

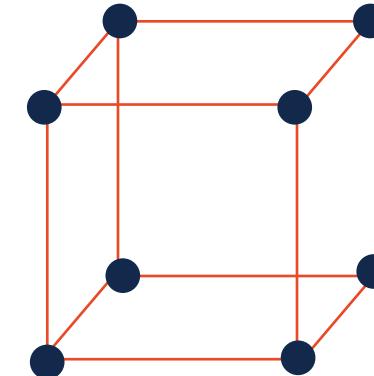
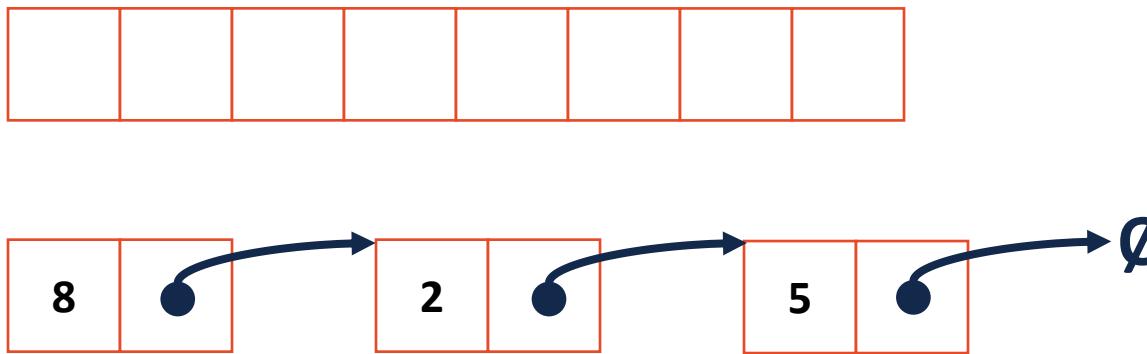
CS 225

Data Structures

Sept. 29 – Functors

Iterators

Iterators give client code access to traverse the data!



Operators:

`operator++`
`operator==`
`operator!=`
`operator=`
`operator*`

Types of iterators:

Forward
Backward
Bidirectional

Queuelter.h

```
1 #ifndef QUEUE_H
2 #define QUEUE_H
3
4 template <class QE>
5 class Queue {
6     public:
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16     private:
17
18
19
20 } ;
21
22 #endif
```

Where does the iterator go?

What additional functions are needed for an iterator?

```
1 #include <list>
2 #include <string>
3 #include <iostream>
4
5 struct Animal {
6     std::string name, food;
7     bool big;
8     Animal(std::string name = "blob", std::string food = "you", bool big = true) :
9         name(name), food(food), big(big) { /* none */ }
10 }
11
12 int main() {
13     Animal g("giraffe", "leaves", true), p("penguin", "fish", false), b("bear");
14     std::list<Animal> zoo;
15
16     zoo.push_back(g);
17     zoo.push_back(p);    // std::list's insertAtEnd
18     zoo.push_back(b);
19
20     for ( std::list<Animal>::iterator it = zoo.begin(); it != zoo.end(); it++ ) {
21         std::cout << (*it).name << " " << (*it).food << std::endl;
22     }
23
24     return 0;
25 }
```

Queue.h

```
4 template <class QE>
5 class Queue {
6     public:
7         class QueueIterator : public std::iterator<std::bidirectional_iterator_tag, T> {
8             public:
9                 QueueIterator(unsigned index);
10                QueueIterator& operator++();
11                bool operator==(const QueueIterator &other);
12                bool operator!=(const QueueIterator &other);
13                QE& operator*();
14                QE* operator->();
15         private:
16     }
17
18
19
20
21
22     private:
23         T* arr_; unsigned capacity_, count_, entry_, exit_;
24
25
26 };
```

Function Objects (aka “Functors”)

Functors are objects that can be called like a function.

1	
2	
3	
4	

Doubler.h

```
1 #ifndef DOUBLER_H
2 #define DOUBLER_H
3
4 class Doubler {
5     public:
6         int operator()(int value);
7 };
8
9 #endif
```

```
1 #include "Doubler.h"
2
3 int Doubler::operator()(int value) {
4     return value * 2;
5 }
```

```
1 template<class Value, class Modifier>
2 Value modify(Value value, Modifier modifier) {
3     return modifier(value);
4 }
```

```
11 Doubler d;
12 Tripler t;
13 int value = 4;
14 modify<int, Doubler>(value, d);
15 modify<int, Tripler>(value, t);
```

```
1 template<class Iter, class Formatter>
2 void print(Iter first, Iter second, Formatter printer) {
3     while ( first != second ) {
4         printer( *first );
5         first++;
6     }
7 }
```

This is a function called _____ whose inputs are
two _____ and a _____.

This function appears to:

```
1 #include <list>
2 #include <string>
3 #include <iostream>
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5 struct Animal {
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7     bool big;
8     Animal(std::string name = "blob", std::string food = "you", bool big = true) :
9         name(name), food(food), big(big) { /* none */ }
10 }
11
12 int main() {
13     Animal g("giraffe", "leaves", true), p("penguin", "fish", false), b("bear");
14     std::list<Animal> zoo;
15
16     zoo.push_back(g);
17     zoo.push_back(p);    // std::list's insertAtEnd
18     zoo.push_back(b);
19
20     for ( std::list<Animal>::iterator it = zoo.begin(); it != zoo.end(); it++ ) {
21         std::cout << (*it).name << " " << (*it).food << std::endl;
22     }
23
24     return 0;
25 }
```

Trees

CS 225 – Things To Be Doing

Exam 4 (Programming/MP2) starts tomorrow!

More Info: <https://courses.engr.illinois.edu/cs225/fa2017/exams/>

MP3: Available now!

Up to +7 extra for submission by Monday, Oct. 2!

Lab: lab_quacks due Sunday, Oct 1!

Fun lab!

POTD

Every Monday-Friday – *Worth +1 Extra Credit /problem (up to +40 total)*