# **Android Pre-requisites 2**

### **Unix commands**

### Getting help

- Use "—help" flag when running command
- Type "man command"

#### Hidden files

Begin with .

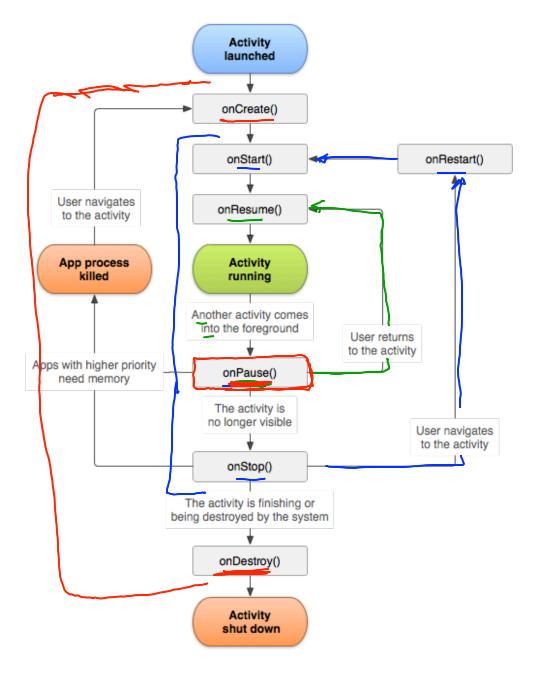
touch updates timestample or creates file if no file exists

### Globbing

- You can use an asterisk (\*) in file names as a wild card
- You can use square brackets for possible options
  - [abc]\* is all files that begin with a, b, or c

## **Activity Lifecycle**

- Android devices are resource constrained
  - Limited memory, limited battery
- Use a fundamentally different than normal programs
  - At any time, phone can kill "running" applications
  - Later, restart them where they left off
- Activities are the building block of applications
  - Every screen of a mobile app is a different activity
  - Only one activity is active is running at a time



# **Activity Lifecycle**

#### 3 Lifetimes:

- Entire
  - onDestroy: Free resources
- Visible
  - onStop: Stop updating screen
- Foreground
  - Has user input focus
  - onPause called on device sleep or when dialog appears
- Note: onPause is the last call you are guaranteed to receive before being destroyed.

### **Context Object**

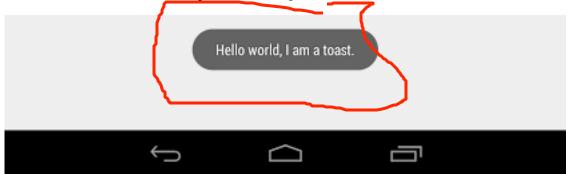
- An app has application state/environment data and resources
  - E.g., assets, resources, package manager, preferences
  - It needs access to these to perform some operations

#### Android organizes these in a Context object

- Context is an abstract base class
- Activity, Service, etc. isA Context
- You will mostly use the Context indirectly
  - E.g., pass it as an argument to other function calls

### **Toasts**

Messages that are temporarily drawn over the UI



- Useful for user notifications and during development
- Toast.makeText(view.getContext(),

"Hello world, I am a toast",

Toast.LENGTH\_LONG).show();

easy to torget