Name: $\qquad$
NetID:
Lecture: A B

Discussion: |  | Thursday | Friday | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$.

2. (5 points) Suppose that $S$ is the set of all binary strings (i.e. finite sequences of 1's and 0's). Suppose that $\sim$ is the relation on $S$ where $a \sim b$ if and only if $a$ and $b$ contain the same number of 1's. For example, $0101 \sim 1000001$. List three members of [111].
3. (5 points) Let $T$ be the relation defined on set of pairs $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^{2}$ such that $(x, y) T(p, q)$ if and only if $x \leq p$ or $y \leq q$. Is $T$ antisymmetric? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$.


Reflexive: $\quad \square$ Irreflexive: Symmetric: $\square$ Antisymmetric: $\square$
Transitive: $\square$
2. (5 points) A relation is a partial order if it has which three properties? (Naming the properties is sufficient. You don't have to define them.)
3. (5 points) Suppose that $R$ is a relation on the integers such that $x R y$ for all integers $x$ and $y$. Is $R$ an equivalence relation?

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$.

2. (5 points) Let's define the relation $\sim$ on $\mathbb{N}^{3}$ such that $(x, y, z) \sim(p, q, r)$ if and only $(x, y, z)=\alpha(p, q, r)$ for some integer $\alpha$. List three members of $[(1,2,3)]$ List three elements that are related to $(1,2,3)$ in either direction.
3. (5 points) Suppose that $R$ is the relation on the set of integers such that $a R b$ if and only if $|a-b| \leq 13$ Is $R$ transitive? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$.

2. (5 points) Let $R$ be the relation on the integers such that $x R y$ if and only if $\lfloor x / 4\rfloor=\lfloor y / 4\rfloor$. List the values in [8].
3. (5 points) Let $T$ be a reflexive relation defined on the integers. Let $S$ be the relation on the integers such that $a S b$ if and only if there is an integer $k$ such that $a T k$ and $k T b$. Is $S$ reflexive? (I.e. is $S$ reflexive for any reflexive relation $T$ ?) Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$.

2. (5 points) Can a relation be irreflexive, symmetric, and also transitive? Either give such a relation or briefly explain why it's not possible to construct one.
3. (5 points) Suppose that $R$ is a relation on the integers such $x R y$ if and only if $x=y$. Is $R$ a partial order?

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$.

2. (5 points) Suppose that $R$ is a relation on a set $A$. Using precise mathematical words and notation, define what it means for $R$ to be symmetric.
3. (5 points) Let $T$ be the relation defined on $\mathbb{N}$ such that $a T b$ if and only if $a=b+2 k$ for some natural number $k$. Is $T$ antisymmetric? Informally explain why it is, or give a concrete counter-example showing that it is not.

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$.

2. (5 points) Let's define the equivalence relation $\sim$ on $\mathbb{N}^{3}$ such that $(x, y, z) \sim(p, q, r)$ if and only $x+y+z=p+q+r$. List three members of $[(1,2,3)]$.
3. (5 points) Suppose that $R$ is a relation on the integers such $x R y$ if and only if $x y=1$ for all integers $x$ and $y$. Is $R$ a partial order?

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1. (5 points) Check all boxes that correctly characterize this relation on the set $\{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$.

2. (5 points) A relation is an equivalence relation if it has which three properties? (Naming the properties is sufficient. You don't have to define them.)
3. (5 points) Suppose that $\succeq$ is the relation between subsets of the integers such that $A \succeq B$ if and only if $A-B \neq \emptyset$. ( $A$ and $B$ are sets of integers, so $A-B$ is a set difference.) Is $\succeq$ transitive? Informally explain why it's true or give a concrete counter-example.
