



CS 225

Data Structures

Feb. 9 – Stacks and Queues

Wade Fagen-Ulmschneider

```
1 #ifndef LIST_H
2 #define LIST_H
3
4 template <typename T>
5 class List {
6     public:
7         /* ... */
8     private:
9         T * arr;
10        unsigned capacity_; /**< Capacity of array `arr` */
11        unsigned ct_;      /**< Count of data elements stored in `arr` */
12
13 };
14
15 #endif
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
```

Array Implementation

c	s	2	2	5
[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]

Array Implementation

insertAtFront:

C	S	2	2	5
[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]

Resize Strategy – Details



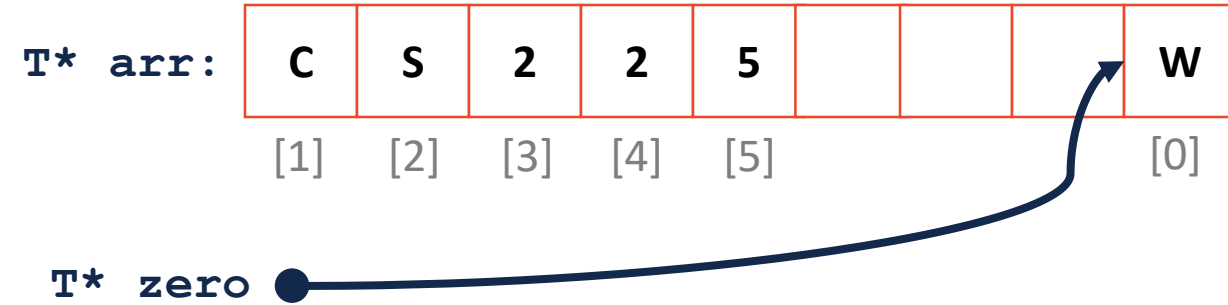
Resize Strategy – Details



Array Implementation

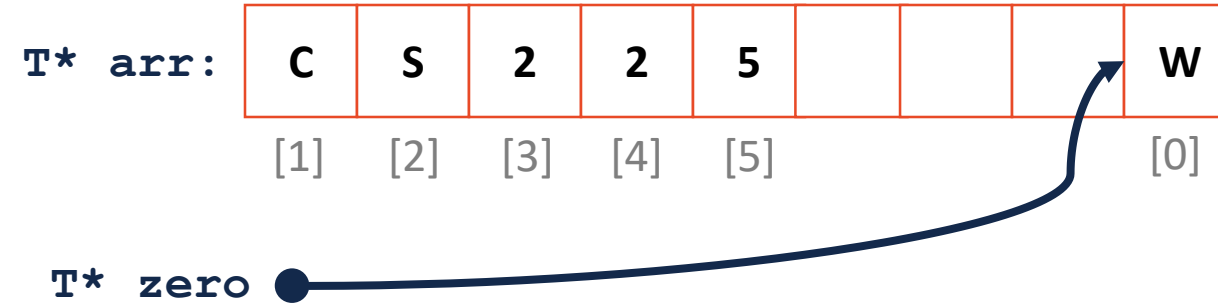
c	s	2	2	5				
[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]				

Array Implementation



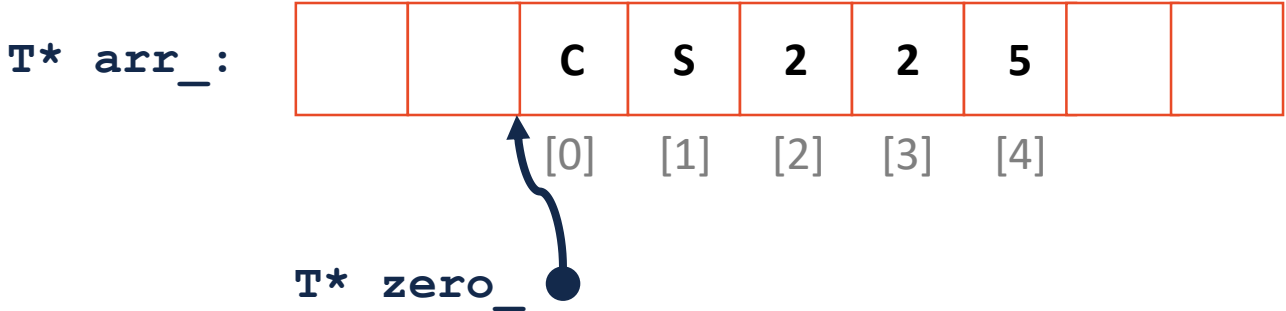
```
21 ListNode *& List::_get(unsigned index) const {  
22  
23 }
```


Array Implementation



```
21 ListNode *& List::_get(unsigned index) const {  
22     return arr_ [ (zero_ - arr_) + index % capacity_ ] ;  
23 }
```

Array Implementation



Array Implementation

	Singly Linked List	Array
Insert/Remove at front		
Insert at given element		
Remove at given element		
Insert at arbitrary location		
Remove at arbitrary location		



MP2 Updates

MP2 Updates

ILLINOIS



MP2 Updates

ILLINOIS



```
All tests passed (14 assertions in 11 test cases)
```



Stack ADT



Queue ADT

Stack Implementation

```
1 #include "Stack.h"
2
3 template <typename T>
4 void Stack::push(T & t) {
5     list_.add(t, 0);
6 }
7
8 template <typename T>
9 T & Stack::pop() {
10    return list_.remove(0);
11 }
12
13 bool Stack::isEmpty() {
14    return list_.isEmpty();
15 }
```

Implications of Design

1.

```
struct ListNode {  
    T & data;  
    ListNode * next;  
    ListNode(T & data) : data(data), next(NULL) { }  
};
```

2.

```
struct ListNode {  
    T * data;  
    ...  
};
```

3.

```
struct ListNode {  
    T data;  
    ...  
};
```

Implications of Design

	Storage by Reference	Storage by Pointer	Storage by Value
Who manages the lifecycle of the data?			
Is it possible for the data structure to store NULL?			
If the data is manipulated by user code while in our data structure, is the change reflected in our data structure?			
Is it possible to store literals?			
Speed			

Data Lifecycle

Storage by reference:

```
1 Sphere s;  
2 myStack.push(s);
```

Storage by pointer:

```
1 Sphere s;  
2 myStack.push(&s);
```

Storage by value:

```
1 Sphere s;  
2 myStack.push(s);
```

Possible to store NULL?

Storage by reference:

```
struct ListNode {  
    T & data;  
    ListNode * next;  
    ListNode(T & data) : data(data), next(NULL) { }  
};
```

Storage by pointer:

```
T ** arr;
```

Storage by value:

```
T * arr;
```

Data Modifications

```
1 Sphere s(1);  
2 myStack.push(s);  
3  
4 s.setRadius(42);  
5  
6 Sphere r = myStack.pop();  
7 // What is r's radius?
```



Speed