CS 105

Happy Birthday!

Happy Birthday!

Probability that somebody in this room has a birthday today:

Happy Birthday!

Probability that somebody in this room has a birthday today:

66.601%

Happy Birthday! Take a random person.

That person has exactly one birthday.

All possible birthdays: 365.25

Happy Birthday! Probability of a random person having a birthday today:



Happy Birthday! Probability of a random person not having a birthday today:

> 364.25 365.25

= 0.997262

Happy Birthday! Probability of <u>n</u> random people <u>not</u> having a birthday today :

(0.997262)ⁿ

Happy Birthday! Probability of <u>400</u> random people <u>not</u> having a birthday today:

(0.997262)400

Happy Birthday! Probability of <u>400</u> random people <u>not</u> having a birthday today:

0.33399

Happy Birthday! Probability of <u>at least one</u> of the 400 random people <u>having</u> a birthday today:

1-0.33399

Happy Birthday! Probability of <u>at least one</u> of the 400 random people <u>having</u> a birthday today:

0.66601

Happy Birthday! Probability of <u>at least one</u> of the 400 random people <u>having</u> a birthday today:

66.601%

What Will We Do Today? Answer a few questions

Continue the iClicker experiment

Look at some random stuff

Play with pivot tables

Housekeeping Exam

Conflict Exam

Plagiarism

iClicker Experiment

iClicker Experiment Throughout the lecture, update me on how you're doing

iClicker Experiment Throughout the lecture, update me on how you're doing

- A "I'm really happy right now. This is easy"
- B "That totally makes sense when I think about it"
- C "This is challenging, but I can do it"
- D "I am pretty confused"
- E "I really wish I weren't here right now"

How Random

=RAND()

How Random =RAND()

returns a pseudo-random value

How Random =RAND()

returns a pseudo-random value

0 <= RAND <= 1

we often need whole numbers

we often need whole numbers

=ROUND(RAND(),0)

we often need whole numbers

=ROUND(RAND(),0)

Either 0 or 1

Sometimes One Isn't Enough

Sometimes One Isn't Enough

What if you have four choices?

=ROUND(3*RAND(),0)

=ROUND(3*RAND(),0)

=ROUND(3*RAND(),0)

Always 0, 1, 2 or 3

There's got to be an easier way!

There's got to be an easier way!

There Is.

There's got to be an easier way!

There Is.

=RANDBETWEEN(1,4)

There's got to be an easier way!

There Is.

=RANDBETWEEN(1,4)

There's got to be an easier way!

There Is.

=RANDBETWEEN(1,4)

Always 1, 2, 3 or 4

Let's Review SUM COUNT AVERAGE **VLOOKUP** INDEX RAND Ranges Linear Search **Binary Search**

SUMIFS COUNTIFS AVERAGEIFS IF MATCH RANDBETWEEN **Relative References Absolute References Nested Formulas**

Wow! We Made It!



But before you go.....

Well Done!



But before you go.....

One More Question Today's Lecture Was

a) Amazing
b) Nice
c) Like Any Other
d) Not So Great
e) Horrible!