boldsymbol{s}$ can reach $\boldsymbol{C}$ and $\boldsymbol{C}$ can reach $\boldsymbol{t}$.

Question: What is the shortest distance from $s$ to $t$ ?
Possible answers: Define shortest distance to be:
(1) undefined, that is $-\infty$, OR
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(2) the length of a shortest simple path from $\boldsymbol{s}$ to $\boldsymbol{t}$.

## Really bad new about negative edges, and shortest path...

## Lemma 18.3.

If there is an efficient algorithm to find a shortest simple $\boldsymbol{s} \rightarrow \boldsymbol{t}$ path in a graph with negative edge lengths, then there is an efficient algorithm to find the longest simple $\boldsymbol{s} \rightarrow \boldsymbol{t}$ path in a graph with positive edge lengths.

Finding the $\boldsymbol{s} \rightarrow \boldsymbol{t}$ longest path is difficult. NP-Hard!

## THE END

(for now)

