

C++ Inheritance

grab handout!

Quick advertisement!

- We're looking to hire additional CS 126 moderators for next semester!
 - We pay!
 - Looks good on a resume!
 - It is a great way to get to know faculty!
 - Good for future letters of recommendation / references
 - Get to know cool members of course staff!

Destructors, cont.

- Syntax: `~Type();`
- Called under two circumstances:
 ■ When you delete a heap-allocated object
 ■ When a stack allocated object goes out of scope *implicit*
- A default is provided by the compiler (that does nothing)

Automatic functions

- **Created for you by the compiler**
 - Default (0-argument) constructor
 - Copy constructor
 - Assignment operator
 - Destructor
- You can over-ride the definition of any of these functions

rule of three

The problem with Expression code, so far

Adding an abstract base class

```
namespace cs126 {  
    class Expression {  
public:  
    virtual double evaluate() const = 0;  
};  
}
```

explicitly
label virtual

abstract

```
namespace cs126 {  
    class ExpressionValue : public Expression {  
public ...  
    virtual double evaluate() const override {  
        ...  
        return value_;  
    }  
}
```

completely
optional

must
match

merely, check
for types.

Different possibilities for base class code

virtual double evaluate() const = 0;

in Expression

1  double evaluate() const = 0;

2  virtual double evaluate() const { return 4; }

3  double evaluate() const { return 4; }

Expression *expr = new Expression();

cout << expr->evaluate() << endl;

- A) doesn't compile
- B) 4
- C) 11

Different possibilities for base class code

1 virtual double evaluate() const = 0;

~~double evaluate() const = 0;~~

3 virtual double evaluate() const { return 4; }

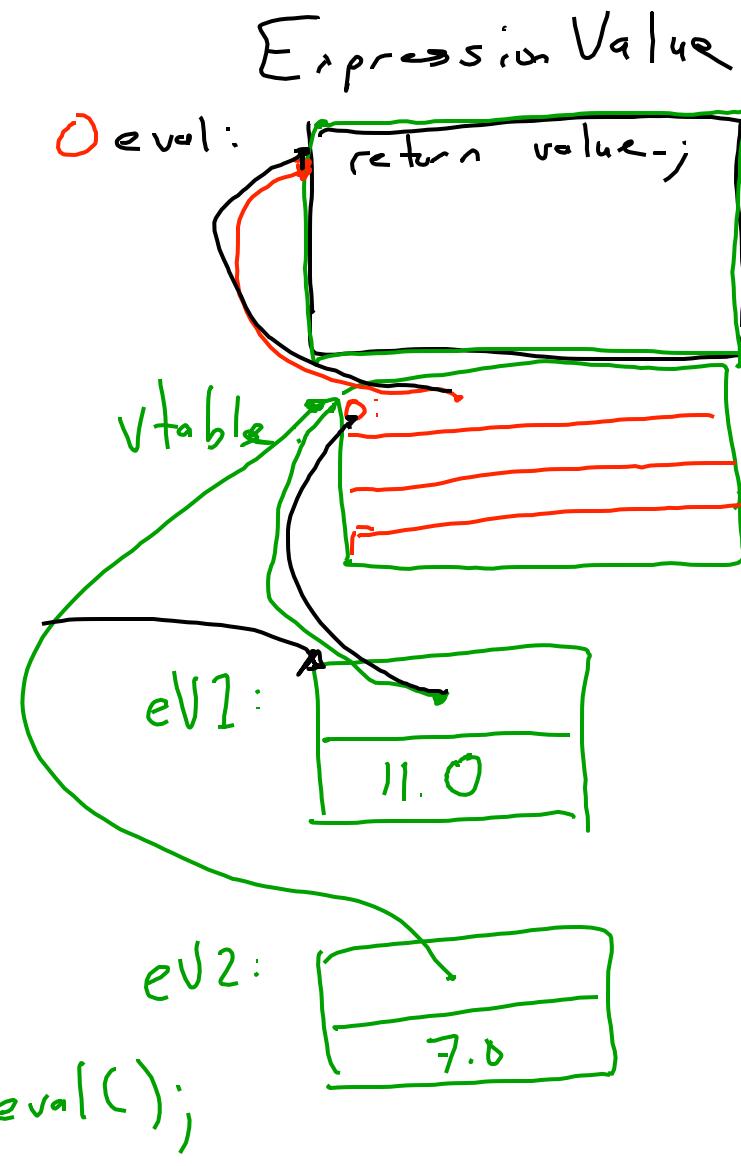
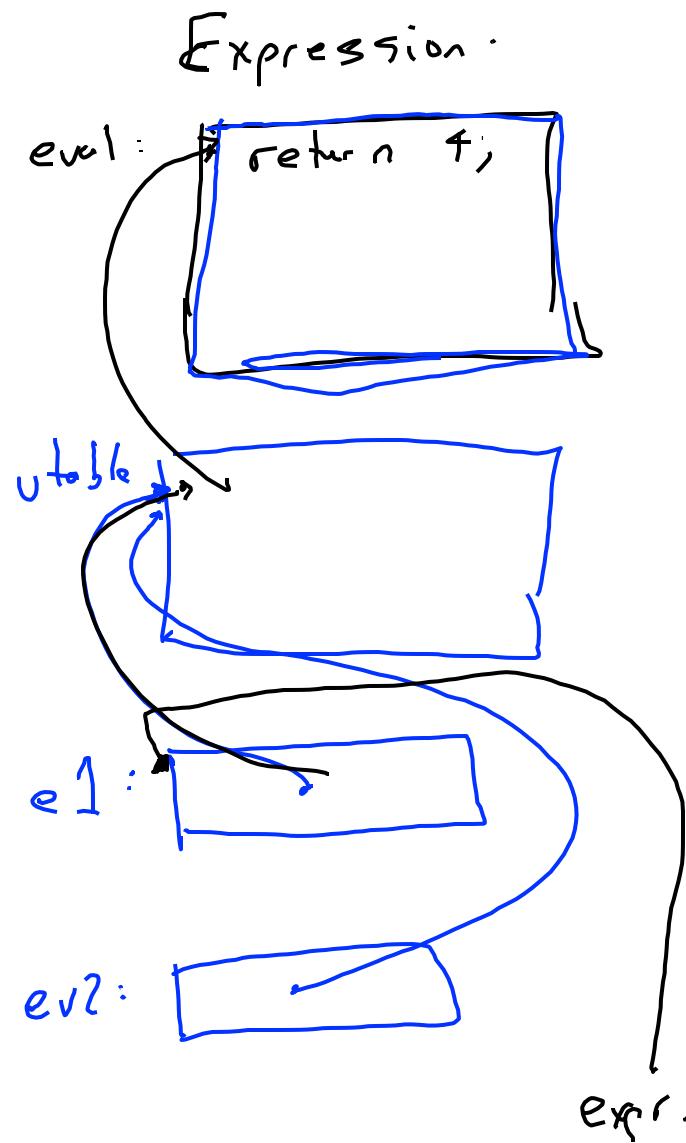
4 double evaluate() const { return 4; }

Expression *expr = new ExpressionValue(11.0);

cout << expr->evaluate() << endl;

- expression
- A) doesn't compile
 - B) 4
 - C) 11

How does it know which version to run?



Handling more complex objects

- With pointers/references to other objects
 - Copy constructor
 - Assignment operator
 - destructor

clone() design pattern

- A function we can call on an object to reproduce itself
 - Using virtual functions we don't need to know what it is

Expression *clone() const;