

Algorithms and Data Structures for Data Science

lab_graph

CS 277

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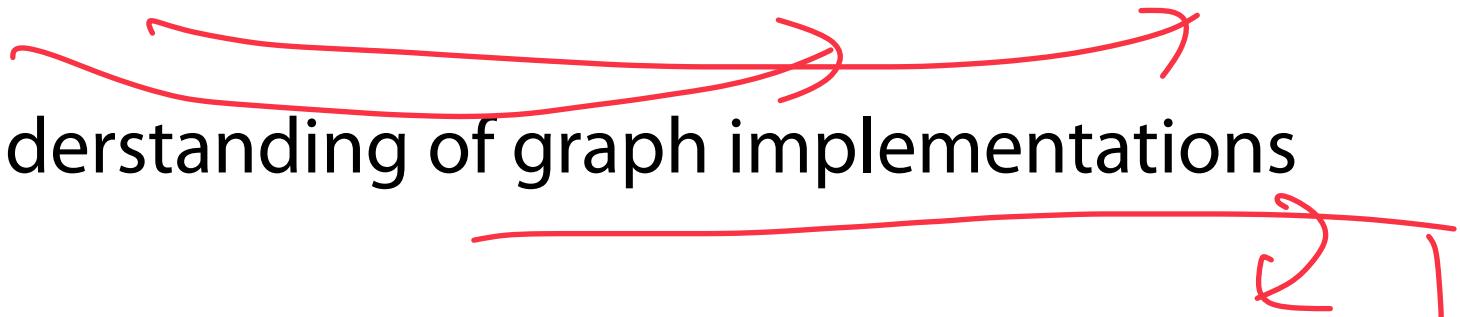
Department of Computer Science

Learning Objectives

Practice coding graph implementations using lists and matrices



Review a conceptual understanding of graph implementations



Compare and contrast the efficiency of edge list and adj matrix



Graph ADT

Find

`getVertices()` — return the list of vertices in a graph

`getEdges(v)` — return the list of edges that touch the vertex v

`areAdjacent(u, v)` — returns a bool based on if an edge from u to v exists

Insert

`insertVertex(v)` — adds a vertex to the graph

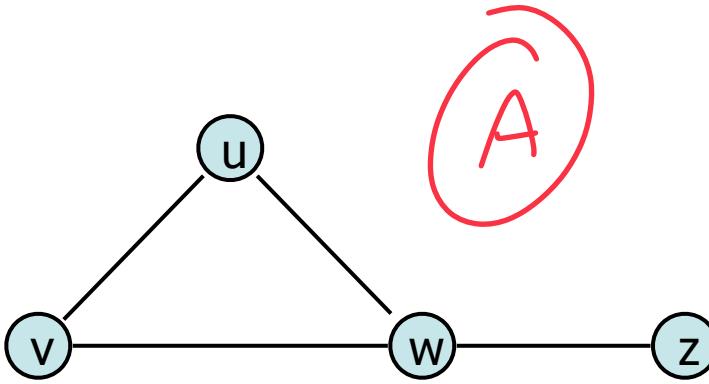
`insertEdge(u, v)` — adds an edge to the graph

Remove

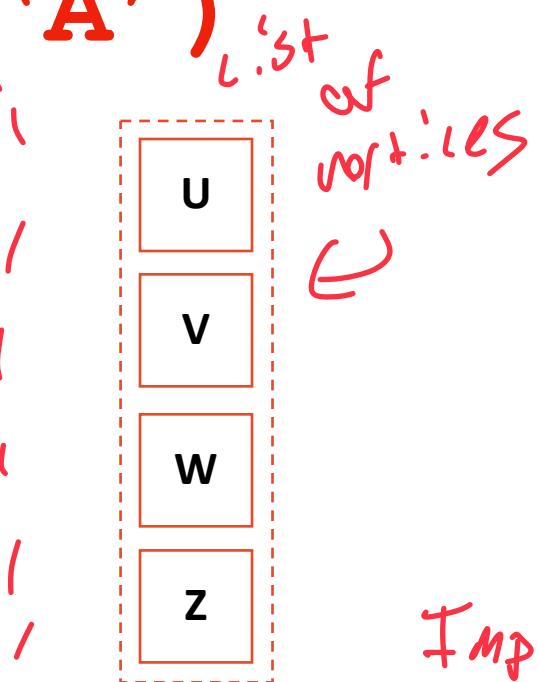
`removeVertex(v)` — removes a vertex from the graph

`removeEdge(u, v)` — removes an edge from the graph

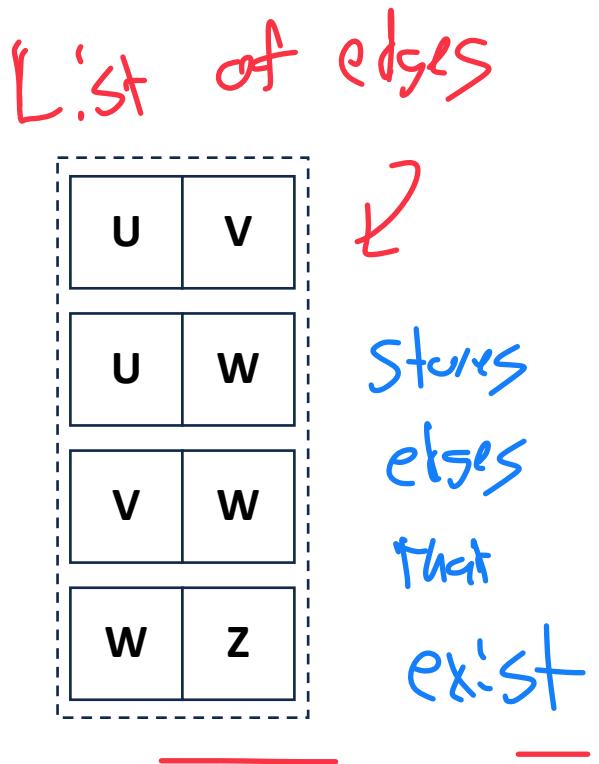
insertVertex ('A')



Picture of graph



Implementation



Stores edges that exist

vtcls.py

↳ class EdgesList

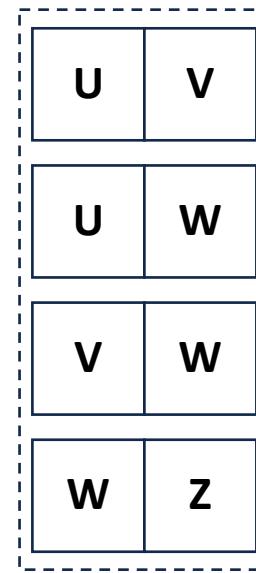
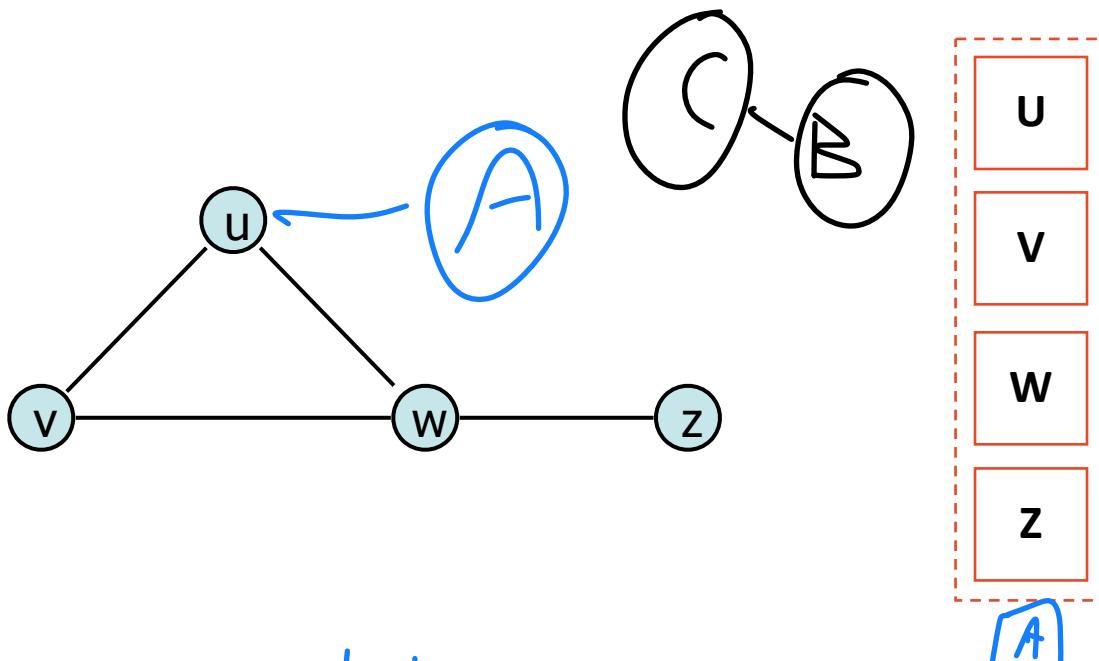
```
self.vertices = []
self.edges = []
```

Add A to list of vertices

el.vertices
↳ input object

insertEdge ('A' , 'u')

(C, B)



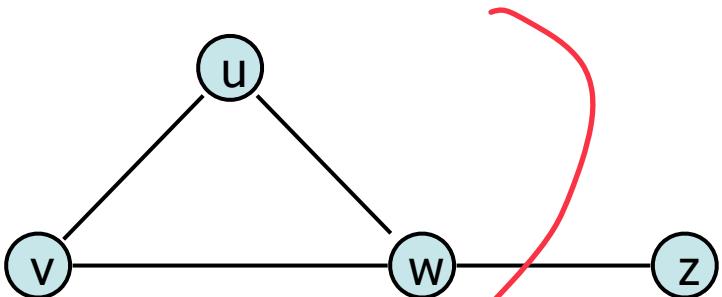
| A | u

exist before)

- 1) Add 'A' to vertex list (Because it didn't exist before)
- 2) Add ('A', 'u') to edge list

insertVertex ('A')

am. vertices



Dictionary \rightarrow

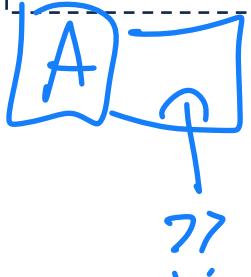
\hookrightarrow look up $d['A']$

\hookrightarrow change / add $d['A'] = \#$
 $d[\text{key}] = \text{val}$

$d.\text{keys}()$ \rightarrow list (u, v, w, z)

change 2

u	0
v	1
w	2
z	3



All edges possible
 $\downarrow 1 = \text{exist}, 0 = \text{No}$

	u	v	w	z	A
u	0	1	1	0	O
v	1	0	1	0	O
w	1	1	0	1	O
z	0	0	1	0	O

A	0	0	0	0	0
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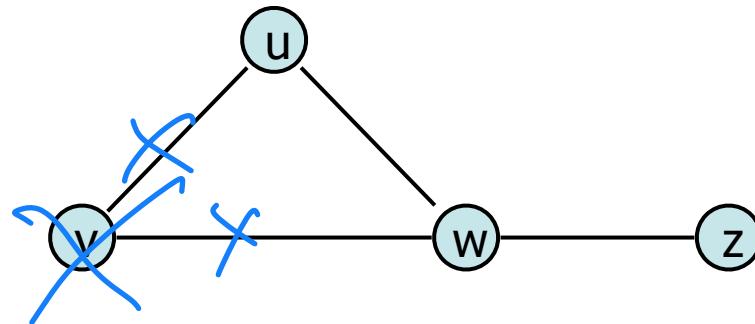
change 3

Does 'A' exist in dictionary?

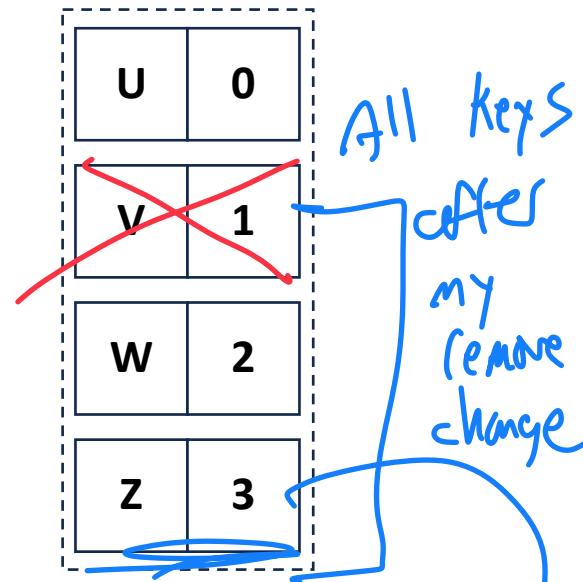
removeVertex ('v')

list.pop(0)

dictionary.pop('v')



1) Remove vertex from vertex dictionary
↳ w/ pop()



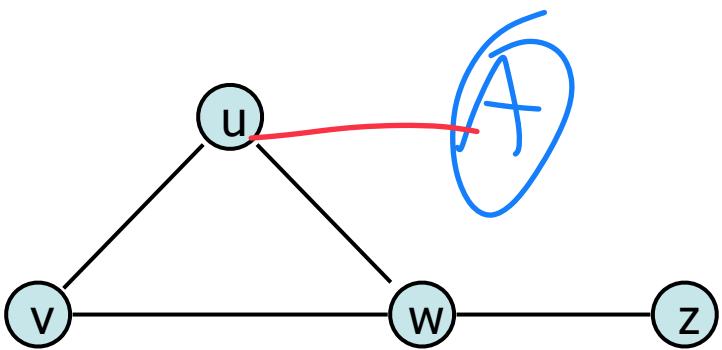
	u	v	w	z
u	0	1	1	0
v	1	0	1	0
w	1	1	0	1
z	0	0	1	0

2) Remove edges → list.pop(0)

3) Collect our vertex dictionary values

0	u	0	1	0
1	v	1	0	1
2	z	0	1	0

insertEdge ('A' , 'u')



u	0
v	1
w	2
z	3

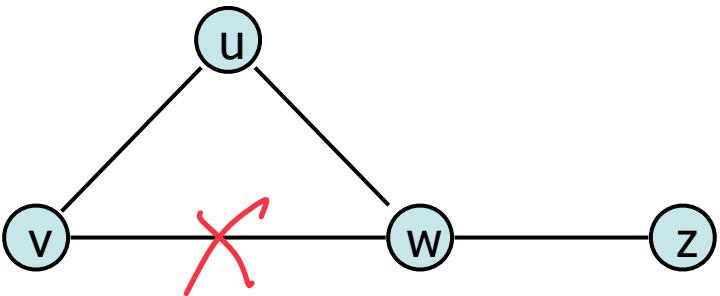
A [] = 1

	u	v	w	z	A
u	0	1	1	0	0
v	1	0	1	0	0
w	1	1	0	1	0
z	0	0	1	0	0

1) If vertex (or vertices) are new, add vertex

2) Set value at $[A][u] = 1$ but also $[u][A] = 1$

removeEdge ('v' , 'w')



u	0
v	1
w	2
z	3

→ → → ↓ ↓

	u	v	w	z
u	0	1	1	0
v	1	0	X 0	0
w	1	X 0	0	1
z	0	0	1	0