

#### Theory Exam 2 - TA Review Session

7:00pm – 9:00pm · Tomorrow, Tuesday, Oct. 8, 2019 Location TBD

## **Binary Search Tree (BST) Finale**

**Q:** How does our data determine the height?

1324576

VS.

4236715

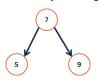
- **Q:** How many different ways are there to insert data into a BST?
- **Q:** What is the average height of every arrangement?

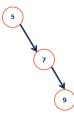
....what's the intuition for this argument?

	BST	BST	Sorted	Sorted List
operation	Avg. Case	Worst Case	Array	
find				
insert				
delete				
traverse				

## **Height Balance on BST**

What tree makes you happier?



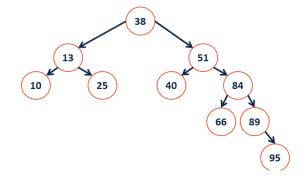


Let us describe the **balance** (**b**) of a BST to be:

- If **b** is negative:
- If **b** is positive:

We define a BST tree T to be **height balanced** if:

A node is considered to be **out of balance** it's not height balanced. What is the lowest node that is out of balance?



# Brining a tree back into balance

Goal: Create a strategy to bring a BST back into balance after an operation has caused the three to be out of balance.

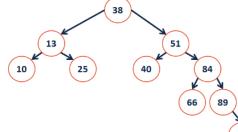
A **Tree Rotation** is an operation that maintains two properties:

1.

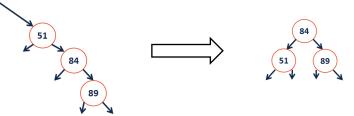
2.

# **Example 1: Defining a Rotation**

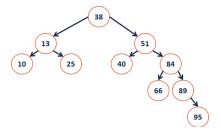
1. Where is the deepest point of imbalance in the tree: →



2. Perform a left rotation to balance this tree:

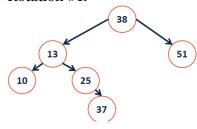


## Implementing a left rotation:



#### **Example 2: A Complex Rotation**

Rotation #1:



Rotation #2:

# **BST Rotation Summary:**

- 1. Four kinds of rotations (L, R, LR, and RL)
- 2. All rotations are local
- 3. All rotations run in constant time, O(1)
- 4. BST property is maintained!

#### **Overall Goal:**

...and we call these trees:

## **CS 225 - Things To Be Doing:**

- 1. Theory Exam 2 starts this Thursday (topic list is online)
- 2. MP3 due tonight; MP4 released on Tuesday
- 3. lab\_huffman released Wednesday
- 4. Daily POTDs