



CS196 

Microsoft Azure Workshop

Getting Started with Microsoft Azure
Hands on Tutorial

Swag, including a raffle for a Razer bundle worth \$120 and including a mechanical keyboard, gaming mouse, gaming mouse pad, and overear headphones

7pm TONIGHT! (2/27)
Siebel 0216



Microsoft

C++ File Structure and Intro to the STL

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C Variable Definitions

```
int i = 0;  
double radius = 6.5;  
const double kPi = 3.14159;  
int students_per_lecture[] = {155,121};  
char *program_name = argv[0];
```

```
std::vector<double> grade_cutoffs = {0.9,0.8,0.7};  
Monster cs126_prof;  
Room dcl_1320;
```

C++ function definitions and declarations

Function Declarations

```
int TimesTwo(int x);
```

Function Definitions

```
int TimesTwo(int x) {  
    return x * 2;  
}
```

C++ File Structure

Two file types

- `.cpp`
 - This is the file type that contains the definitions and code.
- `.h`
 - This is the file type that contains declarations.

Using header files

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "libmult.h"
```

Writing Header Files

```
#ifndef LIBMULT_H  
#define LIBMULT_H  
  
//declarations here  
  
#endif
```

C++ Bool and Bool Expression

- **bool**
 - fundamental type this will hold either **true** or **false**
- **true**
 - This has the value of 1
- **false**
 - This has the value of 0
- A nonzero value will be coerced to **true**
- A zero value will be coerced to **false**

Standard Loops in C++

```
while(boolexpr){  
    body  
}
```

```
for(intitalize; boolexpr; reloop){  
    body  
}
```

```
for(range_decl : range_expr){  
    body  
}
```

```
do{  
    body  
}while(boolexpr)
```

Standard Branching

```
if(boolexpr) {  
  
} else if (boolexpr) {  
  
} else {  
  
}
```

C++ Strings

- C – strings
 - C++ being based on C supports C style strings using **char ***
 - A pointer to an array of bytes terminated by a null byte
- <string>
 - This class provides a modern **string** interface to replace the C style strings
 - **string1 == string2** compares strings not pointers via overloading
 - Supports modification using methods including **insert**, **erase**, and **push_back**
 - Supports STL interfaces

C++ Libraries – I/O

- `<iostream>`
 - `cout << "thing to print";`
 - Prints all the fundamental types
 - Prints **string** variables
 - Can be extended to print other types
 - `cin >> variable;`
 - Reads input from standard input
 - Parses all fundamental types
 - Spaces separate different inputs
 - Will read words into **string** variables
 - White space separates inputs and input is read with enter

C++ STL

- The Standard Template Library
 - C++ library parameterized by types similar to Java generics
 - Containers
 - Iterators
 - Algorithms
 - Functions

C++ Libraries – Variable Length Arrays

- `<vector>`

C++ Libraries – Dictionary or Associative Array

- `<map>` or `<unordered_map>`