## **NP** Part a: EXP, P, and NP

lan Ludden



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- Know that the Tower of Hanoi puzzle has been proved to require exponential time.
- Define EXP, P, and NP.
- Know that problems in NP can be solved in exponential time, but it's not known whether they can all be solved in polynomial time.

• How hard is a given problem, i.e., what is its *computational complexity*?

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#### Definition

The complexity class **EXP** (short for *exponential time*) is the set of all problems that can be solved in exponential\* time in the input size (or faster).

 $O(2^{n})$  for some polynomial p(n)  $O(4^{n}) = O((2^{n}))$ 

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The complexity class **P** (short for *polynomial time*) is the set of all problems that can be solved in polynomial\* time in the input size (or faster).

## What is NP?

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### Definition

The complexity class **NP** (short for *nondeterministic polynomial time*) is the set of all *decision* problems for which you can verify the answer is "yes" in polynomial time given a proof/witness/certificate.

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### Example 1: Graph Coloring

Given a graph *G* and integer *k*, does *G* have a proper coloring with *k* colors?



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# NP, continued

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# NP, continued

### Theorem

$$P \subseteq NP \subseteq EXP$$

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$$P \subseteq NP \colon P \subseteq NP \colon ighove proof, solve obviselves$$

$$NP \subseteq EXP! \quad Gness \quad the proof / witness$$

$$P = NP? \quad f \colon V \rightarrow \{R, G, B\}$$

$$P \neq NP? \quad O\left(3^{h} \cdot m\right)$$

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### NP, continued

#### Theorem

 $\mathsf{P}\subseteq\mathsf{NP}\subseteq\mathsf{EXP}$ 

### Example 2: Vertex Cover

Given a graph G and integer k, does G have a vertex cover of size k?

Vertex CONVERSEV is a V.C. iff YeeE, e has an endpoint in S. Friend Sis a VC. } Ochack | 5 | 5 k (2) Check S is a V.C.

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### More Problems in NP

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### Example 3: Independent Set

Given a graph *G* and integer *k*, does *G* have an independent set of size *k*?

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#### Example 4: Circuit SAT

Given a Boolean circuit, is there an assignment to the inputs that makes the output true/1?



Proof the assignment O(n)

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$$P \stackrel{\circ}{=} NP \stackrel{\circ}{\longrightarrow} P \stackrel{\circ}{=} NP$$